ANNUAL REPORT 2017









Contents

Company Information	/ 02
Our Vision & Our Mission	/ 03
Code of Conduct	/ 04
Company Profile	/ 05
Directors' Profile	/ 06
Notice of the Thirty Six Annual General Meeting	/ 14
Horizontal Analysis of Balance Sheet & Income Statement	/ 16
Vertical Analysis of Balance Sheet & Income Statement	17
Key Financial Data	/ 18
Shareholders' Information	/ 19
Categories of Shareholding	/ 23
Pattern of Shareholding	/ 24
Chairman Review	/ 25
Chairman Review in Urdu	/ 26
Directors' Report	/ 27
Graphical Presentation	/ 33
Directors' Report in Urdu	/ 44
Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurer	45
Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Best Practices of the Code of Corporate Governance	/ 49
Auditors' Report to the Members	/ 50

Finacial Statments

Balance Sheet	/ 52
Profit & Loss Account	/ 54
Statement of Comprehensive Income	/ 55
Statement of Changes in Equity	/ 56
Statement of Cash Flows	/ 57
Statement of Premiums	/ 59
Statement of Claims	/ 60
Statement of Expenses	/ 61
Statement of Investment Income	/ 62
Notes to the Financial Statements	63

Reliance Window Takaful Operations

Independent Reasonable Assurance Report to the Board of Directors on the Statement of Management's Assessment of Compliance with the Shari'ah Principles	/ 96
Shari'ah Advisor's Report to the Board of Directors	/98
Auditor's Report to the Members	/99
Balance Sheet	/ 100
Profit & Loss Account	/ 102
Statement of Comprehensive Income	/ 103
Statement of Changes In Fund	104
Statement of Cash Flows	105
Statement of Contribution	/ 106
Statement of Claims	107
Statement of Expenses - Participants' Takaful Fund	/ 108
Statement of Expenses - Operators' Fund	/ 109
Statement of Investment Income	/ 110
Notes to the Financial Statements	/ 111
Offices	/ 125

Company Information



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CHAIRMAN ISMAIL H. ZAKARIA

DIRECTORS

A. AZIZ AYOOB IRFAN ZAKARIA BAWANY MUHAMMAD OMAR BAWANY ZOHAIR ZAKARIA AHMED ALI BAWANY NOOR M. ZAKARIA HAMZA OMAR BAWANY MUHAMMAD IQBAL

CHIEF EXECUTIVE & MANAGING DIRECTOR

A. RAZAK AHMED

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT AND COMPANY **SECRETARY**

HAROON A. SHAKOOR

AUDIT COMMITTEE

MUHAMMAD OMAR BAWANY CHAIRMAN IRFAN ZAKARIA BAWANY MEMBER ZOHAIR ZAKARIA **MFMBFR** MUHAMMAD IQBAL **MEMBER**

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

IRFAN ZAKARIA BAWANY CHAIRMAN **ZOHAIR ZAKARIA MEMBER MEMBER** AHMED ALI BAWANY A. RAZAK AHMED **MEMBER** HAROON A. SHAKOOR **SECRETARY**

ETHICS. HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

ZOHAIR ZAKARIA CHAIRMAN IRFAN ZAKARIA BAWANY MEMBER A. RAZAK AHMED **MEMBER**

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

GHULAM HAIDER

CREDIT RATING

A (SINGLE A) BY JCR-VIS **OUTLOOK "POSITIVE"**

AUDITORS

KRESTON HYDER BHIMJI & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

LEGAL ADVISOR

ABDUL SATTAR PINGAR

SHARI'AH ADVISOR

MUFTI MUHAMMAD FARHAN FAROOQ

BANKERS

HABIB BANK LIMITED MCB BANK LIMITED ALLIED BANK LIMITED SONERI BANK LIMITED BANK ALFALAH LIMITED NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN MEEZAN BANK LIMITED DUBAI ISLAMIC BANK MCB ISLAMIC BANK LIMITED UNITED BANK LIMITED THE BANK OF PUNJAB FAYSAL BANK LIMITED HABIB METROPOLITAN BANK LIMITED JS BANK LIMITED

REGISTERED OFFICE

96-A. Sindhi Muslim Co-operative Housing Society, Karachi.

HEAD OFFICE

Reliance Insurance House, 181-A, Sindhi Muslim Co-operative Housing Society, P.O. Box No. 13356, Karachi-74400.

Phone: 34539415-17 Fax: 92-21-34539412

E-mail: reli-ins@cyber.net.pk ric-re@cvber.net.pk Website: www.relianceins.com

SHARES REGISTRAR

M/s. C&K Management Associates (Pvt.) Ltd. 404-Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Hotel Metropole, Karachi-75530. Tel: (021) 35687839 & 35685930

Our Vision

To be recognized as a professional and dependable business entity committed to play a meaningful role in the development of insurance industry in Pakistan and to safeguard the legitimate interests of all stakeholders, namely policy-holders, share-holders, reinsurers, employees and all other business associates / partners.

Our Mission

To provide quality service and protection to its clients aiming at achieving a respectable volume of business and become a prominent player through good governance and sound professionalism focusing to become a well-known and respected Corporate entity in the eyes of Society and Government.

Code of Conduct

Reliance Insurance Company Limited is engaged in general insurance business with the objective to achieve sustainable productivity, profitability and high standards of service The Company solemnly believes in the application of business ethics as have been embodied in this document.

- The credibility, goodwill and repute earned over the years can be maintained through continued conviction in our corporate values of honesty, justice, integrity and respect for people. The Company strongly promotes trust, openness, teamwork and professionalism in its entire business activities.
- The Company conducts its business in accordance with all applicable laws and Regulations.
- RICL recognizes following obligations, which need to be discharged with best efforts, commitment and efficiency:
- Safeguarding of shareholders' interest and a suitable return on equity.
- Service to customers / policyholders by providing products, which offer value in terms of price, quality, safety and honest and fair dealing with people and organization.
- Respect human right, provide congenial working environment, offer competitive terms of employment, develop human resource and be an equal opportunity employer.
- Seek mutually beneficial business relationship with policyholders, business development staff / officers, investment partners and Banks.
- The Company believes that profit is essential for business survival. It is a measure of efficiency and the value that the customer place on services provided by the Company.
- The Company requires honesty and fairness in all aspect of its business and in its relationships with all those with whom it does business. The direct or indirect offer, payment, soliciting and accepting of bribe in any form are undesirable.
- The Company requires all its employees to essentially avoid conflict of interest between private financial activities and their professional role in the conduct of Company business.
- The Company does not support any political party or contributes funds to group having political interests. The Company will however, promote its legitimate business interests through trade associations.
- The Company, consistent with its priority, has the approach for protecting the health and safety of employees at the work-place.
- All employees are duty-bound to make business decisions in the best interest of the Company and not based on their personal interest and are obliged to protect all the assets including software and use all such properties for the exclusive benefit of the Company only.
- The Company is committed to observe laws of Pakistan and is fully aware of its social responsibility. It would assist the community in activities such as training programs, skills development and employment within the parameters of its commercial objectives.
- The Company supports free market system. It seeks to compete fairly and ethically within the framework of applicable competition laws in the country. The Company will not stop others from competing freely with it.
- In view of the critical importance of its business and impact on national economy, the Company provides all relevant information about its activities to legitimate interested parties, subject to any overriding constraints of confidentiality and cost. The members of RICL are forbidden to pass on inside information at any time or to any other person inside or outside the Company.

Company Profile

Reliance Insurance Company Limited, was incorporated in Pakistan in the year 1981 with a Share Capital of Rs. 5.0 Million by two Leading Industrial Houses of Pakistan, namely (i) Al-Noor Group and (ii) Amin Bawany Group, Al-Noor Group is headed by renowned industrialist Mr. Ismail H.Zakaria, who is also the Chairman of Reliance Insurance, while Amin Bawany Group is headed by Mr. Mohammed Amin Ahmed Bawany (now late), who is also the Director of Reliance Insurance. Both the groups having successfully implemented a number of projects are the reputed industrial groups of Pakistan.

RICL underwrites all classes of General Insurance and enjoys reputation second to none. Apart from the traditional covers such as Fire, Accident Motor, Marine (Import & Exports), Loss of Profits, Personal Accident, Group Hospitalization, Work-Compensation, men's Burglary, Cash-in-Safe or in Transit etc., it also transacts non-traditional covers such as Machinery Breakdown. Loss of Profits following Machinery Breakdown. Terrorism, Contractors All Risks, Erection All Risks, Bonds, Products liability, Director's and Officer's liability, Aviation and the like.

The Company's results have been consist-

ently improving yielding handsome results. The Present Authorised Capital of the Company is Rs. 750 Million while Paid-up Capital has increased 561.412 million. General Reserve to Rs. 250 million & the Shareholders' equity to Rs.791.262 million.

Reliance is one of the leading General Insurance Company of Pakistan having a network of 23 Branches at all important places throughout Pakistan employing a full time work force of 198 persons.

Since its establishment Reliance has progressed smoothly and steadily. Its Gross Premium Income has increased from Rs. One Million in 1983 to Rs.1230.175 million (inclusive of Takaful Contribution) at the end of the year 2017 and the Technical Reserves at Rs. 739,388 million.

RICL has an excellent Treaty Reinsurance arrangements under the lead of world's renowned reinsurer namely Swiss Re, having handsome automatic Capacity.

JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company an affiliate of Japan Credit Rating Agency has assigned Insurers Financial Strength Rating (IFS) at A (Single A). Outlook on the assigned Rating is "Positive".

Directors' Profile



Ismail H. Zakaria - Chairman

Mr. Ismail H. Zakaria is Chairman of the Board of Directors of Reliance Insurance Company Limited since its inception. He has diversified experience of over forty five years covering various industrial, commercial and financial sectors. He is also Chairman of First Al Noor Modaraba, Shahmurad Sugar Mills Limited, and Managing Director Al Noor Sugar Mills Limited. The depth of knowledge and breadth of experience of Mr. Ismail H. Zakaria is an invaluable asset and a guiding force to the Board of Reliance Insurance.



A. Aziz Ayoob - Director

Mr. A. Aziz Ayoob is a Non-Executive Director since 1995. Mr. A. Aziz Ayoob is a graduate having over 45 years of diversified industrial and commercial experience in various fields. He is also a Director on the Board of First Al Noor Modaraba, Al Noor Sugar Mills Limited and Shahmurad Sugar Mills Limited.



Irfan Zakaria Bawany - Director

Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany is a Non-Executive Director of Reliance Insurance Company Limited since 1991. He is CEO of Anam Fabrics (Pvt.) Limited and Director of Faran Sugar Mills Limited. He has served on The Board of Pioneer Cables Limited from 1983 to 1991. He has diversified experience in Electrical Cable Manufacturing and Textile made up business. After receiving a B.B.A. (accounting) from The University of Houston, USA, he was certified as a Fellow Member of the Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants. He is a certified Director from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (P.I.C.G.)

Directors' Profile



Zohair Zakaria - Director

Mr. Zohair Zakaria is a Non-Executive Director of Reliance Insurance Company Limited since 1998. He is also serving on the Board of Directors of Al-Noor Sugar Mills Limited, Shahmurad Sugar Mills Limited, Mr. Zohair Zakaria has diversified experience of working in senior management positions. He holds BBA Degree from Boston. He is a Certified Director from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. (P.I.C.G)



Muhammad Omar Bawany - Director

Mr. Muhammad Omar Bawany is a Non-Executive Director of Reliance Insurance Company Limited, since 1995. He acquired his early education from Karachi American School and proceeded to American College, Switzerland and obtained an Associate Degree in Business Administration. He has extensive experience in textile, sugar and financial sectors. He is on the Board of Directors of Faran Sugar Mills Limited since 1984, and is currently he is the Chairman of Farhan Sugar Mills and Farhan Power Limited. He is also Chief Executive of B.F. Modaraba managed by E.A Management and is on the board of Unicol Limited & Uni-Food Industry Limited.



Ahmed Ali Bawany - Director

Mr. Ahmed Ali Bawany is a Non-Executive Director of Reliance Insurance Company Limited since 2001. He acquired his early education from CAS, Karachi and degree in business entrepreneurship from University of Southern California. His special field of interest includes finance, procurement and marketing. He is the Chief Executive of Faran Sugar Mills Limited and Farhan Power Limited. He has also served as Chairman of Pakistan Sugar Mills Association-Sindh Zone in 2014. He is also Chairman B.F. Modaraba and Uni-Food Industries Limited. He also Serves as Director of Unicol Limited & UniEnergy. He is a Certified Director from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. (P.I.C.G)

Directors' Profile



Noor Mohammed Zakaria - Director

Mr. Noor Mohammed Zakaria is a Non-Executive Director since 2003. He has over 40 years of diversified industrial and commercial experience. He is B.A. (Hons) from University of Karachi. He is also on the Boards of (Non-Executive Director) Al Noor Sugar Mills Limited and Shahmurad Sugar Mills Limited. He is socially very well connected active and is member of various. Clubs of Karachi.



Hamza Omar Bawany - Director

Mr. Hamza Omar Bawany is currently the CEO of Uni-Food Industries Ltd. He has a diverse working experience in various fields such as Manufacturing, FMCG and Islamic Banking. For over 10 years he has served as Chief Operating Officer of Sind Particle Board Mills Ltd. Mr. Hamza acquired his BBA and MBA degree in Marketing and Finance from IBA, Karachi. He also serves as Director on Boards of Faran Sugar Mills Ltd., and BF Modaraba. He is a Certified Director from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. (P.I.C.G)



Muhammad Igbal - Director

Mr. Muhammad Igbal Chartered Accountant from Institute of Chartered Accountant of Pakistan. He is Fellow Member Cost & Management Accountant of Pakistan. Having more than 40 years of diversified experience at Senior and top level management position with emphasize on financial management and reporting, operational management, internal audits, capital restructuring, pre-investment and acquisition, critical financial review and analysis, corporate and legal affairs as well as taxation. He was associated with Fecto Group of Companies in the capacity of Director Finance and Company Secretary.



A. Razak Ahmed - Chief Executive & M.D.

Mr. A. Razak Ahmed is the Chief Executive Officer/Managing Director of the Company since 1st November 1995. He has over 45 years of extensive and varied experience-both in public & private sectors. Prior to joining Reliance he had worked with Adamjee Insurance, Pakistan Insurance Corporation (now PRCL) National Insurance Corporation & Premier Insurance Company. He has been on the Executive Committee of the Insurance Association of Pakistan (IAP) several times and had also been the Chairman of Accident & Fire Committees for several terms, beside being Council Member of the Karachi Insurance Institute and member standing committee on Banking and Insurance of the Federation of Pakistan Chamber of Commerce & Industry. He is a Commerce Graduate and a fellow of the Chartered Insurance Institute (FCII) London. He is a Chartered Insurer.



Our Services

Reliance Insurance underwrites in all classes of General Insurance and enjoys reputation second to none. Apart from Conventional General Insurance RIC has also commenced its General Takaful operations.



General Insurance (Conventional)

Reliance Insurance commenced its general insurance business in 1981 and it underwrites in all classes of traditional and non-traditional lines.

Reliance Insurance offering a wide range of covers such as Fire & Property, Marine Cargo, Motor Vehicles (Commercial & Private), Personal Accident, Money Insurance, Burglary & Liability (Public & Product) and Workmen Compensation while non-traditional covers such as Engineering Risks (MBD, CAR, EAR), Aviation Insurance, Terrorism and Bonds are also being offered.



General Takaful (Islamic)

Takaful is an Islamic alternate of Insurance and is growing steadily. Reliance Insurance commenced its Window Takaful Operations in June 2016 under the guidance of renowned, qualified and certified Sharia Scholars.

Reliance Takaful is offering a wide range of Sharia Compliant General Takaful Products such as Fire & Property Takaful, Marine Cargo Takaful, Motor Takaful (Private / Commercial Vehicles), Engineering Takaful, Terrorism & Political Violence Takaful and Miscellaneous Accident Takaful.

Fire & Property Insurance

Fire & Allied Perils Insurance

Reliance Insurance provides comprehensive Fire insurance coverage at most competitive rates. The standard Fire policy covers loss and/or damage to the property caused by Fire & Lightning. The basic Fire policy can be extended to cover a number of additional risks known as 'special perils' or 'allied perils'. These includes: Riot and Strike Damage, Malicious Damage, Explosion, Atmospheric Disturbance (including Flood), Earthquake Fire and Shock, Impact Damage, Aircraft Damage, Burglary and Sabotage including Political Violence Risks.

The property insured normally includes Buildings, Plant & Machinery of all kind (industrial, commercial, residential, offices, factory & warehouse / godowns), fixtures & fittings, stocks in godowns, raw materials, work-in-process and finished goods.

Consequential Loss Due to Fire

RICL also provides this coverage in conjunction with Fire Policy. It provides protection against Loss of Profit incurred as a result of business interruption or interference in Business caused by an event indemnifiable under Fire Policy,

Marine Cargo Insurance

Marine Cargo insurance provides protection to Imports & Exports of goods by any mode of transport viz by Sea, by Air or by Road/Rail. Cargo is usually insured on a warehouse (of departure) to warehouse (of arrival) basis and usually covering all transit risks as per Institute Cargo Clauses 'A'. For lesser risks Cargo clauses 'B' & 'C' are available; even cover on TLO (Total Loss only, due to total loss of vessel / aircraft) basis is also available. Marine Inland Transit insurance policy provides adequate cover to protect goods in transit by any mode of transport i.e., by Air or by Road/Rail within the territory of Pakistan.

Reliance Insurance provides most comprehensive Marine Cargo insurance at most competitive rates.

Motor Insurance

Reliance Insurance provides most comprehensive coverage against accidental damage to the motor cars, motorcycles, trucks and other vehicles. Following are major types of Motor insurance:

Comprehensive Motor Policy (Private Vehicles)

Our Motor Insurance provides protection against losses incurred as a result of theft, accidents, riots, malicious damage and against liability that could be incurred in an accident. This policy can be extended to include accidental personal injuries and death of Driver and Passengers.

Commercial Vehicles

We also insure Motor vehicles used for trade / commercial purposes and classified as Commercial Vehicles such as Trucks, Trailers, Buses, Ambulances, Wagons / Vans etc. and providing protection against losses incurred as a result of theft, accidents, riots, malicious damage and against liability that could be incurred in an accident.

Third Party Liabilities Insurance

To meet requirement by law under Motor Vehicle Act 1939 is in respect of legal liability to pay damages arising out of bodily injury caused to any third party person, the following policies are also available under the legal section

Act Liability Only: it provides coverage in respect of liability incurred through death or injury to a third party person. This is minimum legal cover available under the law.

Third Party Liability Only: it provides coverage as above plus damage to third party property.

Aviation Insurance

Reliance Insurance is amongst the few Pakistani insurance companies who offer aviation insurance to the commercial airlines as well as private jets. Our comprehensive aviation insurance plan protects the insured from probable risks of Aircraft Hull & Spares All Risks, Aviation Legal Liabilities, War & Allied Perils, Loss of License to Pilots, Aircraft's Ferry Flight Insurance, Crew Legal Liabilities, Airport Operations Insurance.



Engineering Insurance

Engineering policies mainly cover plant & machinery and projects of various kinds. It covers damage or breakdown of plant & machinery or its specific items. It indemnifies the cost of repair of plant & machinery own damage and legal liability for damage to the property of third party. Engineering policies also cover the contractor against the risks of the projects.

Cover for loss of profits and standing charges following machinery breakdown is also available. Engineering risk usually provides coverage for Contractor's All Risks Insurance, Contractor's Plant & Machinery Insurance, Plant & Machinery Erection All Risks Insurance, Machinery Break-Down Insurance and Comprehensive Machinery Insurance



Bonds & Surety Insurance



Contractor undertaking the construction of public works like buildings, roads, bridges, dams, civil works etc are usually required to furnish guarantees / bonds guaranteeing the fulfillment of their contractual obligations to the

Traditionally Bid Bonds, Advance Payment / Mobilization Bonds, Performance Bonds, Maintenance Bonds and Customs & Excise Bonds are available.

Miscellaneous & Others

Miscellaneous Insurance

insurance Money Burglary Plate Glass Fidelity Guarantee



A wide range of products available under Miscellaneous & Others insurance which includes, but not limited to, Products Liability Insurance, Professional Indemnity Insurance, Group / Personal Accident Insurance, Employer's Legal Liability Insurance, Workmen Compensation Insurance, Fidelity Guarantee Insurance, Public Liability Insurance, Third Party Liability Insurance, Directors & Officers Liability Insurance, Product Liability Insurance, Travel Insurance, All Risks Insurance, House-breaking & Burglary Insurance, Money Insurance (Cash in Safe & Cash in transit), Group Health Insurance, Plate Glass Insurance and Baggage Insurance etc.



Window Takaful Operations

The Company has commenced Window Takaful Operations which has been widely appreciated by the business fraternity, Islamic banks and financial institutions.

"Reliance Takaful" is operating under the guidance of renowned, qualified and certified Sharia Scholars. Our Takaful model is WAQF based: the concept of brotherhood and mutual solidarity in Islam and its operations are being managed by a team of well experienced, dedicated & competent professionals.

Reliance Takaful is providing coverage to a wide range of Shariah Compliant products details as hereunder:-

Reliance Takaful is offering a wide range of Shariah Compliant General Takaful Products such as Fire & Property Takaful, Marine Cargo Takaful, Private / Commercial Vehicles Takaful, Engineering Takaful, Terrorism & Political Violence Takaful and Miscellaneous Accident Takaful. A short brief of major takaful products is as under:-

Fire Takaful provides loss or damage to the property caused by Fire &/or duly extended allied perils. The basic Fire takaful extendable to cover allied / special perils such as Riots & Strikes Damage, Malicious Damage, Atmospheric Damage, Earthquake Fire & Shock, Explosions, Aircraft Damages and Impact Damages etc.

Marine Takaful covers losses to cargo during transit as per Institute Caro Clauses 'A', 'B' or 'C' by all means of transport like by Sea, by Air or by Road/Rail. Usually marine cargo takaful provides coverage of goods from warehouse (of departure) to warehouse (of arrival) but can also be from port of departure to port of

Motor Takaful provides coverage against any loss / damage to motor vehicles (private & commercial) due to road accidents, Theft & Burglary, Snatching by violent means, Riot & Strike damage, Loss or damage due to natural calamities and Third party liability (Bodily Injury and property damage). This cover can be extended to include accidental injuries and death of Driver and Passenger(s).

Engineering Takaful mainly covers plant & machinery and projects and provides coverage for Contractor's All Risks, Contractor's Plant & Machinery, Erection All Risks, Machinery Breakdown Insurance and Comprehensive Machinery Insurance etc.

Miscellaneous & Others: A wide range of products available under Miscellaneous Takaful which includes, but not limited to, Products Liability, Professional Indemnity, Group / Personal Accident, Employer's Legal Liability, Workmen Compensation, Public Liability, Third Party Liability, Directors & Officers Liability, Travel, All Risks Takaful, House-breaking & Burglary, Money (Cash in Safe & Cash in transit), Plate Glass takaful and Baggage takaful etc.

Notice of the Thirty Six **Annual General Meeting**

Notice is hereby given that the 36th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of RELIANCE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED will be held on Saturday the 28th April, 2018 at 12.30 p.m. at the Head Office of the Company at RELIANCE INSURANCE HOUSE 181-A Sindhi Muslim Housing Society near Mehdi Tower, off: Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi, to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To confirm the Minutes of the 35th Annual General Meeting of the company held on 29th April, 2017.
- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 2017 together with Chairman's Review, Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- To appoint auditors and fix their remuneration for the year ending December 31, 2018. The Audit Committee and the Board of Directors have recommended the name of M/s. Kreston Hyder Bhimji & Co., Chartered Accountants for re-appointment as
- To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 20th April, 2018 to 28th April, 2018 (both days inclusive).

By order of the Board

(HAROON A. SHAKOOR)

Chief Accountant & Company Secretary

Karachi: 27th March, 2018

NOTES:

- A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. PROXIES MUST BE RECEIVED AT THE HEAD OFFICE OF THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE MEETING.
- CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in Circular 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

A. For Attending the Meeting:

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are up-loaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his identity by showing his Original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the meeting.

B. For appointing Proxies:

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above
- The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- iii. Attested copies of CNIC or passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or Original Passport at the time of the meeting.
- In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) alongwith proxy form to the Company.
- Shareholders are requested to timely notify the Company's Share Registrar of any change in their address, if any immediately.

SUBMISSION OF COPIES CNIC (MANDATORY)

As per SECP directives, the dividend warrants of the shareholders whose valid CNICs, are not available with the Share Registrar could be withheld. All shareholders having physical shareholding are, therefore, advised to submit a photo copy of their valid CNICs and Corporate entities are requested to provide NTN immediately, if already not provided, to the Company's Share Registrar at the following address, M/s. C & K Management Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., 404, Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Metropole Hotel, Karachi-75530 without any further delay.

ELECTRONIC DIVIDEND MANDATE

Under section 242 of Companies Act, 2017 it is mandatory for all listed Companies to pay cash dividend to its shareholders only through electronic mode directly in to the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders.

In order to receive dividend directly into their bank account, shareholders are requested (if not already provided) to fill in Bank Mandate Form for Electronic Credit of Cash Dividend available in the Company's website www.relianceins.com and send it duly signed along with a copy of CNIC to the Share Registrar of the Company, M/s. C & K Management Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., 404, Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Metropole Hotel, Karachi-75530 in case of physical shares.

In case shares are held in CDC, electronic dividend mandate form must be directly submitted to shareholder's brokers/ participant / CDC account services.

In case of non-receipt of information, the Company will be constrained to withhold payment of dividend to shareholders.

ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NOTICES

Pursuant to Notification vide SR0.787(1) / 2014 of September 8, 2014, the SECP has directed to facilitate the members of the Company receiving annual financial statements and notices through electronic mail system (e-mail). We are pleased to offer this facility to our members who desire to receive annual financial statements and notices of the Company through email in future. In this respect members are hereby requested to convey their consent via email on a standard request form which is available at the Company website www.relianceins.com. Please ensure that your email has sufficient rights and space available to receive such email which may be larger than 1 MB file in size. Further, it is the responsibility of the member to timely update the share registrar of any change in their registered email address.

Financial Statements and relevant reports have been placed on the website of the company which can be seen on www.relianceins.com.

TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL AUDITED ACCOUNTS AND NOTICE THROUGH CD/DVD/USB.

In compliance with the SECP Notification No.SRO 470(1)2016, dated May 31, 2016. The Company in the 35th Annual General Meeting held on April 29, 2017, obtained the approval of the shareholders to circulate Annual Accounts through CD/DVD/USB at their registered address instead of transmitting the Annual Accounts in hard copies. However, shareholder may request the Company Secretary or Share Registrar of the Company for hard copy of Annual Audited Accounts instead of CD / DVD / USB and the same will be provided at his / her registered address, free of cost, within one week on the demand. In this regard, a 'Standard Request Form', has also been placed at the website of the Company for communicating the need of hard copies of the Annual Audited Accounts instead of sending the same through CD / DVD / USB.

UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND

As per the provision of section 244 of the Companies Act 2017, any shares issued or dividend declared by the Company which have remained unclaimed/unpaid for a period of three years from the date on which it was due and payable are required to be deposited with the Commission for the credit of Federal Government after issuance of notices to the shareholders to file their claim. The details of the shares issued and dividend declared by the Company which have remained due for more than three years was sent to shareholders. Shareholders are requested to ensure that their claims for unclaimed dividend and shares are lodged timely. In case, no claim is lodged with the Company in the given time, the Company shall after giving notice in newspaper proceed to deposit the unclaimed/unpaid amount and shares with the Federal Government pursuant to the provision of Section 244 (2) of Companies Act, 2017.

CONSENT FOR VIDEO CONFERENCING FACILITY

Pursuant to the provision to the Companies Act, 2017 the members can also avail the video Conferencing facility. In this regard, please fill the following and submit to Head Office of the Company at least 7 days before the holding of annual general meeting. If the Company receives consent from members holding aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at the geographical location to participate in the meeting, the Company will arrange video conference facility in the city subject to availability of such facility in that citv.

I / We,	of	, being a member of Reliance Insurance Co., Ltd. holder of	ordinary share(s) as
per registered folio no		hereby opt for video conferencing facility at	

10. **E - VOTING**

Pursuant to SECP SRO No.43(1)2016 dated January 22, 2016 Shareholders can also exercise their right to vote through e-voting by giving their consent in writing at least 10 days before the date of meeting to the Company on the appointment by the Intermediary as

11. POSTAL BALLOT

Shareholders can also demand a poll and exercise their right to vote by means of ballot i.e. by post or through electronic mode subject to the requirements of section 143 to 145 of the Companies Act, 2017 and applicable clauses of companies (Post Ballot) Regulations 2018.

Horizontal Analysis of Balance Sheet & Income Statement

					Rupees	s '000	% Increase / (Decrease) over preceeding year					ng year
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
BALANCE SHEET												
Cash and Bank Deposit	186.934	146.958	133.930	104.499	103.079	68.760	27.20	9.73	28.16	1.37	49.91	(13.86)
Loan to Employees	1.336	0.998	1.418	1.534	1.517	1.566	33.87	29.62	(7.56)	1.12	(3.13)	70.03
Investment	671.281	751.662	653.669	584.858	500.322	436.862	(10.69)	14.99	11.76	16.90	14.53	7.46
Other Assets	777.128	771.445	896.803	823.391	780.381	1,062.035	0.74	(13.98)	8.91	5.51	(26.52)	90.19
Fixed Assets - Tengible and Intengible	81.020	87.071	80.742	81.651	71.281	63.801	(6.95)	7.84	(1.11)	14.55	11.72	0.89
Total Assets from General takaful operation OPF	65.750	53.334	-	-	-	-	23.28	-	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	1783.449	1811.477	1766.561	1595.944	1456.580	1,633.024	(1.55)	2.54	10.69	9.57	(10.80)	47.26
Total Equity	791.262	863.526	786.034	725.219	653.418	578.713	(8.37)	9.86	8.38	10.99	12.91	12.28
Underwriting Provisions	739.388	782.589	868.201	764.835	679.626	947.898	(5.52)	(9.86)	13.51	12.54	(28.30)	103.70
Creditors and Accruals	234.426	158.821	111.074	104.980	122.987	105.841	47.60	42.98	5.80	(14.64)	16.20	(17.35)
Other Liabilities	2.221	1.665	1.250	0.910	0.549	0.572	33.39	1.33	37.36	65.75	(4.02)	434.58
Total Liabbilaties from General takaful Operation OPF	16.152	4.876	-	-	-	-	231.26	-	-	-	-	-
Total Equity and Liabilities	1783.449	1811.477	1766.561	1595.944	1456.580	1,633.024	(1.55)	2.54	10.69	9.57	(10.80)	47.28
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT												
Net Premium Revenue	357.654	359.415	316.412	295.757	260.758	240.703	(0.49)	13.59	6.99	13.42	8.33	0.84
Net Claims	88.157	101.721	89.862	94.300	87.893	83.096	(13.33)	13.20	(4.71)	7.29	5.77	(3.74)
Management Expenses	137.732	132.486	127.951	122.763	116.698	106.778	3.96	3.54	4.23	5.19	9.29	7.69
Net Commission	60.678	60.919	49.389	39.246	36.568	33.748	(0.40)	23.34	25.84	7.32	8.36	(11.17)
Underwriting Results	71.087	64.289	49.219	39.447	19.599	17.044	10.57	30.62	24.77	101.27	14.99	11.81
Invetment Income	(48.025)	99.009	86.693	96.216	97.437	110.252	(148.51)	14.21	(9.89)	(1.25)	(11.62)	16.23
Other Income	2.650	0.952	1.285	2.812	2.903	2.590	178.36	(25.91)	(54.30)	(3.13)	12.08	(14.01)
Financial Charges	0.000	0.047	0.203	0.464	0.088	0.625	(100.00)	(76.85)	(56.25)	427.27	(85.92)	37.96
General and Admin Expenses	51.258	47.128	46.206	41.888	38.646	35.357	8.76	1.99	10.31	8.39	9.30	20.50
(Loss) / Profit before Tax	(25.546)	115.540	90.788	96.540	81.205	93.905	(122.11)	27.26	5.96	18.88	(13.52)	12.71
Taxation Net	21.198	14.350	9.800	6.400	6.500	6.700	47.72	51.53	53.12	1.54	2.99	3.07
(Loss) / Profit after Tax	(46.744)	100.690	80.988	90.140	74.705	87.205	(146.42)	24.43	(10.15)	20.66	(14.33)	13.52

Vertical Analysis of Balance Sheet & Income Statement

											Rupee	es '000
	201		201	_	201	-	201		201		2012	
	Rupees	%	Rupees	%	Rupees	%	Rupees	%	Rupees	%	Rupees	%
BALANCE SHEET												
Cash and Bank Deposit	186.934	10.48	146.96	8.11	133.93	7.58	104.499	6.55	103.079	7.08	68.760	4.21
Loan to Employees	1.336	0.07	0.998	0.06	1.418	0.08	1.534	0.10	1.517	0.10	1.566	0.10
Investment	671.281	37.64	751.662	41.49	653.669	37.00	584.868	36.65	500.322	34.35	436.862	26.75
Other Assets	777.128	43.57	771.446	42.59	896.803	50.77	823.391	51.59	780.381	53.58	1,062.035	65.03
Fixed Assets - Tengible and Intendible	81.020	4.54	87.071	4.81	80.742	4.57	81.652	5.12	71.281	4.89	63.801	3.91
Total Assets from General takaful operation OPF	65.750	3.69	53.342	2.94								
Total Assets	1783.449	100.00	1811.478	100.00	1766.561	100.00	1595.944	100.00	1456.580	100.00	1,633.024	100.00
Total Equity	791.262	44.37	863.526	47.67	786.034	44.50	725.219	45.44	653.418	44.86	578.713	35.44
Underwriting Provisions	739.388	41.46	782.589	43.20	868.201	49.15	764.835	47.92	679.626	46.66	947.898	58.05
Creditors and Accruals	234.426	13.14	158.821	8.77	111.074	6.29	104.980	6.58	122.987	8.44	105.841	6.48
Other Liabilities	2.221	0.12	1.666	0.09	1.250	0.07	0.910	0.06	0.549	0.04	0.572	0.04
Total Liabbilaties from General takaful Operation OPF	16.152	0.91	4.876	0.27								
Total Equity and Liabilities	1783.449	100.00	1811.478	100.00	1766.561	100.00	1595.944	100.00	1456.580	100.00	1,633.024	100.00
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT												
Net Premium Revenue	357.654	100.00	359.415	100.00	316.422	100.00	295.757	100.00	260.758	100.00	240.703	100.00
Net Claims	88.157	24.65	101.721	28.30	89.862	28.40	94.300	31.88	87.893	33.71	83.096	34.52
Management Expenses	137.732	38.51	132.486	36.86	127.951	40.44	122.763	41.51	116.698	44.75	106.778	44.36
Net Commission	60.678	16.97	60.919	16.95	49.389	15.61	39.246	13.27	36.568	14.02	33.784	14.04
Underwriting Results	71.087	19.88	64.289	17.89	49.219	15.55	39.447	13.34	19.599	7.52	17.044	7.08
Invetment (Loss) / Income	(48.025)	(13.43)	99.009	27.55	86.693	27.40	96.216	32.53	97.437	37.37	110.252	45.80
Other Income	2.650	0.74	0.952	0.26	1.285	0.41	2.812	0.95	2.903	1.11	2.590	1.08
Financial Charges	0.000	0.00	0.047	0.01	0.203	0.06	0.464	0.16	0.088	0.03	0.624	0.26
General and Admin Expenses	51.258	14.33	47.128	13.11	46.206	14.60	41.888	14.16	38.646	14.82	35.357	14.69
(Loss) / Profit before Tax	(25.546)	(7.14)	115.540	32.15	90.788	28.69	96.540	32.64	81.205	31.14	93.905	39.01
Taxation Net	21.198	5.93	14.850	4.13	9.800	3.10	6.400	2.16	6.500	2.49	6.700	2.78
(Loss) / Profit after Tax	(46.744)	(13.07)	100.690	28.01	80.989	25.60	90.140	30.48	74.705	28.65	87.205	36.23

Key Financial Data 10 Years Growth At A Glance

Rupees '000 2017 2016 2012 2015 2014 2013 2011 2010 2009 2008 561.41 510.37 463.98 403.46 318.93 318.93 252.01 252.01 229.09 PAID-UP CAPITAL 366.78 791.26 863.52 786.03 450.56 374.52 322.58 355.23 SHARE HOLDER'S EQUITY 725.22 653.42 578.71 **GENERAL RESERVE** 250.00 220.00 200.00 180.00 160.00 90.00 90.00 87.50 87.50 80.00 186.93 146.96 133.93 104.50 103.08 68.76 79.82 57.54 63.05 85.03 CASH AND BANK DEPOSIT 653.67 584.86 500.32 341.67 284.60 282.68 285.85 INVFSTMFNT 671.28 751.66 436.86 **UNDERWRITING PROVISIONS** 739.39 782.59 868.20 764.85 679.63 947.90 465.33 437.16 493.36 527.08 TOTAL ASSETS BOOK VALUE 1783.45 1811.48 1766 56 1595 94 1456 58 1633 02 1044.07 903 46 904.35 938.72 5.34 (2.62)4.58 5.65 **RETURN ON ASSETS %** 5.56 5.13 6.93 11.99 (3.61)4.31 (5.91)11.66 10.34 12.43 11.43 15.07 14.90 13.86 (10.11)**RETURN ON EQUITY %** 11.40 PAID-UP CAPITAL TO ASSETS % 31.48 28.17 26.26 25.28 25.18 19.53 28.76 26.04 27.86 24.40 EQUITY / TOTAL ASSETS % 44.37 47.67 44.50 45.44 35.43 46.48 45.33 35.67 37.84 44.86 1155.40 1201.84 1114.40 1028.14 543.40 529.54 506.34 603.19 **GROSS PREMIUM** 837.23 613.72 **NET PREMIUM** 357.65 359.41 316.42 295.76 260.76 240.70 238.7 267.92 326.55 445.54 RATIO TO GROSS PREMIUM % 30.95 29.90 28.39 28.77 31.14 39.22 43.93 50.59 64.49 73.86 101.72 89.86 94.30 87.89 227.46 **NET CLAIMS INCURRED** 88.16 83.09 86.32 96.43 208.36 RATIO TO NET PREMIUM % 24.65 28.30 28.40 31.88 33.71 34.52 36.16 35.99 69.65 46.77 **EXPENSES** 188.99 179.66 174.36 164.67 155.34 142.76 128.95 130.78 140.59 153.65 RATIO TO GROSS PREMIUM % 14.95 15.65 18.55 23.26 23.73 24.70 27.77 25.47 16.36 16.02 52.84 49.98 55.10 55.68 59.57 59.31 54.02 48.81 43.05 34.49 RATIO TO NET PREMIUM % (48.02)99.00 86.69 96.22 110.25 94.08 54.86 53.86 18.26 INVESTMENT (LOSS)/INCOME 97.44 (7.15)13.17 13.26 16.45 25.24 23.33 15.73 19.05 6.39 **RETUN ON INVETMENT %** 19.47 71.09 64.29 49.22 39.45 31.93 (51.98)48.17 U/W (LOSS)/PROFIT 19.6 17.04 15.24 PRE TAX (LOSS)/PROFIT (25.64)115.54 90.79 96.54 81.21 93.9 82.54 56.68 (30.99)52.26 PECENTAGE TO GROSS PREMIUM % (2.22)9.61 8.15 9.39 8.92 14.21 14.00 99.81 (6.45)6.71 (46.74)100.69 80.99 90.14 76.04 51.93 40.51 (LOSS)/PROFIT AFTER TAX 74.7 87.21 (32.64)PECENTAGE TO NET PREMIUM % 13.07 28.02 25.60 30.48 28.65 36.23 31.85 90.38 (10.00)9.09 2.03 (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE (Rs.) (0.83)1.79 1.75 1.94 2.73 2.38 2.06 (1.30)1.77 10%(B) 5%(C) 15%(B)5%(C) 10%(B) DIVIDEND /BONUS % 10%(B) 5%(C) 10%(B)5%(C) 15%(B) 12.5%(B)7.5%(C) 12.5%(B) NIL BREAK UP VALUE PER SHARE (Rs.) 14.09 16.92 16.94 17.97 18.15 14.13 14.86 12.80 15.50 17.81 SUMMARY OF CASHFLOW NET CASH FLOW FROM 38.113 **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** 102.288 40.013 23.354 16.692 (57.429)(6.862)(58.624)(91.354)(13.817)NET CASH FLOW FROM 26,825 (66.426)9.450 3.908 17.237 70,445 29,606 53.313 75.606 INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1.676)NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (24.963)(22.831)(20.035)(18.024)(24.080)(0.461)(0.193)(0.463)(0.202)(0.111)INCREASE / DECREASE IN CASH EQUIVALANTS 39.975 13.031 29.428 1.420 34.318 (11.063)22.282 (5.504)(16.211) (15.696) CASH FLOW AND CASH 186.934 103.078 **EQUIVALENT (YEAR END)** 146.958 133.927 104.499 68.760 79.824 57.541 63.045 79.257

Shareholders' Information

Registered Office

96-A, Sindhi Muslim Co-operative Housing Society

Head Office

Reliance Insurance House, 181-A, Sindhi Muslim Co-operative Housing Society, Karachi

Share Registrar Office

C&K Management Associates (Pvt.) Ltd. 404-Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Hotel Metropole, Karachi-75530. Tel: (021) 35687839 & 53685930

Listing on Stock Exchanges

RICL equity shares are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX).

Listing Fees

The annual listing fee for the financial year 2017-2018 was paid to the Pakistan Stock Exchange and Central Depository Company (CDC) within the prescribed time.

Stock Symbol

The stock symbol for Reliance Insurance Company Limited at the PSX is RICL.

Statutory Compliance

During the year, the Company complied with all applicable provisions of the (Repealed) Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Companies Act, 2017, the Insurance Ordinance 2000, the Code of Corporate Governance, listing requirements and regulations prescribed by the SECP.

Book Closure Dates

The register of Member and share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from 20th April 2018 to 28th April 2018, (both days inclusive).

36th Annual General Meeting

Date 28th April, 2018 Time 12:30 p.m.

Venue Reliance Insurance House,

181-A, SMCHS, Karachi

Website of the Company

A website of your Company has been developed which allows the users to get the Company related information about its financial, history, types of insurance available with the Company and list of reinsurers etc.

An online complaint system is also available to improve the efficiency.

Website: www.relianceins.com

Annual, half yearly and quarterly financial statements the Company are available http://www.relianceins.com

Disclosures to the Stock Exchange on strategic events are made as and when required.

Change of Address

Members are requested to immediately notify the change of address, if any, to the Company's Registrar.

Investors' Grievances Policy

RICL ensures that our Investors receive exemplary services. Investor's queries and complaints constitute an important voice for us. Following are our guiding principles:

- Complaints raised by Investors are dealt in a timely manner; and
- Investors are informed of avenues to raise their queries and complaints.

M/s. C&K Management Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., being the Registrars is primarily responsible to resolve the investor's grievance. Shareholders' enquiries about their holding, dividend or share certificate etc. can be directed to the Share Registrar at the following address:

M/s. C&K Management Associates (Pvt.) Limited

404, Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Hotel Metropole, Karachi.

In case investor's grievance is not addressed up to his/her satisfaction or within reasonable time. Investors may also directly write to the Company their query/complaint at,

Shareholders' Information

Company Secretary

Reliance Insurance Company Limited 181-A, SMCHS Karachi.

Company has designated email id reli-ins@cyber.net.pk for handling investor grievance on which investor can make a complaint.

SUBMISSION OF CNIC COPIES (MANDATORY)

As per SECP directives, the dividend warrants of the shareholders whose valid CNICs, are not available with the Share Registrar could be withheld. All shareholders having physical shareholding are, therefore, advised to submit a photo copy of their valid CNICs and Corporate entities are requested to provide NTN immediately, if already not provided, to the Company's Share Registrar at the following address, M/s. C & K Management Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., 404, Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Metropole Hotel, Karachi-75530 without any further delay.

ELECTRONIC DIVIDEND MANDATE

Under section 242 of Companies Act, 2017 it is mandatory for all listed Companies to pay cash dividend to its shareholders only through electronic mode directly in to the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders.

In order to receive dividend directly into their bank account, shareholders are requested (if not already provided) to fill in Bank Mandate Form for Electronic Credit of Cash Dividend available in the Company's website www.relianceins.com and send it duly signed along with a copy of CNIC to the Share Registrar of the Company, M/s. C & K Management Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., 404, Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Metropole Hotel, Karachi-75530 in case of physical shares.

In case shares are held in CDC, electronic dividend mandate form must be directly submitted to shareholder's brokers/ participant / CDC account services.

In case of non-receipt of information, the Company will be constrained to withhold payment of dividend to shareholders.

ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NOTICES

Pursuant to Notification vide SRO.787(1) / 2014 of September 8, 2014, the SECP has directed to facilitate the members of the Company receiving annual financial statements and notices through electronic mail system (e-mail). We are pleased to offer this facility to our members who desire to receive annual financial statements and notices of the Company through email in future. In this respect members are hereby requested to convey their consent via email on a standard request form which available at the Company website www.relianceins.com. Please ensure that your email has sufficient rights and space available to receive such email which may be larger than 1 MB file in size. Further, it is the responsibility of the member to timely update the share registrar of any change in their registered email address.

Financial Statements and relevant reports have been placed on the website of the company which can be seen on www.relianceins.com.

TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL **AUDITED** ACCOUNTS AND NOTICE THROUGH CD/DVD/USB.

In compliance with the SECP Notification No.SRO 470 (1) 2016, dated May 31, 2016. The Company in the 35th Annual General Meeting held on April 29. 2017, obtained the approval of the shareholders to circulate Annual Accounts through CD/DVD/USB at their registered address instead of transmitting the Annual Accounts in hard copies. However, shareholders may request the Company Secretary or Share Registrar of the Company for hard copy of Annual Audited Accounts instead of CD / DVD / USB and the same will be provided at his / her registered address, free of cost, within one week on the demand. In this regard, a 'Standard Request Form, has also been placed at the website of the Company for communicating the need of hard copies of the Annual Audited Accounts instead of sending the same through CD / DVD / USB.

UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND

As per the provision of section 244 of the Companies Act 2017, any shares issued or dividend declared by Company which have remained unclaimed/unpaid for a period of three years from the date on which it was due and payable are required to

Shareholders' Information

be deposited with the Commission for the credit of Federal Government after issuance of notices to the shareholders to file their claim. The details of the shares issued and dividend declared by the Company which have remained due for more than three years was sent to shareholders. Shareholders are requested to ensure that their claims for unclaimed dividend and shares are lodged timely. In case, no claim is lodged with the Company in the given time, the Company shall after giving notice in newspaper proceed to deposit the unclaimed/unpaid amount and shares with the Federal Government pursuant to the provision of Section 244 (2) of Companies Act, 2017.

CONSENT FOR VIDEO CONFERENCE FACILITY

Pursuant to the provision to the Companies Act, 2017 the members can also avail the video Conferencing facility. In this regard, please fill the following and submit to Head Office of the Company at least 7 days before the holding of annual general meeting. If the Company receives consent from members holding aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at the geographical location to participate in the meeting, the Company will arrange video conference facility in the city subject to availability of such facility in that city.

I / We,			of _			, t	peing
a member	of Relia	nce Ins	urand	ce Co	., Ltd.	hold	er of
ore	dinary s	hare(s)	as	per	registe	red	folio
no.		hereby	opt f	or vic	leo con	ıferer	ncing
facility at							

E - VOTING

Pursuant to SECP SRO No.43(1)2016 dated January 22, 2016 Shareholders can also exercise their right to vote through e-voting by giving their consent in writing at least 10 days before the date of meeting to the Company on the appointment by the Intermediary as a proxy.

POSTAL BALLOT

Shareholder can also demand a poll and exercise their right to vote by means of ballot i.e. by post or through electronic mode subject to the requirements of section 143 to 145 of the Companies Act, 2017 and applicable clauses of companies (Post Ballot) Regulations 2018.

DECISIONS TAKEN AT THE LAST ANNUAL GENERAL **MEETING**

As per agenda following matters were approved in the meeting and the decisions taken were implemented in

- Approval of the minutes of the 35th Annual General Meeting, held on 30th April 2017.
- Approval of the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 alongwith Directors' and Auditors' reports.
- Approval of 5% cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- Appointment of M/s. Kreston Hyder Bhimji & Co., Chartered Accountants as auditors of the Company for the year 2017 and fixation of their remuneration.
- Approval of the Bonus Shares @10% for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- Approval of transmission of annual balance sheet, profit and loss account, auditors' and directors' reports etc. ("Annual Audited Accounts) and other information contained therein to the members at their registered address through CD/DVD/USB, instead of transmitting the same in hard copies.
- Approval of special resolution to amended the Articles of Association of the Company by adding new clause 94-A 113-A, and 120-A for e-voting.

Financial Calendar

28th March, 2017	Meeting of the Board of Directors for approval of the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016. Directors recommended to pay 10% Bonus Share and 5% Cash Dividend subject to the approval of members in Annual General Meeting.
29th April, 2017	The Annual General Meeting of the Company was held at the Head Office for approval of annual audited financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2016, approval of Bonus Shares Entitlement @ 10% for every 100 ordinary shares and Cash Dividend @ 5% .
	Appointment of M/s. Kreston Hyder Bhimji & Co., Chartered Accountants as auditors of the Company for the year 2017 and fixation of their remuneration was approved.
	Approval of transmission of annual balance sheet, profit and loss account, auditors' and directors' reports etc. ("Annual Audited Accounts) and other information contained therein to the members at their registered address through CD/DVD/USB, instead of transmitting the same in hard copies.
	Approval of special resolution the Articles of the Company be amended by adding new clause as 94-A 113-A, and 120-A for e-voting.
29th April, 2017	Meeting of the Board of Directors for approval of the unaudited first quarter financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2017.
25th May, 2017	Cash dividend @ 5% (Rs.0.50 per share) for the year 2016, was disbursed on May 25, 2017.
25th May, 2017	Issuance of Bonus Shares, for the year 2016, advised Central Depository Company, to credit participant Account and dispatch of Cash Dividend Warrants.
25th May, 2017	Bonus Shares Certificates for the year 2016, issued to Physical Share-holders.
29th August, 2017	Meeting of the Board of directors for approval of the half yearly Unaudited financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2017.
29th October, 2017	Meeting of the Board of Directors for approval of the unaudited financial statements for the nine months period ended September 30, 2017.
27th November, 2017	JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has reaffirmed the Insurer Financial Strength Rating of Reliance Insurance Company Limited (RICL) at 'A' (Single A). Outlook on the assigned rating is 'Positive'.

Categories of Shareholding as at December 31, 2017

Categories of share holders	Number of share holders	Number of shares held	Percentage of shares held%
ASSOCIATE COMPANIES UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES			
Anam Fabrics	1	72,897	0.13
NIT / ICP/ IDBP Investment Corporation of Pakistan, IDBP ICP Units	6	720	0.00
DIRECTORS, CEO & OTHER SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN The detail are as under:	15	13,753,398	24.50
MR. ISMAIL H. ZAKARIA MR. A. AZIZ AYOOB MR. IRFAN ZAKARIA BAWANY MR. MOHD. OMAR BAWANY MR. ZOHAIR ZAKARIA MR. AHMED ALI BAWANY MR. NOOR M. ZAKARIA MR. HAMZA OMAR BAWANY MR. MUHAMMAD IQBAL MRS. ZARINA BAI ISMAIL MRS. MEHRUNNISA A. AZIZ MRS. SHEHLA IRFAN MRS. RUKHSANA BAI OMER MRS. AMBREEN AHMED ALI MRS. SHAHNAZ NOOR MOHAMMAD	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	560,195 236,443 3,471,400 332,852 252,397 218,776 222,625 610,185 5,995 515,833 262,581 3,358,450 1,195,040 2,161,949 348,677	
EXECUTIVE	-	-	
PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES AND CORP.	-	-	
BANK, DEVELOPMENT FINANCE INSTITUTIONS, NON BANKING FINANCE INSTITUTION, INSURANCE COMPANIES, MODARABAS AND MUTUAL FUNDS	4	2,072	0.00
JOINT STOCK COMPANIES	20	8,629,453	15.37
GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT Federal Board of Revenue	2	786,621	1.40
INDIVIDUALS	1,549	32,673,250	58.20
STOCK EXCHANGE ISE Tower REIT Management Co. Ltd.	1	2,024	0.00
WELFARE SOCIETY Pakistan Memon Educational & Welfare Society	1	28,070	0.05
CHARITABLE TRUSTS Begum Aisha Ahmed & Latif Foundation	1	192,111	0.34
TRADE Haral Sons (Pvt.) Limited	1	669	0.00
TOTAL :-	1,601	56,141,285	100.00
SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING FIVE PERCENT OR MORE VOTING INTEREST.			
M/s.Irfan Ashfaq & Company (Pvt.) Ltd., Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany Mrs.Shehla Irfan	1 1 1	6,159,833 3,471,400 3,358,450	10.97 6.18 5.98

Pattern of Shareholding as at December 31, 2017 Shareholdings

Shareholders 424 211 161 389 143 43 35 27 23 12 8 10 10 3 4 5 2 4 2 2 3 4 4 1 3	From 1 101 501 1001 5001 10001 15001 25001 35001 45001 45001 55001 60001 65001 75001 85001 95001 110001 115001 125001 125001 135001	To 100 500 1000 5000 10000 5000 15000 20000 25000 30000 35000 40000 45000 50000 50000 65000 75000 80000 80000 85000 110000 110000 115000 125000 125000	8,030 57,950 112,060 930,769 1,021,862 512,295 604,583 612,964 624,294 391,893 295,275 426,032 479,775 158,136 229,158 314,241 136,478 293,531 156,736 162,187 264,524 395,308 432,238 415,000 349,576 367,071
3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	145001 150001 160001 185001 195001 205001 215001 225001 225001 235001 240001 245001 245001 250001 245001 250001 265001 330001 345001 370001 370001 390001 415001 430001 465001 495001 500001 515001 545001 545001 545001 515001 545001 515001 545001 515001 515001 545001 515001	130000 140000 150000 155000 165000 195000 200000 200000 210000 225000 225000 225000 225000 225000 225000 225000 235000 245000 255000 270000 335000 375000 395000 420000 435000 470000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 550000 5120000 550000	129,841 136,987 146,182 308,035 323,049 186,150 192,111 197,105 200,317 206,828 655,090 226,625 226,428 467,017 476,248 241,024 248,962 252,397 269,820 332,852 369,820 332,852 369,820 392,852 392,852 391,104 374,312 391,065 830,723 431,500 932,569 495,426 504,405 515,833 1,100,000 560,195 610,185 633,934 682,501 683,934 682,501 794,367 843,844 1,131,486 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,912 1,683,816 1,285,916 1,285,917 2,397,955 2,497,970 2,397,955 2,497,970 2,397,955 2,497,970 2,397,955 2,497,970 2,397,955 2,497,970 2,397,955 2,497,970 2,397,955 2,497,970 2,397,955
1 1601	6155001	6160000	6,159,833 56,141,285

Sr. No.	Categories of share holders	Number of share holders	Total shares hold	Percentage %
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	INDIVIDUALS INVESTMENT COMPANIES INSURANCE COMPANIES JOINT STOCK COMPANIES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS STOCK EXCHANGE WELFARE SOCIETY CHARITABLE TRUSTS MODARABA MANAGEMENT COMPANIES TRADE GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT	1564 6 1 21 2 1 1 1 1 2 ————————————————————	46,426,648 1687 648 8702350 456 2,024 28,070 192,111 669 786621	82.70 0.00 0.00 15.50 0.00 0.06 0.34 0.00 0.00 1.40

Chairman's Review

It is my pleasure to present Thirty Sixth Annual Report and performance Review of your Company on behalf of the Board of Directors for the year ended 31st December, 2017.

The year 2017 was a challenging year witnessing political turmoil & uncertainty. On the economic front, the current account deficit widened and the trade deficit gap further worsened due to rising oil prices in the international market, following the surge in imports both for CPEC and non-CPEC related energy and infrastructure projects. Exports failing to make desired headway, the GDP growth rate stood at 5.3%. Power & Gas shortage continues to be the govt.'s major concern and is being vigorously addressed and is showing the signs of improvement in energy supplies.

China Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) continues to gain momentum and would play a vital role to support the economy, particularly in the wake of Gawader Port becoming fully operational. Government seems to be committed to revive the economy and boost investment in the country but still the results are not encouraging. The security concerns, continued power and gas shortage and law and order situation, create compounding factors to keeping the performance of economy below its potential.

Pakistan Stock Exchange had the honor of being one of the best performing markets of the world for a number of years, was bearish during 2017 and 100 index plunged down from 53157.24 highest during 2017 points to close at 40471.48 points as at 31st December 2017. Insurance Sector Dividend Income and Capital gain continues to be subject to tax at normal corporate tax rate i.e., 30% as against previous lower tax regime, resulting in severe blow to the profitability of insurance sector.

Moreover, on the lighter side, your Company has made underwriting profit from its core business for Rs.71.086 million but due to the fall in Stock prices the unrealized loss / impairment on investment portfolio for Rs.94.745 million has occurred. The net investment loss after consuming Dividend / other income stood at Rs.48.024 million, thereby resulting in the overall net loss of Rs.46.745 million. Unrealized loss on investment is expected to be converted in unrealized profit because of substantial improvement of PSX index in the year 2018.

While closing I would like to thank and convey my gratitude to the members of the Board of Directors, for their commitment and in guiding and supporting the management, and shareholders for their confidence and support in the Company. I would also like to express my appreciation to the Chief Executive and his team for their efforts, dedication and sincerity.

Ismail H. Zakaria

Chairman

Karachi. 27 March, 2018.

چیئر مین کی جائزه ریور ہے:

31 دسمبر 2017 کوختم ہونے والےسال کے لئے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے چیئر مین کی حیثیت سے آ کی کمپنی کی 36 ویں سالاندرپورٹ اورکارگردگی کا جائزہ پیش کرتے ہوئے مسرت محسوس کرر ہاہوں۔

سال2017سیاسی بحران اورغیر بقینی صورتحال کا سامنا کرنے میں ایک مشکل سال تھا۔ اقتصادی محاذیر کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کا خسارہ وسیع ہو گیا ہے۔ بین الاقوامی مارکیٹ میں تیل کی قیمتوں میں اضافے، س پیک (CPEC)اور غیری پیک (NON-CPEC) سے متعلقہ توانائی اور بنیادی ڈھانچے کے منصوبوں کے لئے درآ مدات میں اضافہ کی وجہ سے تجارت کے خسارے کے فرق میں مزیداضا فہ ہوا۔ برآ مدات میں مطلوبہ پیشرفت میں ناکامی کی وجہ سے جی ڈی پی کی شرح 5.3 فیصدر ہی۔ یا وراور گیس کی قلت حکومت کے لئے بڑامسکہ ہےاوراس پر بھر پورطریقے سے توجہ دی جارہی ہے جس کی وجہ سے تو انائی کی فراہمی میں بہتری کے آثار نظر آ رہے ہیں۔

چین پاکستان اقتصادی کوریڈور(CPEC) کی رفتار بڑھر ہی ہے جو معیشت کوسہارا دینے میں اہم کر دارا دا کرےگا، خاص طور پر گوا دریورٹ کے آپریشنل ہونے کے بعد۔ حکومت معیشت کی بحالی اور ملک میں سر ماریکاری کوفر وغ دینے کاعزم کررکھا ہے ہے کیکن ابھی تک نتائج حوصلہ افزا نہیں ہیں۔ سیکورٹی خدشات، بجلی اور گیس کی قلت اور امن وامان کی صورت حال، بیوہ تمام منفی اثرات ہیں جواقتصادی کاردگی کہاس کی گنجائش کے مقابلے میں ٹجلی سطح پر کھنے کے موجب ہیں

یا کتان اٹاکا کیچینج نے کئی سالوں کے لئے دنیا کے بہترین پر فارمنس کااعزاز حاصل کیا ہوا تھا۔ سال2017 میں زبردست مندی کی وجہ سے 100 انڈیکس اسی سال کی 53157.24 کی بلندترین سطح سے پنچ آکر 31 دسمبر 2017 کو 40471.48 یوائنٹس پر ہند ہو۔انشورنس سیکٹر کی ڈیویڈنڈ آمدنی اور حاصیلات سرمایہ (کیپیل گین) اب عام کارپوریٹ ٹیکس کی شرح میں ٹیکس سے مشروط ہے جو کہ بچھلے کم حکومتی (regime) ٹیکس کے برعکس 30 فیصد ہے جس کے نتیج میں انشورنس سیکٹر کے منافع کوشد پددھی کا پہنچاہے۔

تاہم آپ کی کمپنی نے اپنے بنیادی کاروبار سے 71.086 ملین روپے کا منافع حاصل کیا ہے لیکن شیئرز کی قیمتوں میں گرنے کے باعث ،سر مابیکاری کے پورٹ فولیو پر غیر قینی شدہ نقصان/خرابی (impairment) 94.745 ملین روپے ہے۔ ڈیویڈنڈ اور دوسری آمدنی کوملانے کے بعد خالص سر ماییکاری نقصان 48.024 ملین روپے ہے۔سرمایکاری پرغیر حقیقی نقصانات غیر متوقع منافع میں تبدیل ہونے کی امید ہے کیونکہ سال 2018 میں پی ایس انگیس کی بہتری میں اضافہ ہوا ہے

آخر میں، میں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے ممبروں کا ان کے عزم اورا نتظام کے رہنمائی اور حمایت اور شیئر زہولڈرز کے اعتاداور کمپنی کے ساتھ تعاون کاشکر بیادا کرنا جیا ہتا ہوں۔ میں چیف ایگزیکٹواوران کی ٹیم اپنی اعلی کوششوں،اعتقاداوراخلاقیات کے لئے نیک خواہشات کا اظہار کرتا ہوں

> اساعيل ايج ذكريا چئیر مین

كراچى 27 مارچ 2018

Directors' Report

The Directors of the Company take pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements and Auditors report thereon for the year ended December 31, 2017.

OPERATIONAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR 2017

The comparative financial highlights of your Company for the year ended 31st December, 2017 are as

	2017	2016
	Rs. in	Million
Gross Premium		
(Including Takaful Contribution)	1230.175	1226.215
Net Premium	357.654	359.414
Net Incurred Claims		
(including IBNR)	88.160	101.720
Management Expenses	137.732	132.486
Underwriting Profit	71.087	64.289
Investment Income	(48.024)	99.009
Profit/Loss before Taxation	(25.547)	115.539
Profit/Loss after Taxation	(46.745)	100.689
Earnings per Share (EPS) (Rs.) (0.83)	1.79

Your Company underwrote gross premium of Rs.1230.175 million (inclusive of Rs.74.774 million of Takaful Contribution) against Rs.1226.215 million of the last year showing an increase of Rs.3.96 million. The net premium marginally decreased from Rs.359.414 to Rs.357.654 million, i.e. decrease of Rs.1.76 million.

Claims incurred during the year were Rs.88.16 million against Rs.101.720 million of the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs.13.564 million. However Management Expenses marginally increased from Rs.132.486 million to Rs.137.732 an increase of Rs.5.246 million. Your Company has earned underwriting profit for Rs.71.086 million from its core business, but due to the reduction in prices of equities held under the Head Investment, incurred net loss for Rs.25.547 i.e., after consuming Return on Securities, Capital Gain & dividend income for Rs.46.780 million.

APPROPRIATION

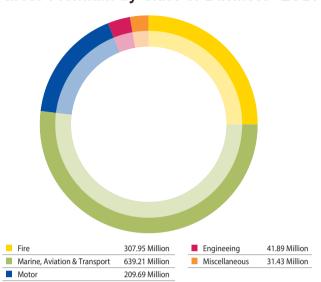
APPROPRIATION	(Rs. in million)	
Unappropriate profit brought forward from previous year	26.594	
Loss after tax for the year ended December 31, 2017	(46.744)	
Loss carried forward	(20.150)	

INVESTMENT

The overall investment policy of your Company continues unchanged i.e., preference to Shariah Complaint Islamic Funds securing risk - free returns.

The shares portfolio of RICL is diversified amongst various sectors fundamentally focusing on blue chip

Gross Premium by Class of Business -2017



scrips having high dividend yields / paying bonuses and also future growth prospects and to maintain balance between fixed income securities and equities. The portfolio remains under surveillance of the investment committee.

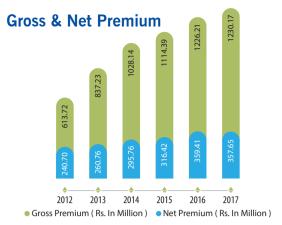
All impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account. Provision for impairment are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Changes in the provisions are recognized as income or expense.

Dividend Income stood at Rs. 32.993 million in 2017 compared to previous year of Rs. 28.216 million an increase of 16.93%. Your company has realized capital gain of Rs. 5.922 million against Rs. 11.690 million, of the previous year and unrealized loss for Rs. 94.795 million compared to Rs. 46.134 million gain of the previous year. The total investment income / loss for 2017 stood at Rs. (48.024) million against Rs. 99.009 million income in 2016.

Your company continues generating a significant portion of its investment income from sustainable sources such as interest & dividends and capital gain ensuring healthy cash flow. The market value of Investment portfolio stood at Rs.676.946 million as at 31st December 2017 and Cash and Bank Deposits Accounts stood at Rs.186.934 million, against 146.958 million in 2016.

CLAIMS

The Company recognize liability in respect of all claims incurred up to the Balance Sheet date which is measured at the undiscounted value of the expected future payments.



The provision for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is made at the balance sheet date. In compliance with SECP Circular no.9 of 2016. The Company takes Actuarial advice for the determination of IBNR claims. IBNR claims have been estimated using Chain Ladder (CL) methodology. The Chain Ladder (CL) Method involves determination of development factors or link ratios for each period. These are then subsequently combined to determine Cumulative Development Factor (CDF) which represents the extent of future development of claim to reach their ultimate level.

REINSURANCE

Your Company has successfully concluded the reinsurance arrangements for the year 2018. Swiss Re world's most prestigious and renowned Re-Insurer continues to be the leader of RIC's reinsurance programme for the year 2018. Underwriting capacity for certain lines of business has improved further in 2018, thus your Company would be able to underwrite larger risks. We are thankful to all our re-insurers for their unwavering confidence and continued support.

WINDOW TAKAFUL OPERATION

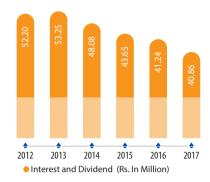
The written contribution for the year was Rs.74.774 million as against Rs.24.375 million of June to December last year. The net contribution revenue was Rs.26.310 compared to 8.167 in 2016, and profit from operator's Fund for the year was Rs.1.132 million as against loss of Rs.1.535 million of last year.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Your Company is cognizant of the importance of Information Technology and is constantly investing to expand & upgrade its technological platform. General Insurance Software 'iGIAS'; is running successfully at branch level since last many years. The quality of 'iGIAS' is that it is integrated software with all its modules i.e., Underwriting, Claim, Accounts and Reinsurance. It is (JSP) Java scripted online web-based software with Oracle data base and its data management is hassle-free and highly secure in its modesty & safety.

iGIAS has been incorporated with General Takaful services which has also been successfully implemented at branch user level for Takaful operations to satisfy short and long term day to day needs.

Interest and Dividend



The IT strategy of the Company is fully aligned with its operational requirements in order to provide swift services to our customers for their highest level of satisfaction.

JCR VIS CREDIT RATING

JCR VIS Credit Rating Company Limited - an affiliate of Japan Credit Rating Agency Limited has reaffirmed the Insurer Financial Strength (IFS) of Reliance Insurance Company Limited (RICL) at 'A' (single A). Outlook on the assigned Rating continues to be 'Positive'. Overall liquidity profile of RICL is considered sound with positive operating Cash Flow. Strong reinsurance program, improved underwriting performance. Reinsurance panel of the Company is considered strong with Swiss Re as the lead reinsurer. Retention level and treaty Capacities have witnessed steady increase given anticipated growth in business volume.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions are put up before the Audit Committee and the Board for their review and approval. These transactions have been reviewed \ recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors in their respective meetings. All transactions executed with related parties are on arm's length basis.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE LEADERSHIP SKILL PROGRAM:

Following directors have already completed Corporate Governance Leadership skills (CGLS) program of Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG). During the year one more director - Mr. Hamza Omer Bawany also completed the training program.

- 1. Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany
- 2. Mr. Zohair Zakaria
- 3. Mr. Ahmed Ali Bawany
- 4. Mr. Hamza Omar Bawany

Four Directors have completed corporate governance leadership skill (CGLS) program of Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG), while Five Directors meets the criteria of eligibility as directors of 15 years' experience on the Board of listed companies and 14 years of Education as required under code of corporate governance.

Capital & Reserves 2015 2016 2013 2014 Capital (Rs. In Million) General Reserve

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance set out by the regulatory authority have been duly complied with. A statement to this effect is annexed with the report.

CORPORATE AND **FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK**

The Company has been in compliance with the provisions set out by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the listing rules of the Pakistan Stock Exchange. There has been no material departure from best practices of the Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulation.

- a) The financial statements prepared by the management of the company fairly present its state of affairs, the results of the operations, cash flow and changes in equity.
- Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statement and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- The International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there-from has been adequately disclosed.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- The pattern of shareholding in the Company as at 31st December, 2017 is annexed to the accounts.
- There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

- h) There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance as detailed in the listing regulations.
- Key operating and financial data for the last Ten years in summarized form is annexed.

The Value of investments based on the unaudited accounts as at 31st December 2017, in respect of the Provident Fund Stands at Rs.49.529 million.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board was actively involved during the year in performing its duties including those to be performed under various relevant Laws and Memorandum and Article of Association of the Company, with the ultimate objectives of self-guarding the interest of the Shareholders, increase in profitability of the Company and promoting market confidence.

All the directors represent rich exposure of diverse field of business and professions and posses requisite skills and understanding to deal with the various business and Corporate issues and have the ability to review, analyze and challenge the management performance. They have contributed immensely in terms of their experience and practical advice.

Role of Chairman & Managing Director/CEO

Chairman of the Board is responsible to ensure that the Board is working properly and all the matters relevant to the governance of the company are considered in the Board Meetings. The Chairman presides and conducts the Board meetings and is responsible to lead the Board and ensure its effective functioning and continuous development. The Chairman has no involvement in day-to-day operations of the Company.

Managing Director/CEO

The Board of Directors appoint The Managing director / Chief Executive Officer of the Company for the tenure of three years. Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the operations of the Company and Conduct of its business in accordance with all statutory obligations and subject to the direction of the Board and power vested in him by law. His responsibilities include implementation of strategies and policies of the Board. He is responsible for exercising the overall control, direction, administration and supervision for sound and efficient management and conduct of the business of the Company. The Chairman and Managing Director meet regularly to discuss / review issues, opportunities and problems.

MD's Performance Review

The performance of the Managing Director is evaluated by the Board on annual basis based on the business activities performed during the year.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has constituted Audit, Investment and Ethics Human Resource & Remuneration Committees. comprising of the following Non-Executive Directors.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The following are the members committee.

- 1. Mr. Muhammad Omar Bawany Chairman (Non-Executive Director)
- Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany Member (Non-Executive Director)
- 3. Mr. Zohair Zakaria Member (Non-Executive Director)
- 4. Mr. Muhammad Igbal Member (Independent Director)

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee shall include the following:

- Recommending to the Board of Directors the appointment of External Auditors and consider any questions of audit fee; taking into consideration a number of factors including satisfactory rating under ICAPS quality control review program.
- Consideration of questions regarding resignation or removal of External Auditors
- iii. Determination of appropriate measures safeguard the company's assets.
- iv. Review of quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements of the Company, prior to the approval by the Board of Directors.
- v. Review of adjustments resulting from audit.
- vi. Review of preliminary announcement of results prior to publication.
- vii. Review and recommend significant related party transactions.
- viii. Compliance with applicable accounting standards.
- ix. Compliance with listing regulations and other statutory and regulatory requirements.
- Monitoring compliance with the best practices of corporate governance and identification of any significant violations thereof
- xi. Focusing on the going concern assumption, and any changes in accounting policies and practices
- xii. Review of the scope and extent of internal audit.
- xiii. Consideration of major findings of internal investigation of activities characterized by fraud, corruption and abuse of power.
- xiv. Consideration of any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the board of directors.

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Investment Committee consists of five members including Chief Executive Officer.

- 1. Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany Chairman (Non Executive Director)
- 2. Mr. Zohair Zakaria Member (Non Executive Director)
- 3. Mr. Ahmed Ali Bawany Member (Non Executive Director)
- 4 Mr A Razak Ahmed Member (Executive Director)
- 5. Mr. Haroon A. Shakoor Member Secretary

The terms of reference of this Committee shall include the following:-

- To review the overall Investment Portfolio every
- To recommend the investments to be made in equities, mutual funds, fixed income securities Sariah compliant and Government (Sukkuk) Securities.
- To review purchase and sale of investment made during the quarter and the income accruing from each sector
- To establish the benchmarks against which performance of the overall investment portfolio and its sectors are to be assessed.

ETHICS, HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The committee comprises of three members including the Chairman of this committee.

- 1. Mr. Zohair Zakaria Chairman (Non Executive Director)
- Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany Member (Non Executive Director)
- 3. Mr. A. Razak Ahmed Member (Executive Director)

The committee shall be responsible for:-

- Recommending human resource management policies to the board.
- Recommending to the board the selection and compensation (including retirement benefits) of CEO, CFO/Co. Secretary and Head of Internal Audit
- c) Periodic reviews of the amount and form of reimbursement for terminal benefits in case of retirement and death of any employee in relation to current norms.
- d) Consideration and approval on recommendation of CEO on such matters for key management positions who report directly to CEO.
- Review recruitment policy and procedures for hiring of executives.
- Review and recommend annual appraisal and salary revision of Senior Executives of the company and staff members.
- Review and approve any changes required in perquisites and benefits of Senior Executives and employees.
- Approve termination and acceptance resignations of Senior Executives
- Any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the Board of Directors.

Management Committees

The Board has also constituted three Management Committees - namely Underwriting, Reinsurance & Co-insurance, Claims Settlement and Takaful committees. These committees meet on regular basis and headed by the Chief Executive Officer. The functions and composition of the committees are given below:-

Underwriting, Reinsurance Co-Insurance Committee

The functions of the Underwriting Committee includes:-

- The Underwriting Committee formulates the underwriting policy of the Company.
- It sets out the criteria for assessing various types of insurance risks and determines the premium policy of different insurance covers.
- It regularly reviews the underwriting and premium policies of the Company with due regards to relevant factors such as the business portfolio and the market scenario.

The functions of the Re-Insurance & Co-Insurance Committee includes:-

- This committee ensures that adequate re-insurance arrangements are made for company's business.
- The Committee pursues the proposed re-insurance arrangements prior to their execution, review the arrangements from time to time and subject to the consent of the participating re-insurers, suggest appropriate adjustments from time to time.
- The Committee also assesses the effectiveness of the re-insurance programme for future reference.

The Committee consists of the following members:-

1.	Mr. A. Razak Ahmed	Chairman
2.	Mr. Rizwan Akhtar	Member
3.	Mr. Mohammad Ishaque Azim	Member
4.	Mr. Abdul Rahim	Member

Claims Settlement Committee

The functions of the Committee includes:-

- It review the class wise aging of outstanding claims
- The Committee determines the circumstances under which claims disputes shall be brought to its attention and decide how to deal with such claims
- The Committee shall review matters relating to management of claims. It oversees the claim position of the company and ensure the adequate claims reserves are made.
- The Committee pays attention to significant claims cases or event which give rise to a series of claims and oversees the implementation of the measures for combating claims.

The Committee consists of the following members:-

1.	Mr. A. Razak Ahmed	Chairman
2.	Mr. Haroon A. Shakoor	Member
3.	Mr. Sadruddin Hussain	Member
4.	Mr. Shaikh Muhammad Siddig	Member

Takaful Committee

The function of this Committee is to review the performance of the Takaful Operations and advise the Board accordingly on quarterly basis. The Committee endorse the policies and procedures to be implemented in the Takaful Operations. It recommends the appointment of key personal related to Takaful Operations. The Committee also monitors the adherence to the Takaful Rules and Shariah principal by the Takaful Operations.

The following are the members of Takaful committee:

1.	Mr. A. Razak Ahmed	Chairman
2.	Mr. Rizwan Akhtar	Member
3.	Mr. Najmullah Khan	Member
4.	Mr. Kashif Wadiwala	Member

Board of Director's Meetings

During the year Four (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held and the number of meetings attended by each Director is given hereunder:

Name of Directors	Attendance		
1. Mr. Ismail H. Zakaria	3		
2. Mr. A. Aziz Ayoob	4		
3. Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany	4		
4. Mr. Mohammad Omar Bawany	4		
5. Mr. Zohair Zakaria	1		
6. Mr. Ahmed Ali Bawany	2		
7. Mr. Noor M. Zakaria	3		
8. Mr. Hamza Omar Bawany	4		
9. Mr. Mohammad Iqbal	4		

Leave of absence was granted to the Directors who could not attend some of the Board meetings due to their busy schedules/prior engagements.

TRADING OF COMPANYS SHARES

No trading in the shares of the Company was carried-out by the Directors, CEO, CFO/ Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children except the following.

Mr. Ahmed Ali Bawany, Director of the Company has been gifted 118,577 (Physical) Shares of Reliance Insurance Company Limited by a family member.

PATTERN / CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDING

The pattern of shareholding of the company is annexed.

STATEMENT OF THE ETHICS AND BUSINESS **PRACTICES**

The Board has adopted the statement of Ethics and Business Practices. All employees are informed and are required to observe these rules of conduct.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Being a responsible corporate citizen RICL has extended its support as assistance for treatment to needy patients. A donation for Three Hundred Thousand was made to SINA Health Education & Welfare Trust.

AUDITORS

M/s. Kreston Hyder Bhimji Chartered Accountants retire at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment for the financial year ending 31st December 2018, at a fee to be mutually agreed.

The Audit Committee has recommended and the Board has endorsed the appointment of M/s. Kreston Hyder Bhimii Chartered Accountant, as auditors for the year ended 31st December 2018.

Karachi: 27 March, 2018

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Government is eveing 6.00% GDP growth rate for the year 2017-2018. The year 2018, would be an exciting and challenging year for the insurance industry in particular and the region in general. Your Company will focus on long-term profitable growth through consolidation, improvement in systems and quality management information systems facilitating prudent and real time decisions.

Takaful operations will further provide new avenues and opportunities to enhance your company's business. China Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) is a game-changer & would open new and challenging avenues for overall economic development of the country in particular and our region in general.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We would like to thank our valued customers for their continued patronage and support. We also avail this opportunity to thank all our Reinsurers including Pakistan Reinsurance Company Limited and Brokers for extending their guidance and valuable support.

We are also thankful for the continued co-operation and assistance extended by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) for their professional guidance, assistance and support over the years.

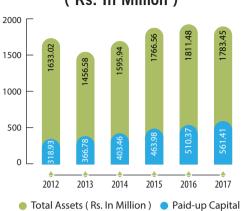
The Directors also wish to record their appreciation for the untiring efforts put in by Officers, Field Force and Staff for their dedication, sincerity and hard work for their contribution to the growth of the Company. Your Directors are also grateful to the shareholders for the confidence, support and understanding.

By Order of the Board

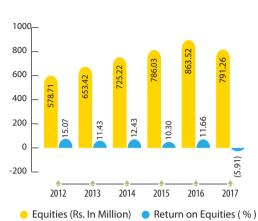
A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Graphical Presentation

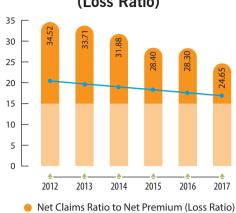
Total Assets & Paid-up Capital (Rs. In Million)



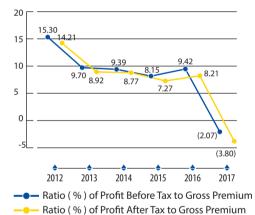
Equities & Return on Equities



Net Claims Ratio to Net Premium (Loss Ratio)



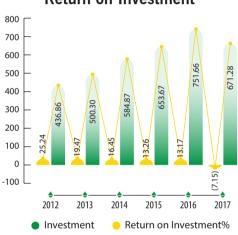
Ratio of Profit Before & After Tax to Gross Premium



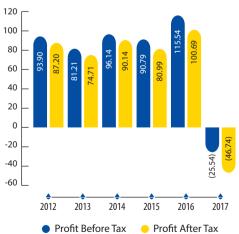
Return on Equity & Earning per Share



Return on Investment



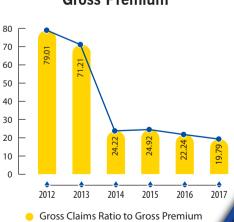
Profit Before Tax & After Tax



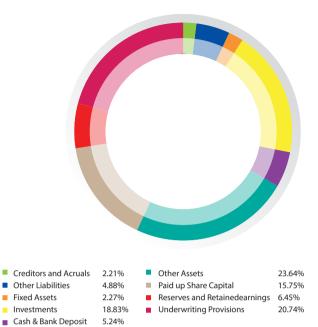
Gross Premium & Underwriting Profit



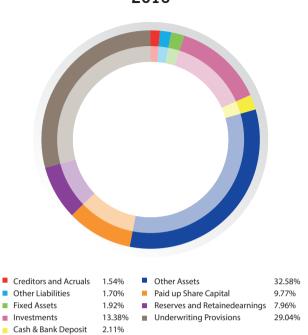
Gross Claims Ratio to Gross Premium



Assets, Liabilities & Equities 2017



Assets, Liabilities & Equities 2016

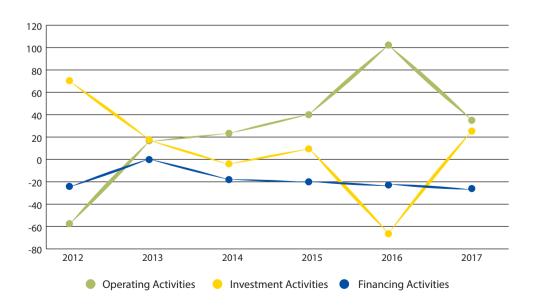


Summary of Cash Flow

Cash Flow Statement

NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
38.113	102.288	40.013	23.354	16.692	(57.429)
26.825	(66.426)	9.450	3.908	17.237	70.445
(24.963)	(22.831)	(20.035)	(18.024)	(0.111)	(24.080)



اكنالجمني

ہم اپنے معزز صارفین کا ان کی مستقل سریریتی اور تعاون کے لئے شکریدادا کرنا چاہتے ہیں۔ہم اس موقع کا فائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے اپنے تمام ری انشوررز بشمول پاکستان ری انشورنس کمپنی لمیٹڈ اور بروکرز کا بھی ان کی رہنمائی اور قابل قدر سپورٹ کے لئے شکر بیا داکرتے ہیں۔

ہم سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکچینج نمیشن آف یا کستان (SECP) اوراسٹیٹ بینک آف یا کستان (SBP) کے سالہا سال ہے مستقل تعاون اور رہنمائی کے لئے ان کی بیشہ ورانەر بېنمائى،معاونت اورسپورٹ پرشکر گزار ہیں۔

ڈائر کیٹرزافسران، فیلڈ فورس اوراساف کی جانب ہے کمپنی کی تر تی کے خمن میں ان کی شراکت کے لئے ان کی انتقاب محنت،عزم، دیا نتداری کوبھی خراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔آپ کے ڈائر مکٹر زاعتما د، تعاون اور بھروسے کے لئے شیئر ہولڈرز کے بھی مشکور ہیں۔

حسب الحكم بورة

اےعزیزالوب

ڈائر یکٹر

ايرزاق احمه

چىف اىگىزىكىۋومنىچنگ ڈائر ىكىٹر

كراچى 27 مارچ 2018

ان ڈائر کیٹرز کوغیر حاضری کے لئے چھٹی منظور کر دی گئی تھی جواینے مصروف شیڈول/ پیشگی مصروفیات کے باعث بورڈ کے کچھاجلاسوں میں شرکت نہیں کر سکے تھے۔

سمینی کے شیئر زکی ٹریڈنگ

کمپنی کے ثیئر زمیں سوائے درج ذیل کےکسی ڈائر میٹر ہی ای او ہی ایف او/ کمپنی سیکریٹری اوران کے شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں کی جانب سے کسی بھی قتم کی ٹریڈنگ نہیں کی گئی۔

جناب احماعلی ماوانی بمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹر کوخاندان کے ایک رکن نے ریلائنس انشورنس کمپنی لمپیٹر کے 577،118 فزیکل شیئر ز تخفے میں دیے

پیٹرن رکٹیگریز آفشیئرز ہولڈنگ

کمپنی کے شیئر زہولڈنگ منسلک ہے۔

ضابطها خلاق اور کاروباری طریقه کار کااشیمنٹ

بورڈ نے ضابطہ اخلاق اور کاروباری طریقہ کار کے لئے ایک اسٹیٹنٹ رائج کیا ہے۔ تمام ملاز مین کواس سے آگاہ کردیا گیا ہے اورضروری ہے کہ وہ ان ضابطہ اخلاق کی یابندی کریں۔

كار بوريك ساجي ذمه داري:

RICL ایک ذمہ دارکارپوریٹ ہونے کے ناطے ضرورت مندم یضوں کے علاج معالجے کے لیے مختلف اسپتالوں اور طبی تنظیموں کے لئے اپنی امداد میں توسیع کردی ہے۔ سینا (SINA) ہیلتھا بچوکیشن اور ویلفیئرٹرسٹ کوتین لاکھ رولے کاعطبہ دیا گیا۔

کرسٹن حیدر ہی جارٹرڈا کا دَمنتش کی سالانہ جزل اجلاس کے اختتام پرمدی ختم ہورہی ہے اور 31 دیمبر 2018 کوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لئے اپنے آپ کو متفقه معاوضه پر پیش کرتے ہیں۔ آ ڈٹ کمیٹی 31 دیمبر 2018 کونتم ہونے والےسال کے لئے میسرز کیرسٹن حیدرجیم جی، چارٹرڈا کاوئٹیٹس کی بحثیت آ ڈیٹرز کی تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے اور بورڈ نے اسکی تو ثیق کردی ہے۔

سال 2018-2017 کے لئے حکومت نے %6.00 جی ڈی کی گروتھ ریٹ پرنگاہ ہے۔ سال 2018 عام طور پر علاقے میں اور خاص طور پرانشورنس کی صنعت کے لئے ایک دلچیپ اور چیلنج کا سال ہو گا۔ آپ کی کمپنی مجموعی کوششوں،سٹم میں بہتری اورمختاط و بروقت فیصلوں پرعملدرآ مد کےسلسلے میں کوالٹی مینجینٹ انفارمیشن سٹم کے ذریعے طویل مدتی منافع بخش ترقی پرنگاہ رکھے ہوئے ہے۔

مزید برآں، تکافل آپریشنز آپ کی کمپنی کے کاروبار کو بڑھانے کے لئے مزید مواقع اور نئی راہیں فراہم کرے گا۔ چین یاکتان اقتصادی راہداری (CPEC) خطے کا نوشہ بدل دینے والامنصوبہ ہے۔اوراس سے عام طور پر خطے میں اور خاص طور پر جمارے ملک کی ترقی کے لئے نئی اور چیلنجنگ را ہیں کھلیں گی

سمیٹی درج ذیل ممبران پر شتمل ہے: 1- جناب اے رزاق احمد چیئر مین 2- جناب ہارون اے شکور ممبر 3- صدر الدین حسین ممبر 4- شخ محمصد بق ممبر

يكافل تميثي

اس کمیٹی کا تکافل آپریشنز کی کارکردگی کاجائزہ لینااور سہ ماہی بنیاد پر بورڈ کومشورہ دینا ہے۔ کمیشن تکافل آپریشنز میں پالیسیوں کے نافذ کرنے اور طریقہ کارکی تو ثیق کرتی ہے۔ یہ بیٹی تکافل آپریشنز کی طرف سے تکافل قواعدوشر کی پہنی نگرانی کرتا تو ثیق کرتی ہے۔ یہ بیٹی تکافل آپریشنز کی طرف سے تکافل قواعدوشر کی پہنی نگرانی کرتا

	ج ذیل ممبران پرشتنل ہے۔	ہے سمینٹی در
چیئر مین	جناب اے رزاق احمہ	-1
ممبر	جناب رضوان اختر	-2
ممبر	جناب مجم الله خان	-3
ممبر	جناب كاشف وادلى والا	-4

بورد آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے اجلاس

سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز کے جار (4)اجلاس منعقد ہوئے اور ہرایک ڈائز کیٹر کی جانب سے اجلاسوں میں شرکت کی تعداد ذیل میں درج ہے۔

اجلاس میں حاضری	ڈائز یکٹرز کے نام
3	1-جناب اساعيل الحج ذكريا
4	2-جنابا <i>ے عزیز ا</i> یوب
4	3-جناب عرفان ذكرياباواني
4	4-جناب محمة عمر بإواني
1	5-جناب زوهيرذ كريا
2	6-جناب احمر على بإوانى
3	7-جناب نورايم ذكريا
4	8-جناب حمزه عمر بإوانی
4	9- جناب محمدا قبال

مينجمنك كميثيال

بورڈنے تین انظامی کمیٹیاں بنام انڈررا کٹنگ،ری انشورنس اورکو۔انشورنس، کلیمز اور تکافل سمیٹیاں بھی تشکیل دی ہیں۔ یہ کمیٹیاں یا قاعد گی کے ساتھ اجلاس منعقد کرتی ہیںاور چیف ایگزیکٹو قیسر کی سربراہی میں کام کررہی ہیں۔کمیٹیوں کی تشکیل اورامور وفرائض ذیل میں درج کئے گئے ہیں۔

انڈررائٹنگ،ری انشورنس اور کوانشورنس تمیٹی

انڈررائٹنگ میٹی کے فرائض میں شامل ہے:

انڈررائٹنگ کمیٹی کمپنی کی انڈررائٹنگ پالیسی تشکیل دیتی ہے۔

یہ ہمیہ خطرات کی مختلف اقسام کانعین کرنے کے لئے معیار طے کرتی ہے اور مختلف انشورنس کورز کی پریمیم یالیسی کانعین کرتی ہے۔

یہ با قاعدگی کے ساتھ ممپنی کی انڈررائٹنگ اور پر بمیم یالیسیوں کا جائزہ لینے کے ساتھ متعلقہ عناصر مثلاً برنس پورٹ فولیواور مارکیٹ کی صورتحال پر بھی نگاہ رکھتی ہے۔

ری انشورنس اور کوانشورنس تمیٹی کے فرائض میں شامل ہے:

یہ پیٹی کمپنی کے کاروبار کے لئے گئے جانے والےموز وں ری انشورنس انتظامات کونیٹی بناتی ہے۔

سمیٹی مجوزہ ری انشورنس انتظامات کی ان کی بھیل سے بل تگرانی کرتی ہے، وقاً فو قبّاً نتظامات کا جائزہ لیتی ہے اورشرکت کرنے والے ری-انشور رز کی اجازت ہے مشروط وقباً فو قباً مناسب وموز وں انتظامات تجویز کرتی ہے۔

سمیٹی مستقبل کے حوالے کے لئے ری انشورنس پروگرام کے موثر ہونے کا جائزہ بھی لیتی ہے۔

سمیٹی درج ذیل ممبران پرمشتمل ہے۔

چیئر مین جناب اے رزاق احمد

جناب رضوان اختر ممبر -2

جناب اسحاق عظيم -3

جناب عبدالرحيم -4

كليمز تمييلي

سمیٹی کے فرائض میں شامل ہے:

- بہواجبالا داکلیمز کی درجہ بندی کےساتھ مدت کا جائزہ لیتی ہے۔
- یہ پیٹی ان حالات کانعین کرتی ہے جس کے تحت کلیمز کے تنازعات اس کی توجہ کے لئے سامنے لائے گئے اور یہ فیصلہ کرتی ہے کہا لیے متنازعہ سکلیمز
- سمیٹی کلیمز کے انتظامات ہے متعلق امور کا جائز ہ لیتی ہے۔ سیمپنی کے کلیم یوزیشن کی نگرانی کے ساتھ مناسب کلیم اثاثہ جات کی موجود گی کویٹینی بناتی ہے۔ 0
- سمیٹ کلیمز کے نمایاں کیسز یا واقعات پرتوجہ دیتی ہے جوگلیمز کی سپریز کے لئے اٹھائے جاتے ہیں اورکلیمز سے نمٹنے کے لئے اقدامات پرعملدرآ مد کی نگرانی کرتی ہے۔

انویسٹمنٹ تمیٹی

انویسٹمنٹ کمیٹی یا خچ ممبران بشمول چیف ایگزیکٹوآ فیسر پرشتمل ہے۔

1- جناعرفان ذکر ماباوانی چیئر مین (نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر)

2- جناب زوہیر ذکریا ممبر (نان ایکزیکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر)

3- جناب احمعلی باوانی ممبر (نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر)

4- جناباكرزاق احمد ممبر (ايگزيكٹو ۋائريكٹر)

5- جناب ہارون اے شکور ممبر (سیکریٹری)

اس کمیٹی کے ٹرمزآ ف ریفرنس میں درج ذیل امورشامل ہوں گے۔

o بہ ہرسہ ماہی برسر ماہ کاری کے پورٹ فولیو کا جائز ہ لے گی۔

o کمپٹی ایکویٹیز ،میوچل فنڈ ز ،فلسڈ انکم سیکورٹیز ،شریعیے کمپلینٹ اورسر کاری (سکوک) سیکورٹیز میں کی جانے والی سرمار کاریوں کی سفارش کرتی ہے۔

o سے ماہی کے دوران ہرایک شعبے میں حاصل ہونے والی آ مدنی سے کی جانے والی سر مابیکاریوں کی خرپداری اور فروخت کا جائزہ۔

اہداف کاتعین کرنا جس کے تحت مجموعی سر ماید کاری کے پورٹ فولیواوراس کے سیٹرز کی کارکرد گی کا جائزہ لیتے ہیں۔

التهیکس، هیومن ریسورس و ری میوزیش ممیلی:

سمیٹی تین ممبران بشمول اس کمیٹی کے چیئر مین پر شتمل ہے

1- جناب زوہیر ذکریا چیئر مین (نان۔ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر)

2- جناعرفان ذكر بإباواني ممبر (نان ـ ايكزيكو دُائر يكثر)

3- جناباكرزاق احمد ممبر (اليَّز يَكُووْالرَيكُرْ)

کمیٹی درج ذیل امور کی ذمے دار ہوگی۔

اے) بورڈ کو ہیومن ریسورس مینجنٹ کی پالیسیوں کی سفارش کرنا۔

بی بورڈ کوی ای اوبی ایف اور معاون سیریٹری اورانٹرن آ ڈٹ کے ہیڈ کے انتخاب اور معاوضے (بشمول ریٹائر منٹ کے فوائد) کی سفارش کرنا۔

سی) کسی ملازم کی سبکدوثی اور دوران ملازمت انتقال ہونے کی صورت میں ٹرمینل فوائد کے لئے زرتلافی کی رقم اوراس کی شکل کا با قاعدگی ہے جائز ہ لینا۔

ڈی) اہم انتظامی پوزیشنز کے لئے ایسے معاملات جہال پر براہ راست ہی ای اوکور پورٹ کرنی ہو،ان پرسی ای اوکی سفارشات پرغور وخوض اور منظوری دینا۔

ای) ایکزیکٹوز کی خدمات حاصل کرنے کے لئے ریکروٹمنٹ پالیسی اورطریقنہ کار کا جائزہ لینا۔

ایف) کمپنی کے سینئرا گیزیکٹوز اوراسٹاف ممبرز کی سالا نہ ترقی اور تنخواہوں پرنظر ثانی کا جائز ہ لینااور سفارشات دینا۔

جی) سینئرا بگزیکٹوز اور ملاز مین کی مراعات اورفوا ئد کے سلسلے میں درکار تبدیلیوں کا حائز ہ لینااورمنظوری۔

ا 🕏) سینئرا گیزیکٹوکی برطر فی اوراستعفوں کی منظوری۔

آئی) کوئی بھی ایبادیگرامور جو بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی جانب ہے تفویض کیا گیا ہو۔

ايم **دي** کي کارکردگي کا جائزه:

ایم ڈی کی کارکردگی سال کے دوران کمپنی کی کاروباری سرگرمیوں کی بنیاد پر بورڈ کی طرف سالانہ بنیاد پرتعین کی حاتی ہے

بورڈ کمیٹیز:

بورڈنے درج ذیل نانا گیزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرز مرشتمل آ ڈٹ،انویسٹمنٹ اور ہومن ریپورس و ری میوزیشن کمیٹیال تشکیل دی ہیں۔ آ ڈے کمپنی کے ممبران درج ذیل ہیں:

آ ڈیٹے کمپیٹی

چيئر مين (نان _ا يگزيکوڈ ائريکٹر) جناب عمر باوانی

ممبر(نان ـ ایگزیگوڈ ائریکٹر) جنابعرفان ذكرياباواني

ممبر(نان الآيزيكيودْائريكير) جناب زوہیرذ کریا -3

ممبر(نان_ا بَيْزِيكُودُ ابْرِيكُمْ) جناب محمدا قبال -4

آ ڈے میٹی کے ٹرمزآ ف ریفرنس میں مندرجہ ذیل نکات شامل ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈئز کیٹرز کو بیرونی آڈیٹرز کے تقرر کی سفارش کی حاتی ہےاورآ ڈٹ کےعلاوہ بیرونی آڈیٹرز کی جانب سے کسی سروس کے حصول کے لئے آڈٹ فیس کے (i بارے میں غور وخوض کواٹی کنٹرول کا جائزہ لینے کے ICAPS پروگرام کے بحت تسلی بخش درجہ بندی سمیت عوامل برغور۔

> ببرونی آڈیٹرز کےاستعفے بابرطر فی سے متعلق سوالات رغوروخوض۔ (ii

کمپنی کے اثاثہ جات کومحفوظ رکھنے کے لئے مناسب وموز وں اقد امات کانعین۔ (iii

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی منظوری ہے تیل کمپنی کے سہ ماہی ، ششماہی اور سالا نہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کا جائز ہ۔ (iv

> آ ڈٹ سے حاصل نتائج پرایڈ ششمنٹس کا جائزہ۔ (v

اشاعت ہے بل نتائج کے ابتدائی اعلان کا جائز ہ۔ (vi

اہم متعلقہ بارٹی ٹرانز یکشنز کا جائز ہ اورسفارش۔ (vii

نافذالعمل ا كاؤنٹنگ اسٹینڈ رڈ زیمِل درآ مد۔ (viii

لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز اور دیگر بنیا دی اور ریگولیٹری نثرا نظر ممل درآ مد۔ (ix

کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے بہترین طریقہ کارپڑمل درآ مد کی نگرانی اور سی نمایاں خلاف ورزی کی شناخت اوروضاحت۔ (x

> متوقع امور برتوجه دینااورا کا وُنٹنگ پالیسیوں اورطریقه کارمیں تبریلیاں۔ (xi

> > اندرونی آ ڈٹ کےاسکوباورتوسیع کاحائزہ۔ (xii

فراذ، بدعنوانی اوراختیارات کے ناجائز استعال کے ذریعے سامنے آنے والی سرگرمیوں کی بنیادی حیمان بین اوراندرونی تحقیقات برغور وخوض۔ (xiii

> کسی دیگرمسکلے باامور برغور وخوض جو کہ بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کی جانب ہے پیش کیا جائے۔ (xiv

- ا۔۔ کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کردہ مالیاتی حسابات شفاف انداز میں امور کار، آپریشنز کے نتائج ،کیش فلواورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلیوں میں واضح کردیۓ گئے ہیں
 - بی۔ کمپنی کے اکاؤنٹس کی با قاعدہ کتب مرتب کی ہیں
- س۔ مالی تفصیلات اور ہی تخمینوں کومرتب کرنے کے لئے مناسب حساب داری پالیسیوں کانسلسل سےاطلاق کیا جاتا ہے جو کہ مناسب اورمختاط فیصلوں پر مخصر ہیں۔
- ڈی۔ انٹریشنل فنانشل رپورٹنگ اسٹیند رڈز (IFRS) جبیبا کہ پاکستان میں نافذ العمل ہیں،مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں لا گو کئے جاتے ہیں اور مشحکم فیصلوں پر مخصر ہوتی ہیں۔
 - ای۔ اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام متحکم طور پرڈیزائن کیا گیاہے اورموثر طور پر نافذ العمل ہونے کے ساتھ اسکی با قاعد گی ہے تگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
 - ایف۔ 31 دیمبر 2017 کےمطابق کمپنی میں پیٹرن آف شیئرز ہولڈنگ کھاتوں کےساتھ منسلک ہے۔
 - جی۔ اس امر میں کوئی شبہات نہیں کہ مینی میں آ گے بڑھنے کی صلاحت موجود ہے۔
 - ا پچ۔ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے بہترین طریقہ کارےانجاف کا کوئی جوازنہیں جیسا کیلسٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں درج ہے۔
 - آئی۔ گزشتہ دن سالوں کے لئے اہم آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی مواد مختصر شکل میں منسلک ہے۔

31 دسمبر 2017 کےمطابق پراویڈنٹ فنڈ کی رقومات کےسلسلے میں غیرآ ڈٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس پر مخصر سرماییکاریوں کی ویلیو 49.528 ملین روپے پر برقرار ہے۔

بورد آف د ائر يكٹرز:

بورڈ پورے سال کے دوران اپنے فرائض کوانجام دینے میں موثر طور پرمصروف عِمل رہابشمول ان امور کے جومتعلقہ قوانین اور کمپنی کے میمورنڈم اور آرٹیکل آف ایسوی ایش کے تحت انجام دیئے گئے اوران سب کا بنیادی ہدف شیئر زہولڈرز کے اثاثہ جات میں اضافہ کرنا تھا اور بنیادی ہدف شیئر زہولڈرز کے اثاثہ جات میں اضافہ اور مارکیٹ میں اعتاد کوفروغ دینا تھا۔

تمام ڈائر کیٹرز کاروباراوراپنے پیشے کے مختلف شعبوں کی بھر پورمہارت کے حامل ہیں اور مختلف کاروباری اور کار لپوریٹ امور کے ساتھ نمٹنے کے لئے ضروری مہارت اورا سے سمجھنے کی صلاحیت رکھنے کے ساتھ تمامتر معاملات پرعبورر کھنے، ان کا جازہ لینے اورائرظامی کارکردگی کے چیلنج کو پوراکرنے کا اہل ہیں۔وہ اپنج تجربے اور مملی مشاورت کے خمن میں بھی بھر پورشراکت رکھتے ہیں۔

چیئر مین و ایم ڈی رسی ای او کا کردار:

بورڈ کا چیئر مین اس امرکو بھینی بنانے کے ذمہ دار ہے کہ بورڈ مناسب اور سیچ طریقے سے کام کر رہاہے اور کمپنی کے گورنینس سے متعلقہ تمام معاملات بورڈ کے اجلاس میں زیرِ غور لانا ہے۔ چیئر مین بورڈ کے اجلاس کا انعقاد اور صدارت کرتا ہے اور بورڈ کی قیادت اور اس کی مؤثر کام کاج اور سلسل ترقی کو بیتی بنانے کی ذمہ دارہے سمپنی کے روز مرہ کی کارروائیوں چیئر مین میں کی کوئی شمولیت نہیں ہے

ایم ڈی رسی ای او:

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کمپنی کے ایم ڈی رچیف ایکو کیٹیو آفیسر کو تین سال کے لیے مقرر کرتا ہے۔ چیف ایگز کیٹو آفیسر بورڈ کی رہنمائی اور قانون میں دیئے گیے اختیار کے مطابق مینی کے آپریشنز اوراس کے کاروبار کے انعقاد کی کارروائیوں کے لئے ذمہدار ہے۔ ان کی ذمہدار بول میں بورڈ کی حکمت مملی اور پالیسیوں اوکا نفاذ شامل ہیں۔ یہ کپنی کے آپریشنز اوراس کے کاروبار کی مضبوط اور موثر انتظام اورانعقاد کے لیے مجموع طور پر کنٹرول ، سمت ، انتظامیا اور گرانی کے لئے ذمہدار ہے۔ سمپنی کے جائزے اور مسائل پر بات چیت کے کے کاروبار کی مضبوط اور موثر انتظام کی بات جیت کے لئے چیئر مین اور ایم ڈی کے مابین با قاعدہ ملاقاتیں ہوتی رہتی ہیں۔

'iGIAS' گزشته کی سالوں سے برانچ کی سطح یرکامیا بی کے ساتھ نافذالعمل ہے 'iGIAS' کی خصوصیت اس کے تمام ہاڈیونزیعنی،انڈررائٹنگ، کلیمز،اکاؤنٹس اور ری۔انشورنس ایک ساتھ مربوط ہے۔یہ(JSP) حاوا اسکریٹ اوریکل ڈیٹا ہیں کے ساتھ آن لائن دیب ہیں سافٹ دیئر ہےاوراس کے ڈیٹا نیجے نیے بریثانی ہے آزاد اور بہت زیادہ محفوظ ہے

iGIAS میں جزل تکافل کی سروسزکوشامل کیا گیاہے اور مختصرا ورطویل مدتی تکافل کارروائیوں کے لئے برانچ کی سطح پرنافذ لعمل ہے۔ اپنے صارفین کوسوئفٹ خدمات فراہم کرنے کے لئے کمپنی کی انفار میشن ٹیکنالوجی کی حکمت عملی کلمل طور پر میں اس کی آپریشنل ضروریات کے ساتھ منسلک کیا گیاہے

حى آروى آئى ايس (JCR VIS) كريرْ اينك:

ہے ی آروی آئی ایس کر پڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی ۔ جو کہ حامان کر پٹٹ ریٹنگ ایجنسی کمپیٹر سے منسلک ہے، نے ریلائنس انشورنس کمپنی کمپیٹر کی "Single A" پر انشورروفانشل اسٹرینتھ (IFS) کی دوبارہ تصدیق کردی ہے۔اورآؤٹ لگ مثبت"Postive Outlook" ہے۔ریٹنگ میں منتحکم کیویڈیٹی پر یوفائل ،موزوں ومناسب سرمایہ کار اشاریاورریانشورنس پروگرام سمیت بہتر ہوتی ہوئی انڈررائٹنگ کارکردگی شامل ہے

متعلقه يارٹی ٹرانسيکشنز:

تمام متعلقہ پارٹی ٹرانسیکشنز کوآ ڈٹ کمیٹی اور پورڈ کےروبرو ان کے جائزےاور منظوری کے لئے رکھا جار ہاہے۔ان ٹرانسیکشنز کا جائز ہرسفارش آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی جانب سے لیا گیااور بورڈ آف ڈاریکٹرز کی جانب سےان کےمتعلقہ اجلاسوں میںا نکی منظوری دی گئی۔تمام ٹرانسیکشنز متعلقہ پارٹیوں کےساتھان کی ضرورت کی بنیاد پر بھیل دی گئیں۔

كاربوريك كورننس ليڈرشپ اسكل بروگرام

یا کستان انٹیٹیوٹ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس سے درج ذیل ڈاریکٹرز نے کارپوریٹ گورننس لیڈرشپ اسکل پروگرام مکمل کرلیا ہے۔اس سال ایک اور ڈاریکٹر جنا بے جز وعمر باوانی نے ریڑ بننگ پروگرام مکمل کرلیاہے۔

ا ـ جنابعرفان ذكر ما ما واني

۲_جنابزوهير ذكريا

س_ جنابا*حرعلی* باوانی

٣- جناب حمزه عمر باوانی

چارڈار بکٹرزنے پاکستان انٹیٹیوٹ آف کارپوریٹ گوننس سے کارپوریٹ گوننس لیڈرشپاسکل پروگرامکمل کرلیاہے جبکہ پانچ ڈائر بکٹرز کارپوریٹ گوننس کے تحت اہلیت کے معیار، کمپنیوں کے بورڈ پر 15 سال ڈائر یکٹر کے تج بے کے اور 14 سال کی تعلیم رکھتے ہیں

كود آف كاربوريك گورننس يرعملدر آمد كالشيمينك:

کوڈ آف کاریوریٹ گورنینس کی شرائط جو کہ ریگولیٹری اتھارٹی کی جانب سے طے کردہ میں ان بیعملدرآ مدکیا جارہاہے۔اس سلسلے میں ایک اشٹیٹینٹ ریورٹ ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

كاربوريك اورفنانشل ربور شككا فريم ورك:

کمپنی سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایجیج نیمیشن آف یا کستان کی جانب سے طے کر دہ شقوں اور پاکستان اشاک ایجیج کے لسٹنگ قواعد پڑمل درآ مدکرر ہی ہے۔اس میں کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے بہتر طریقہ کارسے انحراف ممکن نہیں جیسا کہ سٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں تفصیلی طور بر درج ہے۔ سر ما یکاری میں نقصانات کو پرافٹ اینڈلاس اکا وَنٹ میں ظاہر کیا جاتا ہے۔ایسے نقصانات کے لیے مختص کی گئی گنجائش پر ہربیلنس ثیٹ کی تاریخ پرنظر ثانی کی جاتی ہے۔اوراس میں اس وقت کے بہترین تخمینوں کےمطابق ردوبدل کیا جاتا ہے۔اس گنجائش میں ردوبدل آمدن یا اخراجات کی شکل میں ظاہر کیا جاتا ہے

منافع منظمہ کی آمدنی 2017 میں 32.993 ملین روپے تھی جبکہ گزشتہ سال ہر آم 28.216 ملین روپے تھی اس طرح اس سال 16.93 فیصد اضافہ ہے۔ آپکی کی خطب کی نظر شد سال کے 46.134 ملین روپ کے مقابلے میں 5.922 ملین روپ کے کہتا ہے۔ 5.922 ملین روپ کے کہتا ہے۔ 46.134 ملین روپ کے برخلاف مقابلے میں 94.795 ملین روپ کے برخلاف مقابلے میں 99.009 ملین روپ کے کی نیوسلیم شدہ نقصان کا اندراج کیا ہے۔ 2017 میں سرمایکاری پرنقصان (48.024) ملین روپ کے برخلاف میں 2016 میں 99.009 ملین روپ کے برخلاف

آپی کی کمپنی پائیدار ذرائع مثلاً شرح سوداور منافع منقسمہ اور کمپیلی گین ہے اسکی سرماییکار آمدنی کا ایک بڑا حصہ حاصل کرنے کی کوششوں کو جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے تاکہ مناسب کیش حصول کا ذریعہ پیدا کیا جائے۔ سرماییکاری کے پورٹ فولیو کی مارکیٹ ویلیو 311 دسمبر 2017 کو 676.946 ملین روپے پر برقر ارتھی اور بینک ڈپازٹس اکا وَمْشُ سرماییکاری کی سطح 2016 کے 466.958 ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں 186.934 ملین روپے رہی

كليمز

واجب الاداکلیمز بیلنس شیٹ کی تاریخ تک ہونے والے تمام کلیمز کے شمن میں ہوتی ہے اوراس کہ متنقبل میں متوقع اوائیکیوں کی غیر تحفیف شدہ مالیت کے طور پر ظاہر کیا جاتا ہے۔

رى ـ انشورنس:

آپی کمپنی نے سال 2018 کے لئے ری۔انشورنس انتظامات نہایت معتبر ہیں۔ معروف اوراعلی شہرت یافتہ سوکس ری (Swiss Re) سال 2018 کے آر آئی می ایل کے ری انشورنس پروگرام کے لئے ری انشورنس پروگرام کے لئے ری اضافہ کردیا ہے۔ اہل کے ری انشورنس پروگرام کے لئے دری کا معلق میں مزیداضافہ کردیا ہے۔ اس طرح آ کی کمپنی کو بڑے خطرات کو انڈررائٹ کرنے کی صلاحیت حاصل ہوگئ ہے۔ہم غیر متزلزل اعتاداور متنقل سپورٹ و تعاون کے لئے اپنے تمام ری انشوررز کے انتہائی ممنون اور شکر گزار ہیں

ونڈو تکافل آپریش:

اس سال تحریری شراکت 74.774 ملین روپے رہی جب کہ گزشتہ سال جون تادیمبر 24.375 ملین روپے تھی۔خالص شراکت داری آمدنی گزشتہ سال کی 8.167 ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں 26.310 ملین روپے رہی۔ونڈو تکافل آپریشز سے آپریٹرفنڈ میں 1.132 ملین روپے کا نقع ہوا ہے جو کہ گزشتہ سال 1.535 ملین روپے نقصان تھا

انفارمیشن ٹیکنالوجی:

آپ کی کمپنی انفارمیشن ٹیکنالوجی کی اہمیت ہے آگاہ ہے اور مسلسل توسیع اوراس کی تکنیکی پلیٹ فارم کواپ گریڈ کرنے کی سرماییکاری کررہی ہے۔ جزل انشورنس سافٹ ویئر

ڈائر ^{بی}ٹرزر پورٹ:

آپ کے ڈائر کیٹر زبمسرت 31 دسمبر 2017 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے سالانہ رپورٹ بشمول آڈٹ شدہ حسابات پیش کررہے ہیں

سال2017 کے لئے آپریشنل نتائج:

31 دسمبر 2017 کوختم ہونے والی مدت کے لئے آپ کی مینی کی تقابلی مالی جھلکیاں مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

2016	2017 رویے ملین میں	
1226.215	1230.175	مجموعی پریمیم(تکافل شرا کت سمیت)
359.414	357.654	خالص پریمیم
101.720	88.160	غالص حاصل كرده كليم (بشمول IBNR)
132.486	137.732	انتظامی اخراجات
64.289	71.087	انڈررا کٹنگ آمدنی
99.009	(48.024)	سرماییکار آمدنی
115.539	(25.547)	نفع ؍ نقصان قبل ڈیکس
100.689	(46.745)	نفع ر نقصان بعداز ٹیکس
1.97	(0.83)	آمدنی فی شیئر (EPS)

آپ کی کمپنی نے 1230.175 ملین روپے (بشول 74.774 ملین روپے تکافل شراکند اری) کا مجموعی پریمیم ظاہر کیا ہےا سکے برخلاف گزشتہ سال کا حجم 1226.215 ملین روپے تھاجس سے 3.96 ملین روپے اضافہ واضح ہوتا ہے۔خالص پریمیم شمول تکافل معمول کمی کے ساتھ 359.414 ملین روپے سے کم ہوکر 357.654 ملین رویے ہوا۔ یعنی 1.76 ملین رویے کم رہا

سال کے دوران کلیمز پر 88.16 ملین روپے صرف کئے گئے جبکہ گزشتہ سال سال کے دوران کلیمز پر 88.16 ملین روپے م ہیں۔ تاہم انظامی اخراجات معمولی اضافہ سے 132.486 ملین روپے سے بڑھرکر 137.732 ملین روپے ہوئے اور اس میں 5.246 ملین روپے اضافہ ہوا۔ آپ کی کمپنی نے کواینے بنیادی کاروبارسے 71.086ملین رویے منافع ہوا ہے کین سر ماریکاری کے تحت ایوپئٹی (Shares) کی قیمتوں میں کمی کی دجیہ ہے 25.547 ملین رویے کا نقصان رہا جو کہ سکیوریٹیز برمنافع، کمپیٹل گین اورڈ یویڈنڈے ہونے والی 46.780ملین رویے کی آمدنی کے ایڈجشمنٹ کے بعد ہے

منافع اورفوائد كامختص كرنا:

(ملین روپے)	
26.594	گزشتەسال سەلائى گئى رقم:
(46.744)	بعداز ٹیکس اس سال کا نقصان:
(20.150)	مخض کرنے کے موجودہ نقصان:

سر مايه کاري:

آپ کی کمپنی سر ماہیہ پالیسی اس انداز میں جاری ہے اور شریعہ کمپلیٹ طویل مدتی سرمایہ کاری کی خطرات سے تحفظ آزاد منافع جات برتر جمح دی گئی ہے آرآئی تی ایل کاشئیر زیورٹ فولیوخوب انچھی طرح پھیلا ہوا اور مختلف شعبوں میں تقسیم شدہ ہے اور بنیا دی طور پربلیوجیپ اسکریٹس پرتوجہ رکھی گئی ہے جوبہترین منافع منقسمہ کے حصول، بونس کی ادائیگیوں اورمستقبل میں ترقی کے امکانات کی حامل ہے۔ پورٹ فولیو سر ماریکار کمیٹی کی زیرنگرانی رہتا ہے۔

7 Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurer

for the year ended December 31, 2017

This statement is being presented in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance, for Insurers, 2016 for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby an insurer is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance. The Code of Corporate Governance as contained in Regulation No. 5.19.24 of the listing Regulation of the Pakistan Stock Exchange.

Reliance Insurance Company Limited has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

1. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes.

Sr. No.	Name	Category	Sr. No.	Name	Category
1	Mr. Ismail H. Zakaria	Non-Executive	7	Mr. Noor M. Zakaria	Non-Executive
2	Mr. A. Aziz Ayoob	Non-Executive	8	Mr. Hamza Omar Bawany	Non-Executive
3	Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany	Non-Executive	9	Mr. Muhammad Iqbal	Independent
4	Mr. Mohammad Omar Bawany	Non-Executive	10	Mr. A. Razak Ahmed	Executive
5	Mr. Zohair Zakaria	Non-Executive] -0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Director
6	Mr. Ahmed Ali Bawany	Non-Executive			

The independent directors meet the criteria of independence as laid down under the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 3. All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayer and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company. A DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by a stock exchange.
- 4. No casual vacancy occurred on The Board during the year.
- 5. The Company has prepared "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company alongwith its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the Chief Executive Officer and the key officers, have been taken by the Board.
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. The Board has established a system of sound internal control, which is effectively implemented at all levels within the Company. The Company has adopted and complied with all the necessary aspects of internal controls given in the Code.
- 10. Four Directors have completed corporate governance leadership skill (CGLS) program of Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG), while Six Directors meets the criteria of eligibility as directors of 15 years experience on the Board of listed companies and 14 years of education as required under code of corporate governance.
- 11. There was no new appointment of Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit during the year. The Board has however, approved the remunerations of CFO / Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit on recommendation of Ethics, Human Resource and Remuneration Committee as determined by CEO.

- 12. The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 13. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 14. The directors, CEO and other executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 15. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 16. The Board has formed the following Management Committees:

Underwriting, Reinsurance & Co-insurance Committee:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mr. A. Razak Ahmed Mr. Rizwan Akhtar Mr. Ishaque Azim Mr. Abdul Rahim	Executive Director Executive Vice President Vice President (Underwriting) Deputy Chief Manager	Chairman Member Member Member

Claim Settlement Committee:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mr. A. Razak Ahmed Mr. Haroon A. Shakoor Mr. Sadurddin Hussain Mr. Shaikh Muhammad Siddig	Executive Director Chief Accountant Vice President Claims Dep. Chief Manager Claims	Chairman Member Member Member

Risk Management & Compliance Committee:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mr. A. Razak Ahmed Mr. Rizwan Akhtar Mr. Haroon A. Shakoor Mr. Ghulam Haider Mr. Abdul Rahim	Executive Director Executive Vice President Chief Accountant Compliance Officer Deputy Chief Manager	Chairman Member Member Member Member

17. The Board has formed the following Board Committees:

Ethics, Human Resource and Remuneration Committee:

Euros, Frantai Resource and Remaindation Committee.			
Name of the Member	Designation	Category	
Mr. Zohair Zakaria Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany Mr. A. Razak Ahmed	Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Executive Director	Chairman Member Member	
Nominations Committee:			
Name of the Member	Designation	Category	
Mr. A. Razak Ahmed Mr. Rizwan Akhtar Mr. Haroon A. Shakoor	Executive Director Executive Vice President Chief Accountant	Chairman Member Member	
Investment Committee:			
Name of the Member	Designation	Category	
Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany Mr. Zohair Zakaria Mr. Ahmed Ali Bawany	Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director	Chairman Member Member	

Member

Member

Executive Director

Chief Accountant (Secretary)

Mr. A. Razak Ahmed

Mr. Haroon A. Shakoor

18. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of four members, of whom three are non-executive directors and one independent director. The chairman of the Committee is a non-executive director. The composition of the Audit Committee is as following:

Audit Committee:

Name of the Member	Designation	Category
Mr. Muhammad Omar Bawany Mr. Irfan Zakaria Bawany	Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director	Chairman Member
Mr. Zohair Zakaria	Non-Executive Director	Member
Mr. Muhammad Iqbal	Independent Director	Member

- 19. The meetings of the Committees, except Ethics, Human Resource and Remuneration Committee, were held at least once every quarter prior to the approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of references of the Committees have been formed and advised to the Committees for compliance.
- 20. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function, which comprise of suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company and they are involved in the internal audit function on a regular basis.
- 21. The Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Compliance Officer and the Head of Internal Audit possess such qualification and experience as is required under the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016. Moreover, the persons heading the underwriting, claim, reinsurance, risk management and grievance functions / departments possess qualification and experience of direct relevance to their respective functions, as required under section 12 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (Ordinance No. XXXIX of 2000):

Name of ther person	Designation
Mr. A. Razak Ahmed	Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director
Mr. Haroon A. Shakoor	Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary,
Mr. Shuja Baig	Head of Internal Audit
Mr. Ishaque Azim	Head of Underwriting
Mr. Sadurddin Hussain	Head of Claims
Mr. Abdul Rahim	Head of Reinsurance
Mr. Rizwan Akhtar	Head of Risk Management
Mr. Ghulam Haider	Compliance Officer

- 22. The statutory auditors of the Company have been appointed from the panel of auditors approved by the Commission in terms of section 48 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (Ordinance No. XXXIX of 2000). The statutory auditors have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 23. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 24. The Company has an Investment policy, however the Company will align the policy with the requirements of new Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 within the prescribed time limit.
- 25. The Board ensures that the risk management system of the Company is in place as per the requirement of the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.
- 26. The Company has set up a risk management function / department, which carries out its tasks as covered under the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.
- 27. The Company has been rated by JCR-VIS, and the rating assigned on is A (Single A) with positive outlook.
- 28. The Board has set up a grievance department/function, which fully complies with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.
- 29. The Company has complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having access to inside information by designated senior management officer in a timely manner and maintained proper record including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of persons from the said list.

- 30. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated amongst all market participants at once through Pakistan Stock Exchange.
- 31. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim / final results and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of Company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and The Pakistan stock exchange.
- 32. The Company has not obtained any exemption(s) from the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan in respect of the requirement of the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016.
- 33. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied.

ISMAIL H. ZAKARIA Chairman

A. RAZAK AHMED Chief Executive & Managing Director



Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Best Practices of the Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance for Insurers, 2016 and Code of Corporate Governance, 2012 as mentioned in the Regulation No. 5.19.24 of the Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange ("PSX") (combined called 'the Code') as prepared by the Board of Directors ("the Board") of Reliance Insurance Company Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017 to comply with the requirements of Listing Regulations of PSX where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Director's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Kreston Hyder Bhimji & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Engagement Partner: Mohammad Hanif Razzak

Hunter Hola Duning L



Auditor's Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed financial statements comprising of:

- balance sheet;
- profit and loss account; (ii)
- statement of comprehensive income; (iii)
- statement of changes in equity; (iv)
- statement of cash flows: (v)
- statement of premiums; (vi)
- (vii) statement of claims;
- statement of expenses; and (viii)
- (ix) statement of investment income

of Reliance Insurance Company Limited ("the Company") as at 31 December 2017 together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended.

It is the responsibility of the Company's Board of Directors to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000) and the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984). Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies used and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion:

- proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the repealed a) Companies Ordinance, 1984:
- b) the financial statements together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, and accurately reflect the books and records of the Company and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
- the financial statements together with the notes thereon present fairly, in all material respects, the state of the Company's c) affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of the loss, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required to be disclosed by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- d) Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under Section 7 of that Ordinance.

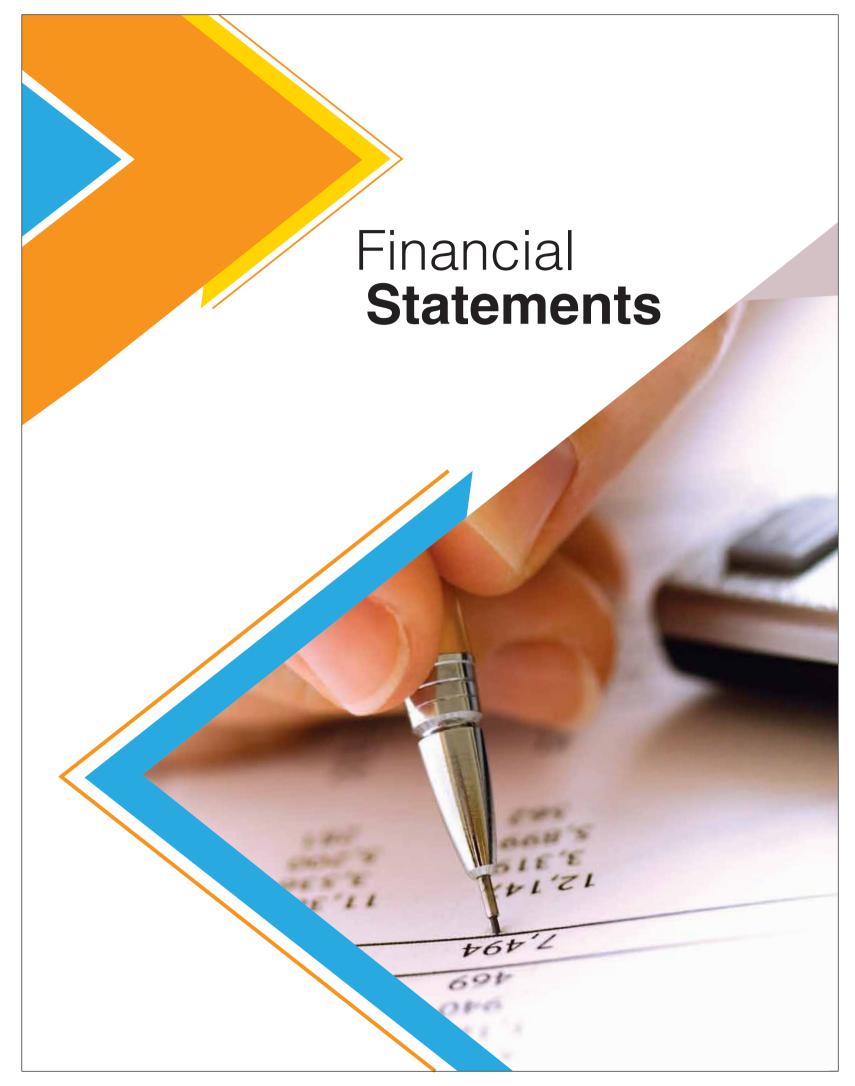
Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 9.1(b) to the financial statements disclosing a contingent liability relating to an aviation claim reported on November 3, 2015.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016 were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who had expressed an unmodified opinion and emphasis on contingent liability thereon dated 28 March 2017.

> Kreston Hyder Bhimji & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Kreeter Hole Dunny L

Engagement Partner: Mohammad Hanif Razzak





	Note	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
		Rup	ees
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised share capital		750,000,000	750,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Accumulated loss / Retained earnings Reserves	6 7	561,412,850 (20,150,789) 250,000,000 791,262,061	510,375,320 133,150,360 220,000,000 863,525,680
UNDERWRITING PROVISIONS Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR) Provision for unearned premium Commission income unearned Total underwriting provision		209,590,488 494,450,943 35,347,057 739,388,488	220,507,963 527,368,394 34,712,441 782,588,798
CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS			
Amounts due to other insurers/reinsurers Accrued expenses Taxation - provision less payments Other creditors and accruals		138,626,640 3,069,372 13,925,667 78,803,887 234,425,566	71,401,782 3,779,536 7,591,756 76,047,677 158,820,751
OTHER LIABILITIES			
Unclaimed dividend		2,221,253	1,665,878
Total liabilites of Window Takaful operations -			
Operators Fund	8	16,152,019	4,876,703
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	9	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,783,449,387	1,811,477,810

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

	Note	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
CASH AND BANK DEPOSITS			
Cash and other equivalent Current and other accounts Deposit maturing within 12 months	10	498,290 159,687,246 26,748,613 186,934,149	403,974 119,835,079 26,719,457 146,958,510
LOANS			
To employees	11	1,336,200	997,775
INVESTMENTS	12	671,280,749	751,662,862
CURRENT ASSETS-OTHERS			
Premium due but unpaid Amounts due from other insurers/reinsurers Accrued investment income Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims Deferred commission expense Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded Trade deposits and prepayments Sundry receivables FIXED ASSETS	15.1	205,540,384 2,246,536 1,399,061 167,283,860 60,932,042 337,538,956 1,811,294 376,032 777,128,165	165,903,439 2,781,333 1,436,343 172,078,362 61,298,491 364,533,433 1,664,515 1,749,854 771,445,770
Tangible	10.1		
Land and buildings Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Motor vehicles		7,464,632 7,077,710 66,478,154 81,020,496	8,294,036 6,876,059 71,900,994 87,071,089
Intangible		02,020,100	0,70,1,000
Computer software	15.3	-	-
Total assets of Window Takaful operations -			
Operators Fund		65,749,628	53,341,804
TOTAL ASSETS		1,783,449,387	1,811,477,810

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Profit & Loss Account for the year ended December 31, 2017

,	Note	Fire & N Property	Marine Aviation & Transport		Miscellaneous pees————	2017 Aggregate	2016 Aggregate
Revenue Account							
Net premium revenue Net claims Management expenses Net commission	16	118,676,310 (10,555,535) (45,702,199) (33,779,884)	65,050,302 (14,924,007) (25,050,845) (10,521,993)	162,453,682 (61,562,926) (62,560,847) (16,148,137)	11,474,111 (1,114,454) (4,418,675) (228,253)	357,654,405 (88,156,922) (137,732,566) (60,678,267)	359,414,656 (101,720,297) (132,485,984) (60,919,075)
Underwriting result		28,638,692	14,553,457	22,181,772	5,712,729	71,086,650	64,289,300
Investment (loss) / income Other income Financial charges General and administration expenses	17 18					(48,024,626) 1,517,137 - (51,258,382)	99,008,903 952,048 (47,389) (47,128,102)
Profit/(Loss) before tax from takaful operations-OPF						1,132,508	(1,534,899)
(Loss)/Profit before tax						(25,546,713)	115,539,861
Provision for taxation Current	19					(21,198,140)	(14,850,000)
(Loss)/Profit after tax						(46,744,853)	100,689,861
Profit and loss appropriation account Balance at commencement of the year Cash dividend for the year 2016: 5% Transfers to general reserve Bonus shares for the year 2016: 10%	(2015:					133,150,360 (25,518,766) (30,000,000) (51,037,530) 26,594,064	122,057,137 (23,198,878) (20,000,000) (46,397,760) 32,460,499
(Loss)/Profit after tax for the year						(46,744,853)	100,689,861
Balance accumulated at the end of the p	eriod					(20,150,789)	133,150,360
(Loss)/Earnings per share - basic and dilu	ited 20					(0.83)	Restated 1.79

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended December 31, 2017

December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Rup	ees
(46,744,853)	100,689,861
-	-
(46,744,853)	100,689,861

Total comprehensive (Loss)/income for the year

(Loss) / Profit after tax

Other comprehensive income

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended December 31, 2017

	Share capital	General reserves Ru	Unappropriated profit / (Accumulated Loss) upees	Total
Balance as at January 01, 2016	463,977,560	200,000,000	122,057,137	786,034,697
Transfer to general reserves	-	20,000,000	(20,000,000)	-
Transactions with owners: Issuance of bonus shares Cash dividend	46,397,760		(46,397,760) (23,198,878)	(23,198,878)
Total comprehensive income for the year	46,397,760	-	(69,596,638)	(23,198,878)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2016	-	-	100,689,861	100,689,861
Balance as at December 31, 2016	510,375,320	220,000,000	133,150,360	863,525,680
Transactions with owners: Issuance of bonus shares Final cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2016	51,037,530	-	(51,037,530) (25,518,766)	(25,518,766)
	51,037,530	-	(76,556,296)	(25,518,766)
Transfer to general reserve	-	30,000,000	(30,000,000)	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2017			(46,744,853)	(46,744,853)
Balance as at December 31, 2017	561,412,850	250,000,000	(20,150,789)	791,262,061

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Statement of Cash Flows

Net cash used in financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period

Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the period

	December 31, December 31 2016		
	Ru _l	oees———	
Operating cash flow			
a) Underwriting activities			
Premium received	1,115,765,007	1,226,543,928	
Reinsurance premium paid	(735,910,866)	(789,981,433)	
Claims paid	(228,649,424)	(267,349,350)	
Reinsurance and other recoveries received	134,369,529	161,597,677	
Commission paid	(139,273,371)	(140,027,846)	
Commission received	79,596,169	78,967,896	
Net cash generated from underwriting activities	225,897,044	269,750,872	
b) Other operating activities			
Income tax paid	(14,864,229)	(9,634,616)	
General management expenses paid	(137,732,566)	(132,485,984)	
Other operating payments	(38,121,470)	(34,726,406)	
(Loans advanced) / Repayment received	(338,425)	420,380	
Other creditors and accruals	2,046,046	10,146,623	
Other receipts / (payments) in respect of operating assets	1,227,043	(1,182,937)	
Net cash used in other operating activities	(187,783,601)	(167,462,940)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	38,113,443	102,287,932	
	, ,	, ,	
Investment activities	40.005.500	41 500 120	
Interest / dividend received	40,885,582	41,580,132	
Payments for investments	(174,843,363)	(618,153,358)	
Proceeds from disposal of investments	166,352,550	527,925,226	
Fixed capital expenditures	(11,191,882)	(21,585,898)	
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	5,622,700	3,808,000	
Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities	26,825,587	(66,425,898)	
Financing activities			
Dividend paid	(24,963,391)	(22,783,296)	
Financial charges	-	(47,389)	

(24,963,391)

39,975,639

146,958,510

186,934,149

(22,830,685)

13,031,349

133,927,161

146,958,510

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2017

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	
	Rupees		
Reconciliation to profit and loss account			
Operating cash flow	38,113,443	102,287,932	
Depreciation / amortization expense	(13,136,912)	(12,401,696)	
Financial charges	-	(47,389)	
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	1,517,137	952,048	
Increase / (decrease) in assets other than cash	6,058,102	(125,441,888)	
(Increase) / decrease in liabilities other than running finance	(32,404,505)	37,866,850	
Investment income	(48,024,626)	99,008,903	
Profit /(loss) before tax from Takaful operations-Operators' Fund	1,132,508	(1,534,899)	
(Loss) / Profit after taxation	(46,744,853)	100,689,861	
Definition of cash			
Cash in hand and at banks, stamps in hand and short term placements with banks			
Cash for the purposes of the statement of cash flows consists of:			
Cash and equivalents	498,290	403,974	
Current and other accounts	159,687,246	119,835,079	
Deposits maturing within 12 months	26,748,613	26,719,457	
	186,934,149	146,958,510	

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Statement of Premiums for the year ended December 31, 2017

Business underwritten inside Pakistan.

	Premium	Unearned Premium		Unearned Premium		Premium I	Reinsurance	Prepaid Reins F		Prepaid Reins Premium		Prepaid Reins Pre		Prepaid Reins Premiur		Reinsurance	2017	2016
Class	written	Opening	Closing	earned	ceded	Opening	Closing	expenses		Net Premium revenue								
					Rup	ees												
Direct and facultative																		
Fire and property damage	338,810,139	175,693,171	179,489,112	335,014,198	225,153,027	111,979,460	120,794,599	216,337,888	118,676,310	113,600,749								
Marine, aviation and transport	622,862,429	251,051,958	215,737,950	658,176,437	560,075,415	241,216,834	208,166,114	593,126,135	65,050,302	66,927,693								
Motor	166,228,646	85,909,234	87,019,596	165,118,284	2,913,752	1,310,290	1,559,440	2,664,602	162,453,682	169,024,023								
Miscellaneous	27,500,738	14,714,031	12,204,285	30,010,484	15,528,327	10,026,849	7,018,803	18,536,373	11,474,111	9,862,191								
Grand total	1,155,401,952	527,368,394	494,450,943	1,188,319,403	803,670,521	364,533,433	337,538,956	830,664,998	357,654,405	359,414,656								

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director



Business underwritten inside Pakistan.

Class	Claims paid	Outstanding claims		Claims expense	Reinsurance and other recoveries	Reinsurance and other recoveries in respect of outstanding claims		Reinsurance and other recoveries	2017 Net Claims	2016 Net Claims
	paid	Opening	Closing	Схрспвс	received	Opening	Closing	revenue	expense	expense
					Rup	pees				
Direct and facultative										
Fire and property damage	120,575,569	107,374,419	111,820,234	125,021,384	106,012,405	92,237,760	100,691,204	114,465,849	10,555,535	21,842,912
Marine, aviation and transport	41,617,881	86,294,663	72,748,801	28,072,019	23,128,650	74,492,121	64,511,483	13,148,012	14,924,007	14,091,183
Motor	60,848,068	23,975,092	22,667,614	59,540,590	853,000	3,275,896	400,560	(2,022,336)	61,562,926	64,955,240
Miscellaneous	5,607,906	2,863,789	2,353,839	5,097,956	4,375,474	2,072,585	1,680,613	3,983,502	1,114,454	830,962
Grand Total	228,649,424	220,507,963	209,590,488	217,731,949	134,369,529	172,078,362	167,283,860	129,575,027	88,156,922	101,720,297

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director



Business underwritten inside Pakistan.

Class	Commissions paid or payable	Opening Deferred commission	Closing Deferred commission	Net commission Expense	Other Management Expenses	Underwritting Expenses	Commission from reinsurers	2017 Net underwriting expense	2016 Net underwriting expense
					— Rupees —				
Direct and facultative									
Fire and property damage	86,371,836	45,351,626	46,000,704	85,722,758	45,702,199	131,424,957	51,942,874	79,482,083	74,100,622
Marine, aviation and transport	31,491,478	4,678,322	3,903,348	32,266,452	25,050,845	57,317,297	21,744,459	35,572,838	34,508,982
Motor	16,259,174	8,590,923	8,701,960	16,148,137	62,560,847	78,708,984	-	78,708,984	81,224,882
Miscellaneous	5,150,883	2,677,620	2,326,030	5,502,473	4,418,675	9,921,148	5,274,220	4,646,928	3,570,573
Grand Total	139,273,371	61,298,491	60,932,042	139,639,820	137,732,566	277,372,386	78,961,553	198,410,833	193,405,059

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Statement of Investment Income for the year ended December 31, 2017

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	
·	Rupees -		
Income from non-trading investments			
Held to maturity			
Return on Government securities	3,257,647	8,659,964	
Return on other fixed income, securities and deposits	4,607,141	4,368,036	
	7,864,788	13,028,000	
Available for sale			
Dividend income	12,278,998	2,549,862	
Gain on sale of available for sale investments	4,658,475	9,662,265	
Impairment	(18,941,984)	(1,950,949)	
	(2,004,511)	10,261,178	
Income from trading investments			
Held for trading			
Dividend income	20,714,468	25,665,904	
Gain on sale of investments	1,264,036	2,027,620	
Unrealized (loss) / gain on held for trading investments	(75,853,453)	48,085,365	
	(53,874,949)	75,778,889	
Less: Investment related expenses	(9,954)	(59,164)	
Net investment (loss) / income transferred to profit and loss account	(48,024,626)	99,008,903	

The annexed notes from 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

for the year ended December 31, 2017

STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Reliance Insurance Company Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company on November 4, 1981. The Company is engaged in general insurance business and has also been allowed to undertake Window Takaful Operations (WTO) on May 25, 2016 by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under SECP Takaful Rules, 2012 to carry on General Window Takaful Operations in Pakistan. The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

The registered office of the Company is situated at 96-A, Sindhi Muslim Co-operative Housing Society, Karachi. JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has assessed the Insurer Financial Strength (IFS) rating of the Company as 'A' (Single A). Outlook on the assigned rating is 'Positive'.

2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the formats prescribed by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan through repealed Securities and Exchange Commission (Insurance) Rules 2002, vide SRO 938 dated December 12, 2002.

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the repealed Companies Ordinance. 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, repealed SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002 and Takaful Rules, 2012. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, Insurance Ordinance, 2000, repealed SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002 and Takaful Rules, 2012 shall prevail.

The Companies Act, 2017 was enacted on 30 May 2017 and SECP vide its circular 23 of 2017 has clarified that the companies whose financial year closes on or before 31 December 2017 shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The Companies Act, 2017 applicable for financial year beginning on 1 January 2018 requires certain additional disclosures and Section 235 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 relating to treatment of surplus arising out of revaluation of assets has not been carried forward in the Companies Act, 2017. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements except extended disclosures.

Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") vide S.R.O 88(1)/2017 and S.R.O 89(1)/2017 dated 9 February 2017 has issued the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017 and Insurance Rules, 2017 (the new Rules and Regulations). The application of these Regulations and Rules for the purpose of preparation and presentation of the financial statements was effective from 1 April 2017. SECP vide its letter ID/OSM/Reliance/2017/12203 dated 6th October, 2017 has granted exemption to the Company to prepare their annual accounts for the year ended 31 December 2017 in accordance with the requirements of repealed SEC (Insurance) Rules 2002 and has allowed the application of New Regulations effective from the accounting year commencing from 1 January 2018. Hence these financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 are prepared in accordance with the requirements of repealed SEC (Insurance) Rules 2002.

The new Rules and Regulations require significant disclosures / requirements, which are relevant to the Company includes but not limited to: Presentation and disclosure of financial statements prescribed in Annexure II of the Insurance Rules, 2017, recognition of available-for-sale investments at fair value as per IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and recognition of premium cover note subject to realisation of premium in full or installment.

The management has completed an initial assessment of changes required in respect of the above stated requirements and considered major impact in accordance with the format prescribed by SEC Insurance Rules, 2017 is on Presentation and disclosure of financial statements as per Annexure II of the Insurance Rules, 2017 and on valuation of available-for-sale investments. Had the Company adopted International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" in respect of recognition of gain / loss on remeasurement of available-for-sale securities directly into equity, the investments of the Company would have been higher by Rs.5.684 million (2016: Rs.65.748 million) and the total comprehensive income would have increased by Rs.5.684 million (2016 : Rs.65.748 million).

In terms of requirements of Takaful Rules, 2012, read with SECP Circular 25 of 2015 dated July 9, 2015, the assets, liabilities and profit and loss of Operator Fund of General Takaful Operations of the Company have been presented as a single line item in the balance sheet and profit and loss account of the Company respectively.

A separate set of financial statements of General Takaful operations has been annexed to these financial statements as per requirements of the Takaful Rules, 2012.

for the year ended December 31. 2017

Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except certain investments which have been measured at fair value. No adjustment for the effect of inflation has been accounted for in the financial statements.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements have been presented in Pak Rupees, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company.

3. **NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS**

a) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that became effective during the year

The following Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards became effective during the year.

- IAS-7 Statement of Cash Flows - Amendment IAS-12 Income Taxes - Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses (Amendments) IAS-16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 - Intangible Assets: Clarification of Acceptable Method of Depreciation and Amortization (Amendment) IAS-16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 41 Agriculture - Agriculture: Bearer Plants (Amendment) IAS-27 Separate Financial Statements: Equity Method in Separate 'Financial Statements (Amendment) IAS-28 Investment in associates and Joint Ventures IFRS-1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Disclosure Initiative (Amendment) IFRS-7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Disclosure Initiative (Amendments) IFRS-10 Consolidated Financial Statements IFRS-11 Joint Arrangements: Accounting for Acquisition of Interest in Joint Operation (Amendment)
- IFRS-12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (Amendment)

These Standards, interpretations and amendments do not have significant impact on Company's financial statements except for some additional disclosures. In addition to above, certain new cycle of improvements are applicable in current year, are either considered not to be relevant or are not expected to have significant impact to the Company's financial statements and hence have not been specified.

b) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are either effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after January 01, 2018 or their effective date is yet not finalized.

- Investment Property: Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments) IAS-40
- IFRS-2 Classification and Measurement of Share based Payments Transactions
- IFRS-4 Insurance Contracts: Applying IFRS 6 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance contracts – (Amendments)
- IFRS-10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS -28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures: Sales or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments)
- IFRS-12 Classification and Measurement of Share based Payment Transactions (Amendments)
- IFRIC-22 Foreign Currency Translations and Advance Consideration
- IFRIC-23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

These standards, interpretations and the amendments are either not relevant to or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures, if applicable in certain circumstances.

for the year ended December 31, 2017

In addition to above, certain new cycle of improvements will apply prospectively for period beginning on or after 01. July 2017. are either considered not to be relevant or are not expected to have significant impact to the Company's financial statements and hence have not been specified.

New Standards issued by IASB and but not yet been notified by SECP c)

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of IFRS
- Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement
- IFRS -14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- IFRS 16 Leases
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

The Company expects that these standards will not have any material impact and therefore will not affect the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the requirements of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The judgments, estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience, current trends and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the estimates about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the revision has been made.

Significant areas where assumptions and estimates were exercised in application of accounting policies relate to:

4.1 **Estimates**

The areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements or judgement was exercised in application of accouting policies, are as follows:

 Provision for unearned premiums Premium due but unpaid - net Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR) 	5.1.1(a) 5.1.1(c) 4.7
- Premium deficiency reserve	5.1.6
- Useful life of tangible assets	5.7 (a)
- Taxation (current and deferred)	5.4
- Impairment in available for sale investments	5.6.2
- Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	5.1.4
- Deferred commision expense	5.1.5 (b)

Classification of Investments 4.2

In classifying investments as held to maturity, the Company has determined financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity. In making this judgment, the Company evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investment to maturity.

In classifying investments as held for trading, the Company has determined securities, which are acquired with the intention to trade and taking advantage of short-term market / interest rate movements.

Investments which are intended to be held for an undefined period of time but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity, changes in interest rates, equity prices or exchange rates are classified as available for sale. Subsequent to the initial recognition at cost, quoted investments are stated at the lower of cost or market value (in accordance with the requirements of SRO 938 issued by the SECP on December 12, 2002).

Note

for the year ended December 31, 2017

Income tax

In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Company, the management looks at the current income tax laws and the decision of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. In making the provision for deferred taxes, estimates of the Company's future taxable profits are taken into account.

Fixed assets and depreciation

In making estimates of the depreciation method, the management uses the method which reflects pattern in which economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the Company. The method applied is reviewed at each financial year end and if there is a change in the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the assets, the method would be changed to reflect the change in pattern. Such change is accounted for as change in accounting estimate in accordance with International Accounting Standard 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in accounting Estimates and Errors".

Impairment in available for sale investments

The Company determines that available for sale investments are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost. The determination of what is significant or prolonged, requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Company evaluates among other factors, the normal volatility in share price. In addition, impairment may be appropriate when there is evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investee, industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flows.

Premium deficiency reserve

The Company carries out an analysis of loss / combined ratios for the expired period, such ratio being calculated after taking into account the relevant IBNR provision for the determination of premium deficiency reserve for each class of business.

4.7 Outstanding claims including incurred but not reported (IBNR)

A liability for outstanding claims is recongnized in respect of all claims incurred up to the balance sheet date which is measured at the undiscounted value of expected future payments. Provision for outstanding claims include amounts in relation to claims reported but not settled, claims incrurred but not reported (IBNR) and expected claims settlement costs, which is determined using acturial method

Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims are recongized as an asset and measured at the amount expected to be received.

4.7.1 Claims reported but not settled

Provision of liability in respect of claims reported but not settled at the balance sheet date is made on the basis of individual case estimates. The case estimates are based on assessed amounts of individual losses and where the assessment have not been carried out, the estimates are established in the light of currently available information, past experience of similar claims and in some cases in relation to sums insured, Case estimates are reviewed periodically to ensure that the recongnized outstanding claim amounts are adequate to cover expected future payments including expected claims settlement costs and are updated as and when new information becomes available.

4.7.2 Claims incurred but not reported

The provision for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is made at the balance sheet date. In accordance with SECP Circular No.9 of 2016, the Company has changed its method of estimation of IBNR. The Company now takes actuarial advice for the determination of IBNR claims. IBNR claim have been estimated using Chain Ladder (CL) Method involves determination of development factors or link ratios for each period. These are then subsequently combined to determine Cumulative Development Factor (CDF) which represents the extent of future development of claims to reach their ultimate level.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

5.1 Insurance contracts

Insurance contracts are those contracts where the Company (the insurer) has accepted significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholders) by agreeing to compensate the policyholders if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholders.

Once a contract has been classified as an insurance contract, it remains an insurance contract for the remainder of its lifetime, even if the insurance risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and liabilities are extinguished or expired.

for the year ended December 31, 2017

In addition to direct insurance, at times the Company also participates in risks under coinsurance from other companies and also accepts risks through reinsurance inward by way of facultative acceptances on case to case basis provided such risks are within the underwriting policies of the Company.

The Company neither issues investment contracts nor does it issue insurance contracts with Discretionary Participation Features (DPF).

5.1.1 Premiums

Premium written under a policy is recognized as income over the period of insurance from the date of issuance of the policy to which it relates to its expiry. Where the pattern of incidence of risk varies over the period of the policy, premium is recognized as revenue in accordance with the pattern of the incidence of risk.

Provision for unearned premium a)

The portion of premium written relating to the unexpired period of coverage is recognized as unearned premium by the Company. The unearned portion of premium income is recognized as a liability. The liability is calculated by applying 1/24 method as specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission (Insurance) Rules, 2002.

b) Administration surcharge

Premium income includes administrative surcharge that represents documentation and other charges recovered by the Company from policy holders in respect of policies issued, at the rate of 5% of the premium written restricted to a maximum of Rs.2,000 per policy.

c) Premiums due but unpaid

Receivables under insurance contracts are recognized when due, at the fair value of the consideration receivable less provision for doubtful debts, if any. If there is objective evidence that the receivable is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount of the receivable accordingly and recognizes that impairment loss in the profit and loss account.

5.1.2 Reinsurance ceded

The Company enters into reinsurance contracts in the normal course of business in order to limit the potential for losses arising from certain exposures. Outward reinsurance premiums are accounted for in the same period as the related premiums for the direct or accepted reinsurance business being reinsured. Reinsurance liabilities represent balances due to reinsurance companies. Amounts payable are estimated in a manner consistent with the related reinsurance contract. Reinsurance assets represent balances due from reinsurance companies. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the provision for outstanding claims or settled claims associated with the reinsurance policies and are in accordance with the related reinsurance contract.

Reinsurance assets are not offset against related insurance liabilities. Income or expenses from reinsurance contracts are not offset against expenses or income from related insurance assets.

Reinsurance assets or liabilities are derecognised when the contractual rights are extinguished or expired. The Company assesses its reinsurance assets for impairment on balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence that the reinsurance asset is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount of the reinsurance asset to its recoverable amount and recognizes that impairment loss in the profit and loss account. In addition, the Company also monitors the financial ratings of its reinsurers on each reporting date.

5.1.3 Claims expense

General insurance claims include all claims occurring during the year, whether reported or not, related internal and external claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims, a reduction for the value of salvage and other recoveries, and any adjustments to claims outstanding from previous years.

The Company recognizes liability in respect of all claims incurred up to the balance sheet date, which is measured at the undiscounted value of the expected future payments. The claims are considered to be incurred at the time of the incident giving rise to the claim except as otherwise expressly indicated in an insurance contract. The liability for claims includes amounts relating to unpaid reported claims, claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and expected claims settlement costs.

Provision for liability in respect of unpaid reported claims is made on the basis of individual case estimates. Provision for IBNR is based on the management's best estimate which takes into account the past trends, expected future patterns of reporting of claims and the claims actually reported subsequent to the balance sheet date.

5.1.4 Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims

for the year ended December 31, 2017

Claim recoveries receivable from the reinsurer are recognized as an asset at the same time as the claims which give rise to the right of recovery are recognized as a liability and are measured at the amount expected to be received.

5.1.5 Commission

Commission and other acquisition costs incurred in obtaining and recording on direct, facultative and reinsurance cessions has been deferred and recognized as asset and liability as under:

Commission income a)

Commission income is being taken to profit and loss account on a time proportion basis in accordance with the pattern of recognition of reinsurance premium to comply with the requirements of SRO 938 issued by the SECP in 2002.

b) **Deferred commission expense**

Commission expenses are deferred and recognized as an asset in correlation with unearned premium that will be recognized in the subsequent reporting period to comply with the requirements of SRO 938 issued by the SECP in 2002 as an expense in accordance with the pattern of recognition of premium.

5.1.6 Premium deficiency reserve

The Company is required to maintain a provision in respect of premium deficiency for the individual class of business where the unearned premium liability is not adequate to meet the expected future liability, after reinsurance, from claims and other supplementary expenses expected to be incurred after the balance sheet date in respect of the unexpired policies in that class of business at the balance sheet date. The movement in the premium deficiency reserve is recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account. Judgment is used in assessing the extent to which past trends may not apply in future or the effects of one-off claims.

The management considers that the unearned premium reserve for all classes of business as at the year end is adequate to meet the expected future liability after reinsurance, from claims and other expenses, expected to be incurred after the balance sheet date in respect of policies in those classes of business in force at the balance sheet date. Hence, no reserve for the same has been made in these financial statements.

Creditors, accruals and provisions

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and / or services received. Provisions are recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

5.3 Cash and bank balances

Cash and bank balances are defined as cash in hand and at banks, stamps in hand and short-term placements with banks and are carried in the balance sheet at nominal amount.

Taxation

5.4.1 Current

Provision for taxation is based on taxable income at current rates of taxation, under the relevant provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, after taking into account rebates and tax credits available, if any.

5.4.2 Deferred

Deferred tax, if any, is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities, if any, are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted, or substantially enacted, at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2017

Deferred tax assets, if any, are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the assets can be utilized.

5.5 Staff retirement benefits

The Company maintains recognized contributory provident fund for all permanent employees for which contribution equal to one month's basic pay plus cost of living allowance per annum is charged to profit and loss account.

5.6 **Investments**

All investments are initially recognized at cost being the fair value of the consideration given and include transaction costs, except for investments at fair value through profit or loss in which case transaction costs are charged to the profit and loss account. These are recognized and classified as follows:

5.6.1 Held to maturity

Investments with fixed maturity, where management has both the intent and the ability to hold to maturity, are classified as held to maturity.

Subsequently, these are measured at amortized cost less provision for impairment, if any. Any premium paid or discount availed on acquisition of held to maturity investment is deferred and amortised over the term of investment using the effective yield.

These are reviewed for impairment at year end and any losses arising from impairment in values are charged to the profit and loss account.

5.6.2 Available for sale

Investments which are intended to be held for an undefined period of time but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity, changes in interest rates, equity prices or exchange rates are classified as available for sale.

Subsequent to initial recognition at cost, quoted investments are stated at the lower of cost or market value (market value on an individual investment basis being taken as lower if the fall is other than temporary) in accordance with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission repealed (Insurance) Rules, 2002 vide SRO 938 dated December 12, 2002. The Company uses stock exchange quotations at the balance sheet date to determine the market value and in case of mutual funds their net asset values are considered for valuation.

The SECP has allowed the insurance companies to defer the application of International Accounting Standard – 39 (IAS-39) "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" in respect of valuation of 'available-for-sale investments'. Accordingly, the requirements of IAS-39, to the extent allowed by SECP as aforesaid, have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements.

5.6.3 Investment at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading

Investments which are acquired principally for the purposes of generating profit from short term fluctuation in price or are part of the portfolio in which there is recent actual pattern of short term profit taking are classified as held for trading. After initial recongnition these are measured at fair values with any resulting gains and losses recongnized directly in profit and loss account. Subsequent to intial recongnition these are measure at fair value by reference to quoted market prices with resulting gain or loss being included in net profit or loss for the year in which it arises. These are measured at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recongnition.

5.7 **Operating fixed assets**

a) **Tangible**

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation computed on the reducing balance method on yearly basis applying the rates as mentioned in note 15.

Depreciation on addition to fixed assets during the year is provided from the date of purchase while no depreciation is charged on disposal of assets during the year. Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets is taken to profit and loss account.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred, whereas major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

for the year ended December 31, 2017

b) Intangible

Computer software license acquired is capitalized on the basis of cost incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortized over their estimated useful lives of three years using the straight line method. Impairment losses, if any, are deducted from the carrying amount of the intangible assets.

Costs associated with maintaining computer software programs are recognized as an expense when incurred.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and method for amortization are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on amortization is significant.

c) Capital work in progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost. Transfers are made to operating assets when assets are available for use intended by the management.

Revenue recognition 5.8

Premium including administrative surcharge under a policy are recognised as revenue at the time of issuance of insurance policy.

Dividend income is recognized when right to receive the same is established.

Entitlement of bonus shares is recognized when the right to receive the same is established by increasing the number of shares to which the Company is entitled without giving any monetary effect in the financial statements either in terms of cost or value

Gains and losses on sale of investments is charged to profit and loss account for the year at the time of disposal / sale.

Income on bank deposits and Defence Saving Certificates is recognized on accrual basis.

Income on held to maturity investments is recongnized on time proportion basis using effective interest method.

5.9 Management expenses

Management expenses are allocated to various classes of business in proportion of the respective net premium income for the year. Expenses not allocable to the underwriting business are charged as administrative expenses.

5.10 Dividend, bonus shares and reserves appropriation

Dividend and appropriation are recognised in the period in which these are approved.

5.11 Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components. All operating segments' results are reviewed regularly by the Company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

The Company presents segment reporting of operating results using the classes of business as specified under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Securities and Exchange Commission (Insurance) Rules, 2002. The reported segments are also consistent with the internal reporting provided to Strategy Committee and Board of Directors which are responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. The performance of segments is evaluated on the basis of underwriting results of each segment.

The Company has four primary business segments, namely, fire, marine, motor and miscellaneous.

The perils covered under fire insurance include damages caused by fire, riot and strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric damage, flood, electric fluctuation and terrorism.

Marine insurance provides coverage against cargo risk, war risk and damages occurring in inland transit.

Motor insurance provide comprehensive car coverage and indemnity against third party loss.

Miscellaneous insurance provides cover against health, burglary, loss of cash in safe and in transit, travel, personal accident, money, engineering losses and other covers.

Financing, investment and income taxes are managed on an overall basis and are therefore, not allocated to any segment. The accounting policies of operating segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

for the year ended December 31, 2017

Assets, liabilities and capital expenditures that are directly attributable to segments have been assigned to them. Those assets and liabilities, which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis, are reported as unallocated corporate assets and liabilities.

5.12 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the Company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5.13 Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities are taken to the profit and loss account.

5.14 Impairment

A financial asset is assessed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

The carrying amount of non-financial assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset or a group of assets. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

All impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account. Provision for impairment is reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

5.15 Receivables and payables related to insurance contracts

Receivables and payables relating to insurance contracts are recognized when due. These include premiums due but unpaid, premium received in advance, premiums due and claims payable to insurance contract holders. These are recognized at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given less provision for impairment, if any,

If there is an objective evidence that any premium due but unpaid is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount of that insurance receivable and recognizes the loss in profit and loss account.

Allowance for impairment in premium receivables is estimated on a systematic basis after analyzing the receivables as per their ageing.

5.16 Related party transactions and transfer pricing

Transactions with related parties of the Company mainly consist of entering into the insurance contracts. The Company follows the "Comparable Uncontrolled Price Method" to measure and value the transactions with the related parties. For transactions carried out other than at arm's length approval is obtained from the Board of Directors under the Listing Regulations.

5.17 Foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currency, if any, are converted into Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of transaction.

5.18 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at nominal amount. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprises of cash and stamps in hand, cash at bank in current and saving accounts, bank deposits and other short term highly liquid investments in the balance sheet.

5.19 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

			Note	2017	2016
				Rup	oees
6.	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBE	D AND PAID-UP S	SHARE CAPITAL		
	2017 (Number	2016 of shares)			
	1,156,680	1,156,680	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each issued as fully paid in cash	11,566,800	11,566,800
	54,984,605	49,880,852	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares	549,846,050	498,808,520
	56,141,285	51,037,532		561,412,850	510,375,320
6.1	72 898 (2016: 66 27	1) ordinary shares	of Rs.10 each are held by an associated un		
6.2		,753 shares (201	6: 4,639,776 shares) amouting to Rs.51,03		5,397,760) were
7.	RESERVES				
	General reserve		7.1	250,000,000	220,000,000
7.1	The movement of gene	ral reserve is as fol	llows:		
	Balance as at Janua Transfer from unapp Balance as at Decen	ropriated profit		220,000,000 30,000,000 250,000,000	200,000,000 20,000,000 220,000,000
8.	WINDOW TAKAFUL O	PERATIONS			
	Operator's fund Assets				
	Cash and be Investment Current ass Total assets			37,543,133 10,060,008 18,146,487 65,749,628	41,848,851 10,000,000 1,492,953 53,341,804
	Total liabilities-curre	ent		16,152,019	4,876,703
	Profit / (Loss) from \	Window Takaful O	perations-before tax	1,132,508	(1,534,899)

^{8.1} Detail of total assets, total liabilities and segment disclosure of window takaful operations are stated in the annexed financial statements of window takaful operations.

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

9.1 **Contingencies**

- In previous year, the Commissioner of Inland Revenue (FBR) have issued show cause notices and orders under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance) related to preceding tax years, by initiating the concept of single/one basket income to insurance industry, i.e., clubbing all other sources of income (e.g. dividend and rental income) into business income for charging the business rate of tax under Fourth Schedule of the Ordinance. In previous year, the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) has annulled all the assessments under section 122(5A) in which dividend was taxed at corporate rate. The Commissioner of Inland Revenue has filed an appeal in Appellate Tribunal, Inland Revenue against the order passed by the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) which is pending adjudication. The Company has not made provision in this regard with consultation of tax advisor as it is confident that the case will be decided in the Company's favor.
- An aviation claim has been reported on November 3, 2015. Investigations are underway and loss adjustors have not yet b) established liability. Should this loss be considered payable at any later stage, a maximum gross reserve of Rs.550 million would arise. The impact on the Company's net account would be Rs.2.500 million and the rest would be recoverable under fronting arrangements as per agreed terms.

9.2 Commitments

1

There are no commitments as at the balance sheet date.

		Note	2017 ———Rup	2016 ees———
10.	CASH AND BANK DEPOSITS			
	Cash and other equivalents Policy stamps and bond paper in hand Current and other accounts		498,290	403,974
	Current accounts		63,555,078	40,391,896
	PLS saving accounts	10.1	96,132,168	79,443,183
			159,687,246	119,835,079
	Deposit maturing within 12 months	10.2	26,748,613 186,934,149	26,719,457 146,958,510

- 10.1 PLS saving accounts carry mark-up at rates range from 4.00% to 5.50% per annum (2016: 3.75% to 5.50% per annum).
- 10.2 The rate of return on term deposit certificates issued by various banks range from 4.15% to 5.75% per annum (2016: 4.15% to 5.75% per annum) due on maturity.
- 10.3 These deposits include an advantage account amounting to Rs.11.10 million (2016: Rs.11.10 million) which is pledged against the running finance facility. The facility carry markup at rates of 2% over from the profit rate to be paid on the advantage account and 3 months KIBOR plus 175 bps. Total sanctioned limit of the facilities amounts to Rs.10.00 million (2016: Rs.20.00 million).

		Note	2017	2016
11.	LOANS		Rupe	es
11.	LOANS			
	(Secured - considered good) To employees	11.1	1,336,200	997,775

11.1 These represents interest free loans to employees in accordance with the terms of their employment secured against their retirement benefits and are recoverable in monthly installments.

		Note	2017	2016
12.	INVESTMENTS			pees———
	Held to maturity			
	Government securities	12.1	70,169,043	70,833,333
	Available for sale			
	Mutual funds	12.2	215,291,715	203,536,973
	Related parties	12.3	6,558,148	6,558,148
	Others	12.4	80,260,194	63,636,849
	Provision for impairment	12.5	(24,296,495)	(5,354,511)
	·		277,813,562	268,377,459
	Investments at fair value through profit or loss -			
	held for trading			
	Quoted shares		323,298,144	412,452,070
			671,280,749	751,662,862
12.1	Government securities			
	WAPDA Sukuk Bonds	12.1.1	_	833,333
	GOP Ijara Sukuk Bonds	12.1.2	70,169,043	70,000,000
	•		70,169,043	70,833,333

12.1.1 WAPDA Sukuk Bonds

Particular	Value per	Profit rate	Profit	2017	2016
	certificate Rupees	%	payment	Rupees	
WAPDA Second Sukuk Certificates - 7 years	5,000	6 months KIBOR minus	Semi annually	_	833,333
		25bp		-	833,333

The market value of WAPDA Sukuk Bonds amounted to Rs.0.846 million at December 31, 2016. The profit on WAPDA Sukuk Bonds was received on semi annual basis. These have matured during the year.

12.1.2 GOP Ijara Sukuk Bonds

Particular	Value per Certificate	Coupen Profit rate	Profit	Maturity	2017	2016		
T dittodidi	Rupees	navment date				navment date		oees
GOP Ijara Sukuk Bond - 3 years (GIS-16)	100,000	5.447%	Semi annually	18/12/2018	25,000,000	25,000,000		
GOP Ijara Sukuk Bond - 3 years (GIS-19)	100,000	5.240%	Semi annually	30/06/2020	45,169,043	-		
GOP Ijara Sukuk Bond - 3 years (GIS-15)	100,000	3.891%	Semi annually	25/06/2017	70,169,043	45,000,000		

The market value of GOP Ijara Sukuk amounted to Rs.70.150 million (December 31, 2016: Rs.70.718 million).

12.1.3 Government of Pakistan Ijara Sukuk Bonds (GOPI) having face value amounted to Rs.60 million and market value amounted to Rs.60.157 million (December 31, 2016: Rs.55 million and market value amounted to Rs.55.51 million) are placed with State Bank of Pakistan under section 29 of Insurance Ordinance, 2000.

12.2 Mutual funds

2017	2016	Face value			2016
Number of units		per unit (Rupees)	Name of investee	Book Value	e (Rupees)
398,911 29,763	398,911 69,763	10 10	Meezan Balance Fund PICIC Investment Fund *	6,215,041 352,188	6,215,041 825,469
-	15,939	100 100	JS-Growth Fund MCB Islamic Income Fund	-	2,738,981
-	726,368 1,092,690	50	Meezan Cash Fund		73,130,669 54,776,532
42,217	-	50	Meezan Islamic Fund	3,251,529	-
684,753	-	50	Meezan Islamic Income Fund	35,181,961	-
250,776	-	100	Al-Ameen Islamic Agg. Income Fund	25,000,000	-
775,368	-	100	Alhamra (MCB) Islamic Income Fund	78,306,996	-
631,247	585,964	10	Nafa Islamic Asset Allocation Fund	10,763,848	10,000,000
75,893	75,893	100	Askari Islamic Income Fund	7,641,379	7,641,379
300,100	300,100	100	Alhamra Islamic Active Allocation Plan 1	30,000,000	30,000,000
179,635	176,129	100	Al Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan VI	18,578,773	_18,208,902
3,368,663	3,441,757			215,291,715	203,536,973

^{*} This represents units in closed end mutual fund.

12.2.1 Market value of these units amounted to Rs.211.985 million (December 31, 2016 Rs.210.444 million).

12.3 Related parties

Investment in associated companies

2017	2016	Face value	Name of investor	2017	2016
Number of share / certificates		per share (Rupees)		Book Value	e (Rupees)
521,220	521,220	10	AI -Noor Modaraba	5,212,200	5,212,200
115,724	115,724	10	B.F. Modaraba	512,566	512,566
18,329	18,329	10	Faran Sugar Mills Limited	369,220	369,220
23,551	23,551	10	Shahmurad Sugar Mills Limited	464,162	464,162
678,824	678,824		-	6,558,148	6,558,148

Market value of these shares / certificates amounted to Rs.4.389 million (December 31, 2016: Rs.8.319 million).

12.4 Others

2017	2016	Face value per		2017	2016		
Number of shares / units		unit / share (Rupees)	Name of investee	Book Value	Book Value (Rupees)		
22,500	22,500	10	Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited	502,725	502,725		
395,800	350,800	10	Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited	43,852,609	39,413,529		
187,500	131,500	10	Nishat Chunian Power Limited	9,829,760	6,930,695		
15,000	15,000	10	Pakistan Oil Filed Limited	5,149,600	5,149,600		
50,000	50,000	10	Pakistan Petroleum Limited	7,686,200	7,686,200		
20,000	10,000	10	Fauji Cement Company Limited	675,580	385,000		
90,000	90,000	10	Thatta Cement Company Limited	3,375,000	3,375,000		
3,000	3,000	10	Meezan Bank Limited	194,100	194,100		
50,000	-	10	Engro Fertilizer Limited	3,431,000	-		
29,500	-	10	Nishat Power Limited	1,825,250	-		
17,000	-	10	D.G. Khan Cement Limited	3,738,370	-		
880,300	672,800			80,260,194	63,636,849		

Market value of these shares amounted to Rs.67.124 million (December 31, 2016: Rs.66.523 million).

	Note	2017	2016
		Rup	oees
12.5 Provision for impairment			
Opening balance Provision during the year		5,354,511 18,941,984 24,296,495	3,403,562 1,950,949 5,354,511

13. DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax arising due to timing differences calculated at current rate of taxation amounts to Rs.3.20 million (December 31, 2016; Rs.3.10 million). Deferred tax asset has not been recognized in these financial statements as management is not certain regarding realisibility of the amount.

PREMIUMS DUE BUT UNPAID

Unsecured Considered good Considered doubtful		205,540,384 11,411,742 216,952,126	165,903,439 10,000,000 175,903,439
Provision for doubtful balances	14.1	(11,411,742)	(10,000,000) 165,903,439
14.1 Provision for doubtful balances			
Opening balance Provision made during the year		10,000,000 1,411,742	10,000,000

11,411,742

10,000,000

2017

2016

-Rupees-

14.2 Age analysis of premium due but unpaid

The age analysis of premiums due but unpaid considerd good is as follows:

Upto one year

Related parties

Others

More than one year

Related parties

Others

54,449,646 120,370,248 174,819,894

44,068,595 102,255,546 146,324,141

4,062,073 26,658,417 30,720,490 2,900,563 16,678,735 19,579,298

205,540,384

165,903,439

15. FIXED ASSETS

15.1 Tangible assets

Land and buildings	Furniture and fixtures	Motor vehicles	Office equipments	Office computers	Total			
Rupees								

Net carrying value basis as at

December 31, 2017

Opening net book value (NBV)	8,294,036	2,615,083	71,900,994	3,693,074	567,902	87,071,089
Additions (at cost)	-	1,063,565	9,724,920	359,397	44,000	11,191,882
Disposal						
Cost	-	-	(8,274,405)	-	-	(8,274,405)
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	4,168,842	-	-	4,168,842
	-	-	(4,105,563)	-	-	(4,105,563)
Depreciation	(829,404)	(506,624)	(11,042,197)	(582,037)	(176,650)	(13,136,912)
Closing net book value	7,464,632	3,172,024	66,478,154	3,470,434	435,252	81,020,496

Gross carrying value basis as at

December 31, 2017

Cost	30,218,901	13,439,352	123,546,406	14,808,044	6,979,467	188,992,170
Accumulated depreciation	(22,754,269)	(10,267,328)	(57,068,252)	(11,337,610)	(6,544,215)	(107,971,674)
Net book value	7,464,632	3,172,024	66,478,154	3,470,434	435,252	81,020,496
Depreciation rate per annum	10%	15%	15%	15%	30%	

[Land and	Furniture and	T.,	Office	Office	
	buildings	fixtures	Motor vehicles equipments		computers	Total
-			Rupe	ees		
Net carrying value basis as at						
December 31, 2016						
Opening net book value (NBV)	9,215,595	1,839,334	65,790,315	3,182,947	714,648	80,742,839
Additions (at cost)	-	1,071,292	19,356,630	1,076,859	81,117	21,585,898
Disposal						
Cost	-	-	(6,897,261)	-	-	(6,897,261)
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	4,041,309	-	-	4,041,309
	-	-	(2,855,952)	-	-	(2,855,952)
Depreciation	(921,559)	(295,543)	(10,389,999)	(566,732)	(227,863)	(12,401,696)
Closing net book value	8,294,036	2,615,083	71,900,994	3,693,074	567,902	87,071,089
Gross carrying value basis as at						
December 31, 2016						
Cost	30,218,901	12,375,787	122,095,891	14,448,647	6,935,467	186,074,693
Accumulated depreciation	(21,924,865)	(9,760,704)	(50,194,897)	(10,755,573)	(6,367,565)	(99,003,604)
Net book value	8,294,036	2,615,083	71,900,994	3,693,074	567,902	87,071,089
Depreciation rate per annum	10%	15%	15%	15%	30%	

15.2 Disposal of assets - by negotiation

Serial Number	Particulars	Original cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Sale proceed	Gain / (loss)	Sold to
				— Rupees —			
	Motor cars						
1	HONDA CITY LWE-9993	961,270	815,808	145,462	750,000	604,538	Musaddaq Alam Butt
2	HONDA CIVIC BAQ-742	2,554,080	1,063,982	1,490,098	1,700,000	209,902	Mehboob Khan Noorzai
3	S.ALTO AUT-828	680,000	389,595	290,405	470,000	179,595	Muhammad Rizwan Akhtar
4	S MEHRAN FSB-9163	371,000	324,255	46,745	190,000	143,255	Mehboob Ali
5	S.CULTUS LED-1606	968,375	507,108	461,267	750,000	288,733	TPL Direct Insurance Co. Ltd
6	HONDA CIVIC LEB-958	2,584,680	950,677	1,634,003	1,735,000	100,997	Rana Muhammad Nadeem
	Motor cycles						
1	DHOOM KGK-5178	52,500	24,691	27,809	12,500	(15,309)	Muzammil
2	HONDA FCX-6313	59,000	53,869	5,131	5,200	69	Akhtar Zareen
3	ASIA LZH-6265	43,500	38,857	4,643	10,000	5,357	Muhammad Sajjad
	Total 2017	8,274,405	4,168,842	4,105,563	5,622,700	1,517,137	
	Total 2016	6,897,261	4,041,309	2,855,952	3,808,000	952,048	

15.3 Intangible assets

2017		2016		
Computer software	Total	Computer software	Total	
Rup	Rupees		ees	

137,732,566

132,485,984

Net carrying value basis as at December 31

Opening net book value (NBV)	1,159,275	1,159,275	1,159,275	1,159,275
Additions (at cost)	-	-	-	-
Amortization	(1,159,275)	(1,159,275)	(1,159,275)	(1,159,275)
Closing net book value	-	-	-	-

Gross carrying value basis as at December 31

Cost Accumulated amortization Net book value	3,477,823 (3,477,823)	3,477,823 (3,477,823)	3,477,823 (3,477,823)	3,477,823 (3,477,823)
Amortization rate per annum	33%		33%	

15.3.1 The cost of software has been fully amortized as per accounting policy of the company. However, this is still in use of company.

		Note	2017	2016
			Ruj	oees
16.	MANAGEMENT EXPENSES			
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	16.1	83,405,773	75,809,211
	Rent, taxes, electricity, gas etc.		8,927,659	8,739,128
	Communication		3,712,920	3,749,846
	Printing and stationery		3,664,965	3,440,401
	Travelling and entertainment		5,334,358	5,212,523
	Repairs and maintenance		3,387,257	5,382,254
	Advertisement and sales promotion		2,265,923	4,774,889
	Fees and subscription		3,680,752	1,355,785
	Gifts and donation		379,400	1,000,000
	Vehicle running and maintenance		18,033,193	18,879,165
	Others		4,734,840	3,930,448
	Books and periodicals		205,526	212,334

16.1 This includes Rs.2.955 million (2016: Rs.2.698 million) in respect of Company's contribution to employees provident fund.

17. **OTHER INCOME**

Gain on sale of tangible fixed assets - net 1,517,137 952,048

(Loss) / earnings per share of Rs. 10 each

		Note	2017	2016
18.	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES		Rup	oees
	Salaries, wages and other benefits Depreciation Auditor's remuneration Fees and subscription Directors' fee Bonus to staff Legal and professional expense Provision for doubtful premium due but unpaid Miscellaneous expenses	15.1 18.1	22,776,104 13,136,912 525,000 3,670,786 725,000 8,168,216 786,000 1,411,742 58,622 51,258,382	21,191,364 12,401,696 500,000 3,945,129 575,000 7,823,971 636,000 - 54,942 47,128,102
18.1	Auditor's remuneration			
	Audit fee Interim review		425,000 100,000 525,000	425,000 75,000 500,000
19.	PROVISION FOR TAXATION			
	Current		21,198,140	14,850,000
	Income tax assessment of the Company has been finalized up to the Tax Year 20	017.		
19.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting (loss)/profit			
	(Loss) / profit before taxation		(25,546,713)	115,539,861
	Tax at the applicable rate of 30% (2016: 31%) Tax effect of expenses that are not allowable in determining taxable income Tax effect of capital gains exempt from tax Tax effect of income subject to lower rates allowable in determing taxable income		(7,664,014) 28,862,154 - 21,198,140	35,817,357 43,609 (18,078,787) (2,932,179) 14,850,000
20 .	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED			
	Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the year by the year end as follows:	the weig	ghted average num	ber of shares as at
			Rupess	Rupess
	(Loss) / Profit after tax for the year		(46,744,853)	100,689,861
			Number of shares	Number of shares Restated
	Weighted average number of shares of Rs. 10 each		56,141,285	56,141,285
			Rupess	Rupess Restated
	(1)		(0.00)	1 70

No figures for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the Company has not issued any instrument which would have dilutive effect on earnings per share when exercised. Comparative figures have been restated on account of issuance of bonus shares.

(0.83)

REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief Executive		Directors		Executives		Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
				Ru	pees ———			
Г			725 000	575 OOO			725 000	575,000
Fees	-	-	725,000	575,000	-	-	725,000	575,000
Managerial remuneration	7,716,000	5,916,000	-	-	7,345,100	6,024,000	15,061,100	11,940,000
Bonus	1,479,000	1,479,000	-	-	1,735,200	1,387,650	3,214,200	2,866,650
House rent allowance	3,472,200	2,662,200	-	-	3,310,700	2,713,200	6,782,900	5,375,400
Others	541,800	421,800			4,109,160	3,393,744	4,650,960	3,815,544
	13,209,000	10,479,000	725,000	575,000	16,500,160	13,518,594	30,434,160	24,572,594
Number of persons	1	1	9	9	6	5	16	15

21.1 In addition, Chief Executive and some executives are provided with company maintained cars and residential telephone.

22. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise companies having common directorship, group companies, directors, key management personnel and retirement benefit funds. Investment in related parties have been disclosed in the relevant notes. Directors fees and remuneration to the key management personnel are included in note 21 to these financial statements and are determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

Details of transactions with related parties during the year, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, are as follows:

Relation with the Company	Nature of transaction	Note	2017 2016 ——Rupees	
Transactions during the year				
Associated companies	Premium underwritten Premium collected Claims paid Dividend received Dividend paid		66,624,670 64,344,146 3,657,385 190,046 33,136	55,100,931 69,455,173 34,871,438 148,167 102,878
Key management personnel	Remuneration and other benefits	21	30,434,160	24,572,594
Staff retirement benefits	Contribution to provident fund	16.1	2,954,975	2,698,273
Balances as at the year end				
Associated companies	Premium due but unpaid Provision for outstanding claims		58,511,719 10,051,588	46,969,158 3,899,548

23. MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE RISK

23.1 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks including market risk (comprising currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk), liquidity risk and credit risk that could result in a reduction in the Company's net assets or a reduction in the profits available for dividends.

The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. There are Board Committees and Management Committees for developing risk management policies and its monitoring.

23.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and other equity prices. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. All transactions are carried in Pak Rupees therefore, the Company is not exposed to currency risk. However, the Company is exposed to interest rate risk and other price risk.

23.3 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of Company's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

	2017 ——Effective int	2016 erest rate%——	2017 ———Ruj	2016 Dees———
Fixed rate instruments				
Government securities Term deposits	5.24 to 5.51 4.15 to 5.75	4.75 to 6.54 4.15 to 5.75	70,169,043 26,748,613	70,833,333 26,719,457
Variable rate instruments				
PLS saving accounts	4.00 to 5.50	3.75 to 5.50	96,132,168	79,443,183

Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for fixed rate financial assets at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account and equity of the company in respect of fixed rate financial instruments.

Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

An increase of 100 basis points in interest rates would have decreased the profit and loss by the amounts shown below. Reduction in interest rates by 100 basis points would have a vice versa impact. This analysis assumes that all variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for the comparative period.

	Profit and Id	ess before tax	Equity	
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
		Rup	ees —	
As at December 31, 2017 Cash flow sensitivity As at December 31, 2016	961,322	(961,322)	672,925	(672,925)
Cash flow sensitivity	794,432	(794,432)	548,158	(548,158)

23.4 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company, at present is not materially exposed to currency risk as majority of the transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

23.5 Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all or similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is exposed to equity price risk since it has investments in quoted securities having carrying value of Rs.601.112 million (2016: Rs.680.829 million) as at the balance sheet date.

The Company's strategy is to hold its strategic equity investments for long term. Thus management is not concerned with short term price fluctuations with respect to its strategic investments provided that the underlying business, economic and management characteristics of the investee remain favorable. The Company strives to maintain above average levels of shareholders' capital to provide a margin of safety against short term equity price volatility. The Company manages price risk by monitoring exposure in quoted equity securities and implementing strict discipline in internal risk management and investment policies.

The carrying value of investments subject to equity price risk is based on quoted market prices as of the balance sheet date and available for sale equity instruments which are stated at lower of cost or market value (market value being taken as lower if fall is other than temporary) in accordance with the requirements of SRO 938 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan on December 12, 2002.

Market prices are subject to fluctuation, consequently, the amount realized by the sale of an investment may significantly differ from the reported market value. Furthermore, amount realized in the sale of a particular security may be affected by the relative quantity of the security being sold.

Sensitivity analysis

The analysis summarizes Company's price risk as at 2017 and 2016 and shows the effects of a hypothetical 10% increase and a 10% decrease in market prices as at the year end. The selected hypothetical change does not reflect what could be considered to be best or worst case scenarios. Indeed, results could be worse in Company's equity investment portfolio because of the nature of equity markets.

Sensitivity analysis of investments as at the reporting date is as follows:

For held for trading investments, in case of 10% increase or decrease in prices at the reporting date, the net income and equity would have been higher or lower by Rs.32.330 million (2016: Rs.41.245 million).

For available for sale investments, in case of 10% decrease in prices at the reporting date, the net income and equity would have been lower by Rs.27.781 million (2016: Rs.26.838 million) if the decline is considered permanent.

23.6 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is unable to meet its obligations when they fall due as a result of policy holder benefit payments, cash requirements from contractual commitments, or other cash outflows, such as debt maturities or margin calls for derivatives. To guard against the risk, the Company has diversified funding sources and assets are managed with liquidity in mind maintaining a healthy balance of cash and cash equivalents and readily marketable securities. The maturity profile is monitored to ensure adequate liquidity is maintained.

Finar	ICI2I	liat	\illit	201

Provision for outstanding claims Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers Accrued expenses Other creditors and accruals Unclaimed dividend

2017							
Within one year	Over one year to five years Over five years		Total				
Rupees -							
209,590,488	_	_	209,590,488				
138,626,640	-	-	138,626,640				
3,069,372	-	-	3,069,372				
74,312,712	-	-	74,312,712				
2,221,253	-	-	2,221,253				
427,820,465	-	-	427,820,465				

2016						
Within one year	Over one year to five years	Total				
	Run	ees —				
220,507,963	-	-	220,507,963			
71,401,782	-	-	71,401,782			
3,779,536	-	-	3,779,536			
68,787,737	-	-	68,787,737			
1,665,878	-	-	1,665,878			
366,142,896	-	-	366,142,896			

Financial liabilities

Provision for outstanding claims Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers Accrued expenses Other creditors and accruals Unclaimed dividend

23.7 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk, which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures by undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties in various industries and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counter parties.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure, as specified below:

Note	2017	2016
	———Rı	pees———
10 11 12 14	186,435,859 1,336,200 671,280,749 205,540,384 2,246,536 1,399,061 167,283,860 604,719	146,554,536 997,775 751,662,862 165,903,439 2,781,333 1,436,343 172,078,362 701,819
	313,000 1,236,440,368	367,509 1,242,483,978
	10 11 12	

for the year ended December 31, 2017

The credit quality of Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

	Rati	Rating	
	Short term	Long term	agency
Banks			
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS
National Bank of Pakistan	A1+	AAA	PACRA
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS
Faysal Bank Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA
The Bank of Punjab	A1+	AA	PACRA
Bank Al-Habib Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA
The Bank of Khyber	A1	Α	PACRA
Soneri Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA
JS Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA
Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	A-1	AA-	JCR-VIS

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk occurs when a number of counterparties have a similar type of business activities. As a result, any change in economic, political or other conditions would effect their ability to meet contractual obligations in similar manner. Sector-wise analysis of premium due but unpaid at the reporting date was:

During the year no assets have been impaired other than available for sale investments against which provision for impairment of Rs.24.296 million (December 31, 2016: Rs.5.354 million) has been held.

23.8 Financial instruments

	Interest / mark-up bearing			Non-	markup be	earing	Total	Total
	Maturity within one year	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	Maturity withir one year	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	2017	2016
				Rupe	ees ——			
Financial assets Held to maturity investments	25,000,000	45,169,043	70,169,043				70,169,043	70,833,333
Available for sale investments	-		70,103,043	229,234,789	48,578,773	277,813,562	277,813,562	268,377,459
Investments at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading	-	-	-	323,298,144	-	323,298,144	323,298,144	412,452,070
Loans	-	-	-	1,336,200	-	1,336,200	1,336,200	997,775
Premium due but unpaid Amount due from other insurers /	-	-	-	205,540,384	-	205,540,384	205,540,384	165,903,439
re-insurers	-	-	-	2,246,536	-	2,246,536	2,246,536	2,781,333
Accrued investments income Reinsurance recoveries and	-	-	-	1,399,061	-	1,399,061	1,399,061	1,436,343
outstanding claims	-	-	-	167,283,860	-	167,283,860	167,283,860	172,078,362
Sundry receivables	-	-	-	313,000	-	313,000	313,000	367,509
Trade deposits	-	-	-	604,719	-	604,719	604,719	701,819
Cash and bank deposits	122,880,781	-	122,880,781	64,053,368	-	64,053,368	186,934,149	146,958,510
	147,880,781	45,169,043	193,049,824	995,310,061	48,578,773	1,043,888,834	1,236,938,658	1,242,887,952
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortized cost								
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR) Amounts due to other insurers /	-	-	-	209,590,488	-	209,590,488	209,590,488	220,507,963
reinsurers	_	_	_	138,626,640	_	138,626,640	138,626,640	71,401,782
Accured expenses	_	_	_	3,069,372	_	3,069,372	3,069,372	3,779,536
Other creditors and accruals				74,312,712	_	74,312,712	74,312,712	68,787,737
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	-	2,221,253	-	2,221,253	2,221,253	1,665,878
		-	_	427,820,465	-	427,820,465	427,820,465	366,142,896
On balance sheet gap	147,880,781	45,169,043	193,049,824	567,489,596	-	616,068,369	809,118,193	876,745,057

23.9 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements are appropriate to their fair values except for non-trading investments. Fair value is determined on the basis of the objective evidence at each required date.

23.9.1 Carrying amount versus fair value

The following table compares the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities as at December 31, 2017.

The Company considers that the carrying amount of the following financial assets and financial liabilities are a reasonable approximation of their fair values except for available for sale and held to maturity investments:

	As at Decen	nber 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016		
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair	
	amount	value	amount	value	
Financial Assets					
Cash and other equivalents	498,290	498,290	403,974	403,974	
Current and other accounts	159,687,246	159,687,246	119,835,080	119,835,080	
Deposit maturing within 12 months	26,748,613	26,748,613	26,719,457	26,719,457	
Loans to employees	1,336,200	1,336,200	997,775	997,775	
Investments					
Available for sale					
Ordinary shares - listed					
Related Parties	833,382	1,899,093	833,382	4,445,899	
Others	80,260,194	67,124,278	63,636,849	66,523,321	
Mutual fund units Modarba certificates	215,291,715	211,984,938	193,536,973	259,282,432	
Related Parties	5,724,766	2,489,452	5,724,766	3,873,324	
Held to maturity	5,724,766	2,469,452	3,724,766	3,0/3,324	
Government of Pakistan Ijara sukuk bonds	70,169,043	70,150,500	70,000,000	70,639,500	
Wapda sukuk bonds	70,103,043	70,130,300	833,333	823,258	
Investments at fair value through profit or loss-			000,000	025,250	
held for trading-ordinary shares - listed	323,298,144	323,298,144	412,452,070	412,452,070	
5	695,577,244	676,946,405	747,017,373	818,039,804	
Premiums due but unpaid	205,540,384	205,540,384	165,903,439	165,903,439	
Amount due from other insurers and reinsurers	2,246,536	2,246,536	2,781,333	2,781,333	
Accured investment income	1,399,061	1,399,061	1,436,343	1,436,343	
Reinsurance recoveries against outstading claims	167,283,860	167,283,860	172,078,362	172,078,362	
Sundry receivable	313,000	313,000	367,509	367,509	
Trade deposits	604,719	604,719	701,819	701,819	
Total assets of Window Takaful Operations	377,387,560	377,387,560	343,268,805	343,268,805	
Total assets of Willdow Takalul Operations	65,749,628	65,749,628	53,341,804	53,341,804	
Financial Liabilities					
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)	209,590,488	209,590,488	220,507,963	220,507,963	
Amount due to other insurers	138,626,640	138,626,640	71,401,782	71,401,782	
Other creditors and accruals	74,312,712	74,312,712	68,787,737	68,787,737	
Accured expenses	3,069,372	3,069,372	3,779,536	3,779,536	
Unclaimed dividend payable	2,221,253	2,221,253	1,665,878	1,665,878	
	427,820,465	427,820,465	366,142,896	366,142,896	
Total Liabilities of Window Takaful operations	16,152,019	16,152,019	4,876,703	4,876,703	

23.9.2 Fair value hierarchy

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the financial asset or financial liability is categorised is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are classified in their entirety into only one of the three levels.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

	As at December 31, 2017	Level 1 ———— Rupees	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at fair value Investments at fair value through		·		
profit or loss - held for trading	323,298,144	323,298,144	-	-
	As at December 31, 2016	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at fair value Investments at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading	412,452,070	412,452,070	-	-

23.9.3 Transfers during the year

During the year ended December 31, 2017:

- There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements
- There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements

23.9.4 Valuation techniques

Fair value of investments classified as held to maturity is assessed using level 2 inputs usually closing market price as per rates prescribed by Financial Market Association of Pakistan in respect of GOPIS by using PKRV rates at reporting date per certificates multiplied by the number of certificates held.

Fair value of available for sale investments is determined using level 1 inputs i.e., quoted market prices of listed securities / NAVs of open end funds. However, these are carried at lower of cost or market value (market value is treated lower when the fall in prices is other than temporary.

Fair value of Investments at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading is determined using level 1 inputs i.e., quoted market prices of listed securities / NAVs of open end funds.

For level 2 investments at fair value through profit or loss - held for trading, the Company uses the closing market price as per rates prescribed by Finanical Market Association of Pakistan in respect of GOPIS by using PKRV rates at reporting date per certificates multiplied by the number of certificates held.

for the year ended December 31, 2017

SEGMENT REPORTING

Class of business wise revenue and results have been dislosed in the profit and loss account prepared in accordance with the requirement of Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and repealed Securities and Exchange Commission (Insurance) Rules, 2002. The following table presents information regarding segment assets, liabilities as at December 31, 2017, unallocated capital expenditure and non-cash expenses during the year:

	Fire and	property	Marine aviation and transport		Motor		Miscellaneous		Tot	al
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
					—— Rı	ipees —				
SEGMENT ASSETS										
Segment assets	145,399,551	128,159,428	79,698,170	75,504,914	199,034,604	190,685,557	14,057,823	11,126,095	438,190,148	405,475,994
Unallocated corporate assets									1,345,259,239	1,406,001,816
Consolidated total assets									1,783,449,387	1,811,477,810
SEGMENT LIABILITIES										
Segment liabilities	323,129,415	297,552,779	177,117,624	175,302,727	442,325,542	442,722,150	31,241,473	25,831,893	973,814,054	941,409,549
Unallocated corporate liabilities	S								18,373,272	6,542,581
Consolidated total liabilities									992,187,326	947,952,130
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE										
Unallocated capital expenditure	е								11,191,882	21,585,898
Consolidated capital expenditure	re								11,191,882	21,585,898
Unallocated depreciation / amo	ortization								13,136,912	12,401,696

INSURANCE RISK 25

The risk under any one insurance contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of the resulting claim. By the very nature of an insurance contract, the risk is random and therefore unpredictable. The principal risk that the Company faces under its insurance contracts is that the actual claims exceed the carrying amount of the insurance liabilities. This could occur because the frequency or severity of claims is greater than estimated. Insurance events are random, and the actual number and amount of claims will vary from year to year from the level established.

Experience shows that the larger the portfolio of similar insurance contracts, the smaller the relative variability about the expected outcome will be. In addition, a more diversified portfolio is less likely to be affected by a change in any subset of the portfolio. The Company has developed its insurance underwriting strategy to diversify the type of insurance risks accepted and within each of these categories to achieve a sufficiently large population of risks to reduce the variability of the expected outcome.

Factors that aggravate insurance risk include lack of risk diversification in terms of type and amount of risk, geographical location and type of industry covered.

Frequency and severity of claims a)

Political, environmental, economical and climatic changes give rise to more frequent and severe extreme events (for example, fire, theft, steal, riot and strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric damage, hurricanes, typhoons, river flooding, electric fluctuation, terrorism, war risk, damages occurring in inland transit, burglary, loss of cash in safe and cash in transit, travel and personal accident, money losses, engineering losses and other events) and their consequences (for example, subsidence claims). For certain contracts, the Company has also limited the number of claims that can be paid in any policy year or introduced a maximum amount payable for claims in any policy year.

Insurance contracts which are divided into direct and facultative arrangements are further subdivided into four segments: fire, marine, motor and miscellaneous. The insurance risk arising from these contracts is concentrated in the territories in which the Company operates, and there is a balance between commercial and personal properties / assets in the overall portfolio of insured properties / assets. The Company underwrites insurance contracts in Pakistan.

for the year ended December 31, 2017

The Company manages these risks through its underwriting strategy, adequate reinsurance arrangements and proactive claims handling. The underwriting strategy attempts to ensure that the underwritten risks are well diversified in terms of type and amount of risk, industry and geography. The Company has the right to re-price the risk on renewal. It also has the ability to impose deductibles and reject fraudulent claims. Insurance contracts also entitle the Company to pursue third parties for payment of some or all costs (for example, subrogation). The claims payments are limited to the extent of sum insured on occurrence of the insured event.

The Company has entered into reinsurance cover / arrangements, with local and foreign reinsurers having good credit rating by reputable rating agencies, as prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan to reduce its exposure to risks and resulting claims. Keeping in view the maximum exposure in respect of key zone aggregates, a number of proportional and non-proportional facultative reinsurance arrangements are in place to protect the net account in case of a major catastrophe.

The effect of such reinsurance arrangements is that the Company recovers the share of claims from reinsurers thereby reducing its exposure to risk. Apart from the adequate event limit which is a multiple of the treaty capacity or the primary recovery from the proportional reinsurance arrangements, any loss over and above the said limit would be recovered under non-proportional treaty which is very much in line with the risk management philosophy of the Company.

In compliance of the regulatory requirement, the reinsurance agreements are duly submitted with Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan on an annual basis.

The Company has claims department dealing with the mitigation of risks surrounding claims incurred whether reported or not. This department investigates and settles all claims based on surveyor's report / assessment. The unsettled claims are reviewed individually at least semi-annually and adjusted to reflect the latest information on the underlying facts, contractual terms and conditions, and other factors. The Company actively manages and pursues early settlements of claims to reduce its exposure to unpredictable developments.

b) Sources of uncertainty in the estimation of future claims payment

Claims reported and otherwise are analysed separately. The development of large losses / catastrophes is analyzed separately. The shorter settlement period for claims allows the Company to achieve a higher degree of certainty about the estimated cost of claims including IBNR. However, the longer time needed to assess the emergence of a subsidence claim makes the estimation process more uncertain for these claims.

The estimated cost of claims includes direct expenses to be incurred in settling claims, net of the expected subrogation value, reinsurance and other recoveries. The Company takes all reasonable steps to ensure that it has appropriate information regarding its claims exposures. However, given the uncertainty in establishing claims provisions, it is likely that the final outcome may be different from the original liability established. The liability comprises amounts in relation to unpaid reported claims, claims incurred but not reported (IBNR), expected claims settlement costs and a provision for unexpired risks at the end of the reporting period.

Liability in respect of outstanding claims is based on the best estimate of the claims intimated or assessed. In calculating the estimated cost of unpaid claims (both reported and not), the Company's estimation techniques are a combination of loss-ratio-based estimates (where the loss ratio is defined as the ratio between the ultimate cost of insurance claims and insurance premiums earned in a prior financial years in relation to such claims) and an estimate based upon actual claims experience using predetermined basis where greater weight is given to actual claims experience as time passes.

In estimating the liability for the cost of reported claims not yet paid, the Company considers any information available from surveyor's assessment and information on the cost of settling claims with similar characteristics in previous periods. Claims are assessed on a case-to-case basis separately.

Process used to decide on assumptions c)

The risks associated with insurance contracts are complex and subject to a number of variables that complicate quantitative sensitivity analysis. This exposure is geographically concentrated in Pakistan only.

The Company uses assumptions based on a mixture of internal and market data to measure its related claims liabilities. Internal data is derived mostly from the Company's monthly claims reports, surveyor's report for particular claim and screening of the actual insurance contracts carried out to derive data for the contracts held. The Company has reviewed the individual contracts and in particular the industries in which the insured companies operate and the actual exposure years of claims. This information is used to develop related provision for outstanding claims (both reported and non-reported).

The choice of selected results for each accident year in respect of each class of business depends upon the assessment of technique that has been most appropriate to observe historical developments. Through this analysis, the Company determines the need for an IBNR or an unexpired risk liability to be held at each reporting date.

for the year ended December 31, 2017

Changes in assumptions d)

The Company has not changed its assumptions for the insurance contracts as disclosed above in (b) and (c).

e) Sensitivity analysis

The analysis of exposure described in paragraph (c) above is also used to test the sensitivity of the selected assumptions to changes in the key underlying factors. Assumptions of different levels have been used to assess the relative severity of subsidence claims given past experience. The key material factor in the Company's exposure to subsidence claims is the risk of more permanent changes in geographical location in which Company is exposed.

The risks associated with the insurance contracts are complex and subject to a number of variables which complicate quantitative sensitivity analysis. The Company makes various assumptions and techniques based on past claims development experience. This includes indications such as average claims cost, ultimate claims numbers and expected loss ratios. The Company considers that the liability for insurance claims recognised in the balance sheet is adequate. However, actual experience will differ from the expected outcome.

As the Company enters into short term insurance contracts, it does not assume any significant impact of changes in market conditions on unexpired risks. However, some results of sensitivity testing are set out below, showing the impact on profit before tax net of reinsurance.

	Pre tax profit		Shareholde	rs' equity
	2017	2016	2017	2016
		Rup	oees———	
10% increase in loss				
Fire and property	(1,055,554)	(2,184,291)	(738,888)	(1,507,161)
Marine, aviation and transport	(1,492,401)	(1,409,118)	(1,044,681)	(972,292)
Motor	(6,156,293)	(6,495,524)	(4,309,405)	(4,481,912)
Miscellaneous	(111,445)	(83,096)	(78,012)	(57,336)
	(8,815,693)	(10,172,030)	(6,170,986)	(7,018,700)
10% decrease in loss				
Fire and property	1,055,554	2,184,291	738,888	1,507,161
Marine, aviation and transport	1,492,401	1,409,118	1,044,681	972,292
Motor	6,156,293	6,495,524	4,309,405	4,481,912
Miscellaneous	111,445	83,096	78,012	57,336
	8,815,693	10,172,030	6,170,986	7,018,700

Concentration of insurance risk

A concentration of risk may also arise from a single insurance contract issued to a particular type of policyholder, within a geographical location or to types of commercial business. The Company minimizes its exposure to significant losses by obtaining reinsurance from a number of reinsurers, who are dispersed over several geographical regions.

To optimize benefits from the principle of average and law of large numbers, geographical spread of risk is of extreme importance. There are a number of parameters which are significant in assessing the accumulation of risks with reference to the geographical location, the most important of which is risk survey.

The concentration of risk by type of contracts is summarised below by reference to liabilities.

Fire and property Marine, aviation and transport Motor Miscellaneous

Gross sur	m insured	Reinsurance		Net Amount			
2017	2016	2017 2016		2017	2016		
(Rupees in 000)							
230,164,310	196,822,227	172,948,725	152,158,077	57,215,585	44,664,150		
407,909,270	398,887,351	368,102,160	347,409,661	39,807,110	51,477,690		
7,740,885	7,675,583	-	-	7,740,885	7,675,583		
4,480,773	4,797,402	2,308,457	2,431,596	2,172,316	2,365,806		
650,295,238	608,182,563	543,359,342	501,999,334	106,935,896	106,183,229		

Claim development tables

The following table shows the development of claims over the period. The disclosure goes back to the period when the earliest material claim arose for which there is still uncertainty about the amount and timing of the claims payments. For each class of business the uncertainty about the amount and timings of claims payment is usually resolved within a year.

Analysis on gross basis

Accident year

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total
			(Ru	pees in 000)	
Estimate of ultimate claims cost:						
At the end of accident year One year later Two years later Three years later Four years later	36,688 13,665 9,055 5,068 1,405	132,597 67,764 27,624 24,961	160,850 27,210 19,941 -	69,760 11,100 - - -	79,580 - - - -	479,475 119,739 56,620 30,029 1,405
Current estimate of cumulative claims Cumulative payment to date Liability recognised in the balance sheet	4,235 (2,830) 1,405	26,867 (1,906) 24,961	23,292 (3,351) 19,941	97,503 (86,403) 11,100	213,739 (134,159) 79,580	365,636 (228,649) 136,987
Liability in respect of prior years Total liability recognised in balance sheet						72,603

for the year ended December 31, 2017

Sensitivity analysis

The insurance claims provision is sensitive to the above key assumptions. The analysis below is performed for reasonably possible movements in key assumptions with all other assumptions held constant showing the impact on liabilities and revenue account.

Change in Claims Assumption	Impact on gross liabilities	Impact on revenue account
	(Rupees	s in 000) ————
+10%	47,948	(47,948)
-10%	(47,948)	47,948
+10%	96,304	(96,304) 96,304
	Assumption +10% -10%	Habilities Hab

REINSURANCE RISK 26.

Reinsurance ceded does not relieve the Company from its obligation towards policy holders and, as a result, the Company remains liable for the portion of outstanding claims reinsured to the extent that reinsurer fails to meet the obligation under the reinsurance agreements.

To minimise its exposure to significant losses from reinsurer insolvencies, the Company obtains reinsurance rating from a number of reinsurers, who are dispersed over several geographical regions.

An analysis of all reinsurance assets recognised by the rating of the entity from which it is due are as follows:

Rating	Amount due from other insurer/ reinsurers	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	Prepaid reinsurance premium ceded	2017	2016
			—— Rupees —		
A or above including Pakistan Reinsurance Company Limited	2,246,536	163,836,815	330,444,457	496,527,808	514,267,675
BBB	-	3,447,045	7,094,499	10,541,544	25,125,453
	2,246,536	167,283,860	337,538,956	507,069,352	539,393,128

for the year ended December 31, 2017

CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The management's policy is to maintain a strong capital base for the confidence of stakeholders and to sustain future development of the business. The management closely monitors the return on capital along with the level of distributions to ordinary shareholders. The Company meets minimum paid up capital requirements as required by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN 28.

The Company has contributory provident fund scheme for benefit of all its permanent employees under the title of (Company name) - Employees Contributory Provident Fund". The Fund is maintained by the Trustees and all decisions regarding investments and distribution of income etc. are made by the Trustees independent of the Company.

- 28.1 The Trustees have intimated that the size of the Fund at year end was Rs.49.528 million (2016: Rs. 52,739 million).
- 28.2 As intimated by the Trustees, the cost of the investments made at year end was Rs.49.528 (2016:52,739 million) which is equal to 100% of the total fund size. The category wise break up of investment as per section 227 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 is given below:

Pakistan Investment Bonds
Term Finance Certificates
Investment in Shares
Units of Mutual Funds

201	.7	20	16
Rupees in '000'	%	Rupees in '000'	%
42,824	86.46%	45,325	85.94%
-	0.00%	867	1.64%
968	1.95%	5,461	10.35%
5,737	11.58%	1,086	2.06%
49,529	100.00%	52,739	100.00%

28.3 According to the Trustees, investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 227 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules made thereunder.

EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE 29.

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 27 March 2018 has announced bonus shares at Nil (December 31, 2016: 10%) amounting to Nil and cash dividend at Nil (December 31, 2016: 5%). The Board has also approved transfer of Nil (December 31, 2016: Rs.30 million) to general reserve from unappropriated profits.

30. **NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES**

As at December 31 Average no. of employees during the year

2017 2016 198 198 203 203

DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE 31.

These financial statements have been authorized for issue on 27 March 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

32. **GENERAL**

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and A. Razak Ahmed

Chief Executive & Managing Director Company Secretary







Independent Reasonable Assurance Report to the Board of Directors on the Statement of Management's Assessment of Compliance with the Shari'ah Principles

We were engaged by the Board of Directors of **Reliance Insurance Company Limited** ("the Company") to report on the management's assessment of compliance of the Window Takaful Operations ("Takaful Operations") of the Company, as set out in the annexed statement prepared by the management for the year 31 December 2017, with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in the form of an independent reasonable assurance conclusion about whether the annexed statement presents fairly the status of compliance of the Operations with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in all material respects.

Applicable Criteria

The criteria against which the subject matter information (the Statement) is assessed comprise of the provisions of Takaful Rules 2012.

Responsibilities of the Management

The Board of Directors / management of the Company are responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation of the annexed statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. It also includes ensuring the overall compliance of the Takaful Operations with the Takaful Rules, 2012.

The Board of Directors / management of the Company are also responsible for preventing and detecting fraud and for identifying and ensuring that the Takaful Operations comply with laws and regulations applicable to its activities. They are also responsible for ensuring that the management, where appropriate, those charged with governance, and personnel involved with the Takaful Operations compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012 are properly trained, systems are properly updated and that any changes in reporting encompass all significant business units.

Our Independence and Quality Control

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Chartered Accountants issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior.

The firm applies International Standard on Quality Control 1 "Quality Control for Firms That Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements" and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.



Our responsibilities

Our responsibility is to examine the annexed statement and to report thereon in the form of an independent reasonable assurance conclusion based on the evidence obtained. We conducted our engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000, Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. That standard requires that we plan and perform our procedures to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annexed statement presents fairly the status of compliance of the Takaful Operations with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in all material respects.

The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material non-compliances with the Takaful Rules, 2012, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we have considered internal control relevant to the Takaful Operations compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in order to design assurance procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing a conclusion as to the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over the Takaful Operations' compliance with the Takaful Rules, 2012. Reasonable assurance is less than absolute assurance.

A system of internal control, because of its nature, may not prevent or detect all instances of non-compliance with Takaful Rules, 2012, and consequently cannot provide absolute assurance that the objective of compliance with Takaful Rules, 2012, will be met. Also, projection of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods is subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate or fail. The procedures performed included:

- Evaluate the systems, procedures and practices in place with respect to the Takaful operations against the Takaful Rules, 2012 and Shariah advisor's guidelines;
- Evaluating the governance arrangements including the reporting of events and status to those charged with relevant responsibilities, such as the Audit Committee / Shari'ah Advisor and the board of directors;
- Test for a sample of transactions relating to Takaful operations to ensure that these are carried out in accordance with the laid down procedures and practices including the regulations relating to Takaful operations as laid down in Takaful Rules, 2012; and
- Review the statement of management's assessment of compliance of the Takaful transactions during the year ended 31 December 2017 with the Takaful Rules, 2012.

Conclusion

Karachi: 27 March, 2018

Our conclusion has been formed on the basis of, and is subject to, the matters outlined in this report. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion. In our opinion, the annexed statement, for the year ended 31 December 2017, presents fairly the status of compliance of the Takaful Operations with the Takaful Rules, 2012, in all material respects.

> Kreston Hyder Bhimji & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Krentin Hola Dunny L

Engagement Partner: Mohammad Hanif Razzak

Shari'ah Advisor's Report to the Board of Directors

For the year ended December 31, 2017

All praise and thanks are due to Allah Almighty, by who's blessing Reliance Insurance Co.Ltd. Window Takaful Operations (RIC WTO) has successfully completed its second years of Takaful operations.

Being a Shari'ah Advisor of Reliance Insurance Co.Ltd. Window Takaful Operations it is my responsibility to ensure that the Participant membership documents, underwriting procedures, Re-Takaful Arrangements, and financial activities related to the Participants and stakeholders should be compliant as per Shari'ah rulings.

On the other hand it is the responsibility of RIC Takaful Operator's management to follow the Takaful rules, 2012 and guidelines set by the Shari'ah Advisor and to take prior approval of Shari'ah Advisor for all policies and services being offered by RIC Takaful.

In order to have an independent assessment of the Shari'ah governance and compliance environment of the operator, and the conformity of Takaful Operations with Shari'ah rules and principles, an external audit has been conducted by external auditors.

My certificate:

As a Shari'ah Advisor of the Operator I herby certify that all Takaful Policies, and Re-Takaful Agreements, financial arrangements and transactions entered into by the WTO and the PTF, as the case may be, for the year ended December 31, 2017 are compliant with the requirements of the Takaful rules, 2012 and Shari'ah guidelines as prescribed by the Shari'ah Advisor.

Moreover, appropriate accounting policies and basis of measurement have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements of "Participant Takaful Fund (Wagf Fund)" and "Operator Fund".

I concluded my report with the words that Allah Almighty grant Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd. Window Takaful Operations (RIC WTO) remarkable success and help the entire team at every step and keep away from every hindrance and difficulty.

Mufti M Farhan Farooq Shariah Advisor Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd. Window Takaful Operations

Date: 27-03-2018



Auditor's Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed financial statements comprising of:

- (i) balance sheet;
- (ii) profit and loss account;
- (iii) statement of comprehensive income;
- (iv) statement of changes in funds;
- (v) statement of cash flows:
- (vi) statement of contributions;
- (vii) statement of claims:
- (viii) statement of expenses; and
- (ix) statement of investment income

of **Reliance Insurance Company Limited (Window Takaful Operation)** ("the Company") as at 31 December 2017 together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended.

It is the responsibility of the Company's Board of Directors to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000) and the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984). Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies used and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion:

Karachi: 27 March, 2018

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b) the financial statements together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, and accurately reflect the books and records of the Company and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
- c) the financial statements together with the notes thereon present fairly, in all material respects, the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of the profit, its cash flows and changes in funds for the year then ended in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required to be disclosed by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016 were audited by another firm of chartered accountants who had expressed an unmodified opinion thereon dated 28 March 2017.

Kreston Hyder Bhimji & Co. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Known Hola Duning L

Engagement Partner: Mohammad Hanif Razzak



			2017		2016
	Note	Operator's Fund	Participants' Takaful Fund	Aggregate	Aggregate
			——— Rup	ees —	
Fund And Liabilities Operator's Fund					
Statutory Fund		50,000,000	-	50,000,000	50,000,000
Accumulated Loss		(402,391) 49,597,609	-	(402,391) 49,597,609	(1,534,899) 48,465,101
Waqf / Paticipants' Takaful Fund		49,397,009	-	49,337,003	46,403,101
Ceded Money		_	500,000	500,000	500,000
Accumulated Surplus		-	10,212,062	10,212,062	3,971,191
		-	10,712,062	10,712,062	4,471,191
Underwriting provisions					
Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR)		-	7,444,085	7,444,085	2,200,000
Provision for unearned contribution Unearned re-takaful rebate		-	37,302,496 1,574,843	37,302,496 1,574,843	6,902,482 493,796
Total underwriting provisions			46,321,424	46,321,424	9,596,278
rotal underwriting provisions			40,321,424	40,321,424	3,330,270
Creditors and accruals					
Amounts due to other takaful / re-takaful operators		-	4,420,208	4,420,208	8,055,350
Wakala and mudarib fee payable		-	12,668,970	12,668,970	30,900
Unearned wakala fees		14,920,998	-	14,920,998	2,235,153
Accrued expenses			-		375,000
Other creditors and accuruals	4	1,231,021	1,268,262	2,499,283	2,271,953
Total Linkilities		16,152,019	18,357,440	34,509,459	12,968,356
Total Liabilities		16,152,019	64,678,864	80,830,883	22,564,634
Contingencies and Commitments	5	-	-	-	-
Total Fund And Liabilities		65,749,628	75,390,926	141,140,554	75,500,926
					<u> </u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

			2017		2016
	Note	Operator's Fund	Participants' Takaful Fund	Aggregate	Aggregate
			Rup	ees —	
Assets					
Cash and other equivalent					
Cash and other equivalents		-	23,840	23,840	36,106
Saving accounts	_	37,543,133	38,851,716	76,394,849	44,854,990
	6	37,543,133	38,875,556	76,418,689	44,891,096
Investments	7	10,060,008	-	10,060,008	10,000,000
Current assets-others					
Contribution due but unpaid		-	5,575,893	5,575,893	9,857,736
Amounts due from other takaful /re-takaful operate	ors	-	2,207,777	2,207,777	1,828,061
Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims		-	4,844,862	4,844,862	2,045,500
Deferred wakala fee		-	14,920,998	14,920,998	2,235,153
Deferred commission expense		4,444,553	-	4,444,553	1,037,485
Prepaid re-takaful contribution ceded		-	8,848,312	8,848,312	3,150,427
Wakala and mudarib fees receivable		12,668,970	-	12,668,970	30,900
Accrued investment income	0	117,364	117,528	234,892	206,654
Taxation	8	491,850	-	491,850	217,914
Prepayments		423,750	36,515,370	423,750 54,661,857	20,609,830
Total Accets		18,146,487			, ,
Total Assets		65,749,628	75,390,926	141,140,554	75,500,926

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman A. Aziz Ayoob Director Mohammad Omar Bawany Director Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Profit & Loss Account For the year ended December 31, 2017

				2017			2016
	Note	Fire and Property	Marine Aviation and Transport	Motor	Miscellaneous	Aggregate	For the period from 25 May to 31 December Aggregate
				Ru	ipees ———		
Revenue Account							
Participants' Takaful Fund							
Net contribution revenue		2,243,589	7,060,656	16,614,194	391,290	26,309,729	8,167,600
Wakala expense		(2,912,837)	(6,596,383)	(7,148,521)		(17,223,710)	
Net claims		(205,338)	(4,840,619)	(1,823,303)		(6,869,260)	
Direct expenses		(10,301)	(32,419)	(76,283)		(120,800)	
Re-takaful rebate		1,194,328	2,202,572	7.500.007	243,903	3,640,803	1,979,157
Underwriting result	:	309,441	(2,206,193)	7,566,087	67,427	5,736,762	
Profit on bank deposits Modarib's share on profit on bank depo	oito					840,181 (336,072)	154,604
Modarib's share on profit on bank depo	SILS					504,109	(46,381) 108,223
Surplus for the year / period						6,240,871	3,971,191
outplus for the year / period						0,240,071	= 3,371,131
Accumulated surplus							
Balance at the beginning of the year /	period					3,971,191	-
Surplus for the year / period						6,240,871	3,971,191
Balance at the end of the year / period						10,212,062	3,971,191
Operator's Fund							
Revenue Account	0	0.010.007	6 506 000	7 1 40 501	565.060	17 000 710	6.006.405
Wakala fee	9	2,912,837	6,596,383	7,148,521	565,969	17,223,710	6,026,405
Commission expenses	1.0	(1,461,266)	(3,284,593)	(1,836,036)		(6,769,011)	
Management expenses	10	(873,201) 578,370	(2,747,996) 563,794	(6,466,217) (1,153,732)		(10,239,704)	(4,859,704) (2,144,599)
Investment Income	:	3/6,3/0	303,794	(1,105,752)	226,563	1,807,390	2,230,990
Modarib's shares from PTF						336,072	46,381
General and administrative expenses	11					(1,225,949)	
deficial and administrative expenses	11					917,513	609,700
Profit/(Loss) before taxation						1,132,508	(1,534,899)
Taxation						-,102,000	-
Profit / (loss) for the year / period						1,132,508	(1,534,899)
						. ,	
Profit and loss appropriation account							
Balance at the beginning of the year / p	eriod					(1,534,899)	
Profit / (loss) for the year / period						1,132,508	(1,534,899)
Balance at the end of the year / period						(402,391)	(1,534,899)

The annexed notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and

Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed

Chief Executive & Managing Director

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended December 31, 2017

	2017	For the period from 25 May to 31 December 2016
	Ru	pees ———
Operator's Fund Profit / (Loss) for the year / period	1,132,508	(1,534,899)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year / period	1,132,508	(1,534,899)

The annexed notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Statement of Changes in Fund For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Operator's Fund		
	Statutory Fund	Accumulated loss Rupees	Total
Balance as at 25 May 2016	-	-	-
Contribution made during the period	50,000,000	-	50,000,000
Total comprehensive loss for the period ended 31 December 2016	-	(1,534,899)	(1,534,899)
Balance as at December 31, 2016	50,000,000	(1,534,899)	48,465,101
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2017	-	1,132,508	1,132,508
-			
Balance as at December 31, 2017	50,000,000	(402,391)	49,597,609

Participants' Takaful Fund		
Ceded money	Accumulated surplus Rupees	Total
-	-	-
500,000	-	500,000
_	3,971,191	3,971,191
500,000	3,971,191	4,471,191
-	6,240,871	6,240,871
500,000	10,212,062	10,712,062

The annexed notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman A. Aziz Ayoob Director Mohammad Omar Bawany Director Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2017

		2017		2016
	Operator's Fund	Participants' Takaful Fund	Aggregate	For the period from 25 May to 31 December Aggregate
		Rupe	ees ———	
Operating Cash Flow				
a) Takaful activities				
Contribution received	-	79,055,731	79,055,731	16,034,477
Retakaful contribution paid	-	(27,776,888)	(27,776,888)	(4,100,544)
Claims paid	-	(8,427,525)	(8,427,525)	(282,628)
Retakaful and other recoveries received	-	4,002,988	4,002,988	211,971
Commission paid	(10,176,079)	-	(10,176,079)	(2,210,758)
Retakaful rebate received	-	4,721,850	4,721,850	2,472,953
Wakala fee received / (paid)	17,322,316	(17,322,316)	-	-
Net cash inflows from takaful activities	7,146,237	34,253,840	41,400,077	12,125,471
13.00				
b) Other operating activities	(070,000)		(072.026)	(017.014)
Income tax paid	(273,936)	(100,000)	(273,936)	(217,914)
General, administration and management expenses paid	(11,465,653)	(120,800)	(11,586,453)	(6,184,602)
Other payments on operating assets	(1,834,279)	1 000 000	(1,834,279)	(3,654,803)
Other receipts in respect of operating assets	(12.572.000)	1,262,859	1,262,859	144,004
Net cash outflows from other operating activities	(13,573,868)	1,142,059	(12,431,809)	(9,913,315)
Total cash (outflows) / inflows from takaful activities Investment activities	(6,427,631)	35,395,899	28,968,268	2,212,156
	(60,000)		(60,000)	(10,000,000)
Increase in investments	(60,008) 285,241	(285,241)	(60,008)	(10,000,000)
Mudaraba shares received / (paid) Profit received	1,896,680	1 ' 1	2,619,333	2,178,940
Total cash inflows / (outflows) from investing activities	2,121,913	722,653 437,412	2,559,325	(7,821,060)
Financing activities	2,121,913	457,412	2,333,323	(7,021,000)
Contribution to the Operator's Fund	_		_	50,000,000
Ceded money	_	_		500,000
Net cash inflows from financing activities	_	_	-	50,500,000
Net cash inflows from all activities	(4,305,718)	35,833,311	31,527,593	44.891.096
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	41,848,851	3,042,245	44,891,096	-
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year	37,543,133	38,875,556	76,418,689	44,891,096
,			, ,	
Reconciliation to profit and loss Account				
Operating cash flows	(6,427,631)	35,395,899	28,968,268	2,212,156
Increase in assets other than cash	16,691,993	17,280,965	33,972,958	20,403,176
Increase in liabilities other than running finance	(11,275,316)	(46,940,102)	(58,215,418)	(22,564,634)
Investment income	2,143,462	504,109	2,647,571	2,385,594
Surplus for the year / period	1,132,508	6,240,871	7,373,379	2,436,292
Cash for the purpose of the statement of cash flows consists of:				
Cash and other equivalents				
Current and bank deposits	37,543,133	38,875,556	76,418,689	44,891,096

The annexed notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Statement of Contribution For the year ended December 31, 2017

Business underwritten inside Pakistan.

	2017								2016		
Class		Unearned Contribution					Prepaid re-takaful				
	Contributions	Reserve		Contributions	Re-takaful Contributions	Contribution ceded		Re-takaful	Net contribution	Net contribution	
	written	Opening	Closing	earned	ceded	Opening	Closing	expense	revenue	revenue	
Rupees —											
Direct and facultative											
Fire and Property Damage	11,031,135	2,296,689	5,758,646	7,569,178	8,484,259	1,261,765	4,420,435	5,325,589	2,243,589	556,109	
Marine, Aviation and Transport	16,351,436	1,168,781	883,160	16,637,057	9,446,637	639,882	510,118	9,576,401	7,060,656	6,561,427	
Motor	43,466,083	3,082,456	27,906,621	18,641,918	2,908,800	986,374	1,867,450	2,027,724	16,614,194	994,774	
Miscellaneous	3,925,234	354,556	2,754,069	1,525,721	2,922,334	262,406	2,050,309	1,134,431	391,290	55,290	
Wiscellatieous	3,923,234	304,000	2,734,009	1,525,721	2,922,334	202,400	2,000,009	1,134,431	391,290	33,290	
Grand total	74,773,888	6,902,482	37,302,496	44,373,874	23,762,030	3,150,427	8,848,312	18,064,145	26,309,729	8,167,600	

Note: Contributions written includes administrative surcharge of Rs. 0.693 million (2016: Rs. 0.124 million).

The annexed notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director



Business underwritten inside Pakistan.

	2017									2016	
Class	Claims paid	Provision for outstanding claims		Claims expenses	Re-takaful and other recoveries received	"Retakaful and other recoveries in respect of outstanding claims"		Re-takaful and other recoveries	Net claims expense	Net claims expense	
		Opening	Closing		leceiveu	Opening	Closing	revenue			
Rupees —											
Direct and facultative											
Fire and Property Damage	-	-	955,500	955,500	-	-	750,162	750,162	205,338	70,657	
Marine, Aviation and Transport	7,148,807	2,175,000	5,919,000	10,892,807	4,002,988	2,045,500	4,094,700	6,052,188	4,840,619	129,500	
Motor	1,278,718	25,000	569,585	1,823,303	-	-	-	-	1,823,303	25,000	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Grand Total	8,427,525	2,200,000	7,444,085	13,671,610	4,002,988	2,045,500	4,844,862	6,802,350	6,869,260	225,157	

The annexed notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman A. Aziz Ayoob Director Mohammad Omar Bawany Director Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Statement of Expenses-Participants Takaful Fund For the year ended December 31, 2017

Business underwritten inside Pakistan.

				2017				2016
Class	Gross wakala fee	Defe waka		Net expense	Participants' Takaful Fund	Rebate from retakaful	Net Participants' Takaful Fund	Takaful Fund
		Opening	Closing		Direct expenses	operators*	expenses	expenses
Rupees —								
Direct and facultative								
Fire and Property Damage	4,412,454	803,841	2,303,458	2,912,837	10,301	1,194,328	1,728,810	335,550
Marine, Aviation and Transport	6,540,574	409,073	353,264	6,596,383	32,419	2,202,572	4,426,230	3,276,288
Motor	17,386,433	924,736	11,162,648	7,148,521	76,283	-	7,224,804	442,768
Miscellaneous	1,570,094	97,503	1,101,628	565,969	1,797	243,903	323,863	24,869
Grand total	29,909,555	2,235,153	14,920,998	17,223,710	120,800	3,640,803	13,703,707	4,079,475

^{*} Rebate from re-takaful operators is arrived at after taking the impact of opening and closing unearned re-takaful rebate.

The annexed notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Karachi 27 March, 2018

Statement of Expenses-Operators's Fund for the year ended December 31, 2017

Business underwritten inside Pakistan.

	2017						2016
Class	Commission paid or	Deferred commission		Net commission	Management expenses	Net Operators' Fund	Net Operators' Fund
	payable	Opening	Closing	expense		expenses	expenses
				— Rupees ———			
Direct and facultative							
Fire and Property Damage	2,143,103	451,164	1,133,001	1,461,266	873,201	2,334,467	603,590
Marine, Aviation and Transport	3,227,469	233,756	176,632	3,284,593	2,747,996	6,032,589	6,933,872
Motor	4,318,452	308,246	2,790,662	1,836,036	6,466,217	8,302,253	548,718
Miscellaneous	487,055	44,319	344,258	187,116	152,290	339,406	84,824
Grand total	10,176,079	1,037,485	4,444,553	6,769,011	10,239,704	17,008,715	8,171,004

The annexed notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Karachi 27 March, 2018

Statement of Investment Income For the year ended December 31, 2017

For the period from 25 May to 31 December 2016 2017 Rupees 840,181 154,604 1,727,379 2,230,990 80,011 1,807,390 2,230,990

The annexed notes from 1 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman

A. Aziz Ayoob Director

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director

Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary

A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Karachi 27 March, 2018

PARTICIPANTS' TAKAFUL FUND

Profit on bank deposits

Profit on bank deposits

Dividend Income - AFS

OPERATOR'S FUND-OPF

for the year ended December 31, 2017

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Reliance Insurance Operator Limited (the Operator) has been allowed to undertake Window Takaful Operations (WTO) on May 25, 2016 by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under SECP Takaful Rules, 2012 to carry on General Window Takaful Operations in Pakistan. For the purpose of carrying on the Takaful business, the Operator has formed a Waqf (Participants' Takaful Fund (PTF)) on May 30, 2016 under the Waqf deed with a Ceded money of Rs. 500,000. The Waqf deed and PTF policies (Waqf Rules) which govern the relationship of Operator, Waqf and Participants for management of Takaful operations, investment of Waqf and Operator's Fund are approved by the Shariah Advisor of the Operator. The accounts of the Waqf are maintained by the Operator in a manner that the assets and liabilities of Waqf remain separately identifiable. The financial statements of the Operator are prepared such that the financial position and results from the operations of Waqf and the Operator are shown separately.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in line with format issued by SECP through repealed SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002, vide SRO 938 dated December 12, 2002 and circular 25 of 2015 dated July 9, 2015.

These financial statements reflect the financial position and results of operations of both the Operator's Fund and Participant's Takaful Fund in a manner that the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the Operator's Fund and PTF remain separately identifiable.

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the repealed Companies Ordianace, 1984, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000, repealed SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002 and Takaful Rules, 2012. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, Insurance Ordinance, 2000, repealed SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002 and Takaful Rules, 2012 shall prevail.

Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") vide S.R.O 88(1)/2017 and S.R.O 89(1)/2017 dated 9 February 2017 has issued the Insurance Accounting Regulations, 2017 and Insurance Rules, 2017 (the new Rules and Regulations). The application of these Regulations and Rules for the purpose of preparation and presentation of the financial statements was effective from 1 April 2017.SECP vide its letter ID/OSM/Reliance/2017/12203 dated 6th October, 2017 has granted exemption to the Operator to prepare their annual accounts for the year ended 31 December 2017 in accordance with the requirements of repealed SEC (Insurance) Rules 2002 and has allowed the application of New Regulations effective from the accounting year commencing from 1 January 2018. Hence these financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 are prepared in accordance with the requirements of repealed SEC (Insurance) Rules 2002.

The new Rules and Regulations require significant disclosures / requirements, which are relevant to the Company includes but not limited to: Presentation and disclosure of financial statements prescribed in Annexure II of the Insurance Rules, 2017, recognition of available-for-sale investments at fair value as per IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and recognition of premium cover note subject to realisation of premium in full or installment.

The management has completed an initial assessment of changes required in respect of the above stated requirements and considered major impact in accordance with the format prescribed by SEC Insurance Rules, 2017 is on Presentation and disclosure of financial statements as per Annexure II of the Insurance Rules, 2017 and on valuation of available-for-sale investments. Had the Operator adopted International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" in respect of recognition of gain / loss on remeasurement of available- for-sale securities directly into Operator's Fund, the investments of the Operator would have been lower by Rs.760 thousands (2016: higher by Rs.39 thousand) and the net Operator's Fund would have decreased by the same amount (in 2016 increase by the same amount).

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are prepared and presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Operator.

For the year ended December 31, 2017

Use of estimates and judgments 2.4

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the requirements of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the Operations to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The judgments, estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience, current trends and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the estimates about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

The estimates / judgements and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to the accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumption and estimates are significant to this financial information, or judgements were exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

Mata

	Note
- Classification of Takaful Contracts	3.1
- Provision for unearned contribution	3.2.1
- Provision for contribution due but unpaid and amount due from other takaful / re-takaful operators;	3.3.1
- Provision for outstanding claims including IBNR and re-takaful recoveries there against.	3.4.1 & 3.5
- Contribution deficiency reserve	3.7
- Provision for unearned wakala fee	3.8
- Allocation of management expenses	3.12
- Classification of Investments	3.15
- Taxation	3.19
- Segment reporting	3.16
- Impairment	3.18

2.5 New and revised standards and interpretations

Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that became effective during the year a)

The following Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards became effective during the year.

- IAS- 7 Statement of Cash Flows - Amendment
- IAS- 12 Income Taxes Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses (Amendments)
- IAS- 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets: Clarification of Acceptable
- IAS- 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 41 Agriculture Agriculture: Bearer Plants
- IAS-27 Separate Financial Statements: Equity Method in Separate 'Financial Statements (Amendment)
- IAS- 28 Investment in associates and Joint Ventures
- IFRS- 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Disclosure Initiative (Amendment)
- IFRS-7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Disclosure Initiative (Amendments)
- IFRS- 10 Consolidated Financial Statements
- IFRS- 11 Joint Arrangements: Accounting for Acquisition of Interest in Joint Operation (Amendment)
- IFRS- 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements: Investment

These Standards, interpretations and amendments do not have significant impact on these financial statements except for some additional disclosures. In addition to above, certain new cycle of improvements are applicable in current year, are either considered not to be relevant or are not expected to have significant impact to the financial statements and hence have not been specified.

b) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are either effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after January 01, 2018 or their effective date is yet not finalized.

for the year ended December 31, 2017

- Investment Property: Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments) IAS-
- IFRS- 2 Classification and Measurement of Share based Payments Transactions
- IFRS-4 Insurance Contracts: Applying IFRS 6 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance contracts – (Amendments)
- Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS -28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures: Sales or IFRS- 10 Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments)
- IFRS- 12 Classification and Measurement of Share based Payment Transactions (Amendments)
- IFRIC- 22 IFRIC- 23 Foreign Currency Translations and Advance Consideration
- Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

These standards, interpretations and the amendments are either not relevant to or are not expected to have significant impact on the Operations' financial statements other than certain additional disclosures, if applicable in certain circumstances,

In addition to above, certain new cycle of improvements will apply prospectively for period beginning on or after 01, July 2017, are either considered not to be relevant or are not expected to have significant impact to the Operations' financial statements and hence have not been specified.

New Standards issued by IASB and but not yet been notified by SECP c)

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of IFRS
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement
- IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- IFRS 16 Leases
- IFRS 17 **Insurance Contracts**

The adoption these standards will not have any material impact and therefore will not affect the Operations' financial statements in the period of initial application.

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

3.1 **Takaful Contracts**

Takaful contracts are based on the principle of wakala. The takaful contracts so agreed usually inspire concept of tabarru (to donate for benefit of others) and mutual sharing of losses with the overall objective of eliminating the element of uncertainty.

Contracts under which the Participant Takaful Fund (PTF) accepts significant takaful risk from another party (the participant) by agreeing to compensate the participant if a specified uncertain future event (the takaful event) adversely affects the participant are classified as takaful contracts. Takaful risk is a significant if a takaful event could cause the PTF to pay significant benefits due to the happening of the takaful event compared to it's non happening. Once contract has been classified as a takaful contract, it remains a takaful contract for the remainder of it's lifetime, even if the takaful risk reduces significantly during the period, unless all rights and obligations are extinguished or expired.

The operations underwrite non-life takaful contracts that can be categorized into following main categories.

a) Fire and property

Fire and property takaful contracts mainly compensate the participants for damage suffered to their properties or for the value of property lost. Participants who undertake commercial activities on their premises could also receive compensation for the loss of earnings caused by the inability to use the covered properties in their business activities. These contracts are generally one year contracts except some contracts that are of three months period.

b) Marine, aviation and transport

Marine takaful covers the loss or damage of vessels, cargo, terminals, and any transport or property by which cargo is transferred, acquired, or held between the points of origin and final destination. These contracts are generally for three months period.

Motor c)

Motor takaful provides protection against losses incurred as a result of theft, traffic accidents and against third party liability that could be incurred in an accident. These contracts are generally one year contracts.

For the year ended December 31, 2017

d) Miscellaneous

All other various types of takaful contracts are classified in miscellaneous category which includes mainly engineering, terrorism, personal accident, workmen compensation, travel and products of financial institutions etc. These contracts are normally one year takaful contracts except some engineering takaful contracts that are of more than one year period, whereas, normally travel takaful contracts expire within one month time.

These takaful contracts are provided to all types of customers based on assessment of takaful risk by the Operator. Normally personal takaful contracts e.g. vehicle, travel, personal accident, etc. are provided to individual customers, whereas, takaful contracts of fire and property, marine, aviation and transport, accident and health and other commercial line products are provided to commercial organizations.

3.2 Contribution

For all the takaful contracts, contributions including administrative Surcharge received / receivable under a policy are recognized as written at the time of insuance of policy. Where contributions for a policy are payable in installments, full contribution for the duration of the policy is recognized as written at the inception of the policy and related assets set up for contributions receivable at a later date. Contributions are stated on gross basis and exclusive of taxes and duties levied on contributions.

3.2.1 Provision for unearned contributions

The portion of contribution written relating to the unexpired period of coverage is recognized as unearned contribution by the Company. The unearned portion of contribution income is recognized as a liability. The liability is calculated by applying 1/24 method as specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission (Insurance) Rules, 2002.

3.3 Re-takaful contracts

Re-takaful expense is recognised evenly in the period of indemnity. The portion of retakaful contribution not recognised as an expense is shown as a prepayment which is calculated in the same manner as of unearned contribution.

Rebate from retakaful operators is recognised at the time of issuance of the underlying takaful policy by the Operator. This income is deferred and brought to account as revenue in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the retakaful contribution to which it relates. Receivable against claims from the retakaful operators are recognised as an asset at the same time as the claims which gives rise to the right of recovery are recognised as a liability and are measured at the amount expected to be recovered after considering an impairment in relation thereto.

3.3.1 Provision for contribution due but unpaid and amount due from other takaful / re-takaful operators;

Amount due from other takaful / re-takaful operators are carried at cost less provision for impairment, if any. Cost represents the fair value of consideration to be received in the future.

Amount due to takaful / re-takaful companies represent the balance due to re-takaful companies.

Re-takaful assets or liabilities are derecognised when the contractual rights are extinguished or expired.

3.4 Claims expense

Takaful claims include all claims incurred during the year, whether reported or not, related internal and external claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims, and any adjustments to claims outstanding from previous years.

The PTF recognised liability in respect of all claims incurred upto the balance sheet date which is measured at the undiscounted value of the expected future payments. The claims are considered to be incurred at the time of the incident giving rise to the claim except as otherwise expressly indicated in a takaful contract.

3.4.1 Claims incurred but not reported

The provision for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is made at the balance sheet date. In accordance with SECP Circular no. 9 of 2016, the Company has changed its method of estimation of IBNR. The Company now takes actuarial advice for the determination of IBNR claims. IBNR claim have been estimated using Chain Ladder (CL) methodology. The Chain Ladder (CL) Method involves determination of development factors or link ratios for each period. These are then subsequently combined to determine Cumulative Development Factor (CDF) which represents the extent of future development of claims to reach their ultimate level. In previous year the provision for IBNR was accounted for on the basis whereby all claims incurred before the year end but reported subsequently were aggregated and the ratio of such claims to outstanding claims was applied to outstanding claims at the reporting date (except exceptional losses) to arrive at liability for IBNR. The analysis was carried out separately for each class of business.

3.5 Retakaful recoveries against outstanding claims

for the year ended December 31, 2017

Claims recoveries against outstanding claims from the retakaful operator and salvage are recognised as an asset at the same time as the claims which give rise to the right of recovery are recognised as a liability and are measured at the amount expected to be received.

3.6 Commission

Commission expense incurred in obtaining and recording policies is deferred and recognised in profit and loss account as an expense in accordance with the pattern of recognition of contribution revenue.

Commission income from retakaful is recognised at the time of issuance of the underlying takaful policy. These are deferred and recognised as liability and recognised in the profit and loss account as revenue in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the retakaful contributions.

3.7 Contribution deficiency reserve

The PTF is required as per SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002 and IFRS-4, to maintain a provision in respect of contribution deficiency for the class of business where the unearned contribution reserve is not adequate to meet the expected future liability, after retakaful, from claims and other expenses, including retakaful expense, commissions and other underwriting expenses, expected to be incurred after the balance sheet date in respect of the unexpired policies in that class of business at the balance sheet date. The movement in the contribution deficiency reserve is recorded as an expense in the profit and loss account and the same shall be recognised as a liability.

For this purpose, loss ratios for each class are estimated based on historical claim development. Judgment is used in assessing the extent to which past trends may not apply in future or the effects of one-off claims. If these ratios are adverse, contribution deficiency is determined.

3.8 Provision for unearned Wakala fees

The Takaful operator manages the general takaful operations for the Participants and charge 40% of gross contribution written all classes of business including administative surchage as Wakala Fee against the services given to Participant's Takaful Fund. Wakala fee under a policy is recognised on the same basis on which related revenue is recognized. Unexpired portion of Wakala fee is recognized as a liability of OPF and an asset of PTF.

3.8.1 Mudarib Fee

The Takaful operator also manages the participants' investment as Mudarib and charges 40% of the investment / deposit income earned by the Participants' Takaful Fund as Mudarib's share.

3.9 Qard-e-Hasna

Qard-e-Hasna is provided by Operator's Fund to PTF in case of deficit or to fulfill cash flow requirements.

3.10 Rebate from Re-Takaful Operators

Rebate from retakaful operators is deferred and recognized as revenue in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the retakaful contribution to which it relates.

For the year ended December 31, 2017

3.11 Profit on bank accounts and deposits

Profit on bank accounts and deposits is recognise on accrual basis.

3.12 Management expenses

Expenses allocated to PTF represent directly attributable expenses and these are allocated to various revenue accounts on equitable basis. Expenses not directly allocable to PTF are charged to OPF.

Takaful surplus 3.13

Takaful surplus attributable to the participants is calculated after charging all direct cost and setting aside various reserves. Allocation to participants, if applicable, is made after adjustment of claims paid to them during the year.

Creditors, accruals and provisions

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consider to be paid in future for the goods and / or services received, whether or not billed to the Operator.

Provisions are recognised when the Operator / PTF has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

3.15 Investments

3.15.1 Classification and recognition

All investments are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given and include transaction costs, except for investment at fair value through profit or loss in which case transaction costs are charged to the profit and loss account. These are recognized and classified as follows:

Investment at fair value through profit or loss.

Held to maturity

Available-for-sale

The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired.

3.15.2 Measurement

3.15.2.1 Investment at fair value through profit or loss

Investments which are acquired principally for the purposes of generating profit from short term fluctuation in price or are part of the portfolio in which there is recent actual pattern of short term profit taking are classified as held for trading.

Investments which are designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are premeasured at fair value. Gains or losses on remeasurement of these investments are recognised in profit and loss account.

3.15.2.2 Held to maturity

Investments with fixed determinable payments and fixed maturity, where Operations has both the intent and the ability to hold to maturity, are classified as held to maturity. Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment, if any.

3.15.2.3 Available-for-sale

Investments which are not eligible to be classified as "held for trading" or "held to maturity" are classified as 'available-for-sale'. These investments are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time which may be sold in response to the need for liquidity, changes in interest rates, equity prices or exchange rates are classified as available-for-sale.

Quoted

Subsequent to initial recognition at cost, quoted investments are stated at the lower of cost or market value (market value on an individual investment basis being taken as lower if the fall is other than temporary) in accordance with the requirements of the SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002 vide S.R.O. 938 dated December 2002.

Any premium paid or discount availed on government securities and term finance certificates is deferred and amortised over the period to maturity of investment using the effective yield.

Fair / market value measurements

for the year ended December 31, 2017

For investments in Government securities, fair / market value is determined by reference to quotations obtained from Reuters page (PKRV) where applicable. For investments in quoted marketable securities, other than Term Finance Certificates, fair / market value is determined by reference to Stock Exchange quoted market price at the close of business on reporting date. The fair market value of Term Finance Certificates is as per the rates issued by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP).

Date of recognition

Regular way purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulations or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Operator commits to purchase or sell the investment.

3.16 Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Operator that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Operator's other components. All operating segments' results are reviewed regularly by the Operator's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

The Operator presents segment reporting of operating results using the classes of business as specified under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Securities and Exchange Commission (Insurance) Rules, 2002. The reported segments are also consistent with the internal reporting provided to Strategy Committee and Board of Directors which are responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. The performance of segments is evaluated on the basis of underwriting results of each segment.

The Operator has four primary business segments, namely, fire, marine, motor and miscellaneous.

The perils covered under fire insurance include damages caused by fire, riot and strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric damage, flood, electric fluctuation and terrorism.

Marine insurance provides coverage against cargo risk, war risk and damages occurring in inland transit.

Motor insurance provide comprehensive car coverage and indemnity against third party loss.

Miscellaneous insurance provides cover against health, burglary, loss of cash in safe and in transit, travel, personal accident, money, engineering losses and other covers.

Financing, investment and income taxes are managed on an overall basis and are therefore, not allocated to any segment. The accounting policies of operating segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

Assets, liabilities and capital expenditures that are directly attributable to segments have been assigned to them. Those assets and liabilities, which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis, are reported as unallocated corporate assets and liabilities.

3.17 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank in current and saving accounts, cash and stamps in hand and bank deposits.

3.18 Impairment

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset or group of assets. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit and loss account. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised.

Provisions for impairment are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Changes in the provisions are recognised as income or expense.

3.19 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year, if enacted. The charge for current tax also include adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments fnalised during the current year for such years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method, in respect of temporary differences arising at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available against which the assets may be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduce to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recognised. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the periods when the asset is utilized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the Profit and loss account except in the case of items credited or charged to equity in which case it is included in equity.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2017

				2017		2016
		Note	Operator's Fund	Participants' Takaful Fund	Aggregate	Aggregate
				Rup	ees ———	
4.	OTHER CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS					
	Federal excise duty and sales tax Federal insurance fee Commission payable Income tax deducted at source Audit fees payable Others		1,063,221 67,800 100,000 - 1,231,021	1,086,749 151,910 - 9,075 - 20,528 1,268,262	1,086,749 151,910 1,063,221 76,875 100,000 20,528 2,499,283	2,138,027 28,523 100,000 5,403 2,271,953
5.	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS					
	There is no contingency and commitment as at	balance	sheet date.			
6.	CASH AND OTHER EQUIVALENTS					
	Saving accounts Stamps in hand	6.1	37,543,133	38,851,716 23,840 38,875,556	76,394,849 23,840 76,418,689	44,854,990 36,106 44,891,096
6.1	Savings accounts carry profits at the rates rangi	ng from	3.75% to 5.50%	(2016: 5.50%) ре	er annum.	
7.	INVESTMENTS					
	Available for sale Mutual Funds	7.1	10,060,008		10,060,008	10,000,000

7.1	The Operator has made investment in Alhamra Islamic Active Allocation Plan I. The market value of these units as at balance
	sheet amounted to Rs 9.24 million (2016: Rs. 10.017 million). The short fall in market value is temporary and has recovered
	subsequent to the year end.

8. ADVANCE INCOME TAX

Income tax deducted at source			
on bank profit / dividend	491,850	 491,850	217,914

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2017

			20	17		2016
		Gross wakala fee	Unearned wakala fee Opening	Unearned wakala fee Closing	Net wakala fee	Net wakala fee
9.	WAKALA FEE INCOME			——Rupees——		
	Direct and facultative Fire and Property Damage Marine, Aviation and Transport Motor Miscellaneous	4,412,454 6,540,574 17,386,433 1,570,094 29,909,555	803,841 409,073 924,736 97,503 2,235,153	2,303,458 353,264 11,162,648 1,101,628 14,920,998	2,912,837 6,596,383 7,148,521 565,969 17,223,710	450,362 5,078,698 438,843 58,502 6,026,405
					2017	2016
						pees ———
10.	MANAGEMENT EXPENSES - OPF				Map	,000
	Salaries and other benefits Printing and stationary Ceded money expenses Fee and subscription Computer software maintenance Others				2,685,512 59,750 - 1,743,750 5,750,692 10,239,704	1,726,186 80,390 500,000 150,000 339,000 2,064,128 4,859,704
11.	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE E	XPENSES				
	Salaries and other benefits Fee and subscription Advertisement expenses Auditors' remuneration Others				975,204 150,000 - 100,000 745 1,225,949	1,567,640 100,000 31 1,667,671

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2017

12 SEGMENT REPORTING

Class of business wise revenue and results have been disclosed in the profit and loss account prepared in accordance with the requirement of Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002. The following table presents information regarding segment assets, liabilities as at December 31, 2017, unallocated capital expenditure and non-cash expenses during the year:

	Fire and Marine Aviation Motor Miscellaneous Property & Transport	Total 2017
	Rupees -	
SEGMENT ASSETS Segment assets	5,369,649 7,959,423 21,158,076 1,910,694	36,397,842
Unallocated assets Participant's Takaful Fund Operator's Fund		38,993,084 65,749,628
Consolidated total assets		141,140,554
SEGMENT LIABILITIES Segment liabilities		
Participant's Takaful Fund	9,541,850 14,143,872 37,597,843 3,395,299	64,678,864
Unallocated liabilities-Operator's Fund		16,152,019
Consolidated total assets		80,830,883
	Fire and Marine Aviation Motor Miscellaneous Property & Transport Rupees —	Total 2016
SEGMENT ASSETS	Property & Transport Rupees —	2016
SEGMENT ASSETS Segment assets	Property & Transport	
	Property & Transport Rupees —	2016
Segment assets Unallocated assets Participant's Takaful Fund	Property & Transport Rupees —	30,609,830
Segment assets Unallocated assets Participant's Takaful Fund Operator's Fund Consolidated total assets SEGMENT LIABILITIES	Property & Transport Rupees —	30,609,830 3,042,245 41,848,851
Segment assets Unallocated assets Participant's Takaful Fund Operator's Fund Consolidated total assets	Property & Transport Rupees —	30,609,830 3,042,245 41,848,851
Segment assets Unallocated assets Participant's Takaful Fund Operator's Fund Consolidated total assets SEGMENT LIABILITIES Segment liabilities	Property & Transport Rupees 2,160,500 25,043,091 3,165,260 240,979	30,609,830 3,042,245 41,848,851 75,500,926

For the year ended December 31, 2017

13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The operations has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Market risk
- Liauiditv risk
- Credit rísk

13.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprise of interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within an acceptable.

13.1.1 Profit rate risk

Profit rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to change in the market profit rate. The profit based assets as on the balance sheet date aggreagtes to Rs. 76.395 million (2016: Rs. 44.855 million) as disclosed in note 6 above. There are no fixed rate financial intruments as on the balance sheet date. An increase of decrease in profit rates by 100 basis points has the effect of Rs. 0.764 million (2016: Rs. 0.449 million) on profit.

13.1.2 Foreign Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Operations, at present, are not materially exposed to currency risk as majority of the transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

13.1.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Operations at present, are not materially exposed to other price risk.

13.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Operations will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Operations' approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the operation's reputation. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities based on the remaining period at the reporting date to maturity date.

		2017				
	Within one year	Over one year to five years	Over five years	Total		
		——— Rup	ees ———			
nd accruals	2,499,283		-	2,499,283		
aims	7,444,085	-	-	7,444,085		
	9,943,368			9,943,368		
			2016			
	Within one year	Over one year to five years	Over five years	Total		
			oees ————			
		·				
	375,000	-	-	375,000		
nd accruals	2,266,550	-	-	2,266,550		
	2,200,000	-	-	2,200,000		
	4,841,550			4,841,550		

13.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk, which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The operations attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures by undertaking transactions with a large number of counter parties in various industries and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counter parties.

13.3.1 Concentration of credit risk

The bank balances and investment in mutual fund represents low credit risk as they are placed with reputed financial institutions with strong credit ratings.

The management monitors exposure to credit risk in premium receivable from customers and amount due from co-takaful operators and re-takaful operators through regular review of credit exposure. The amount due from co-takaful and re-takaful operators represents low credit risk as they have strong credit ratings and have sound financial stability.

14. TAKAFUL RISK

The risk under any takaful contract is the possibility that the covered event occurs and the uncertainty in the amount of compensation to the participant. Generally, most takaful contracts carry the takaful risk for a period of one year (refer note 3.1).

The Operator accept takaful through issuance of general takaful contracts. For these general takaful contracts the most significant risks arise from fire, atmospheric disturbance, earthquake, terrorist activities and other catastrophes. For health takaful contracts, significant risks arise from epidemics.

Frequency and severity of claims

Risk associated with general takaful contracts includes the reasonable possibility of significant loss as well as the frequent occurrence of the takaful events. This has been managed by having in place underwriting strategy re-takaful arrangements and proactive claim handling procedures.

The Operator class wise major risk exposure is as follows:

Fire and property Marine, aviation and transport Motor Miscellaneous

The re-takaful arrangements against major risk exposure include excess of loss, quota share arrangements, facultative arrangements and catastrophic coverage. The objective of having such arrangements is to mitigate adverse impacts of severe losses on operation's net retentions. As the major re-takaful arrangements are on excess of loss basis, therefore the re-takaful coverage against PTF's risk exposures is not quantifiable.

Uncertainty in the estimation of future claims payment

Claims on general takaful contracts are payable on a claim occurrence basis. The PTF is liable for all covered events that occur during the term of the takaful contract including the event reported after the expiry of the takaful contract term.

An estimated amount of the claim is recorded immediately on the intimation to the operations. The estimation of the amount is based on management judgment or preliminary assessment by the independent surveyor appointed for this purpose. The initial estimates include expected settlement cost of the claims.

There are several variable factors which affect the amount and timing of recognized claim liabilities. The operations takes all reasonable measures to mitigate the factors affecting the amount and timing of claim settlements. However, uncertainty prevails with estimated claim liabilities and it is likely that final settlement of these liabilities may be significantly different from initial recognized amount.

Claim development

The development of claims against takaful contracts written is not disclosed as uncertainty about the amount and timing of claim settlement is usually resolved within one year. Statement of age-wise breakup of unclaimed takaful benefits is not presented as there are no claims that are past due for more than one year.

15. RE-TAKAFUL RISK

Re-takaful ceded does not relieve the Participants' Takaful Fund from its obligation towards participants and, as a result, the Participants' Takaful Fund remains liable for the portion of outstanding claims covered through re-takaful to the extent that re-takaful operators fails to meet the obligation under the re-takaful agreements.

16. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The operator has not disclosed the fair value of these items because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying values and the fair values estimates.

The operator measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

17. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been authorized for issue on 27, March 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Operator.

18. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Ismail H. Zakaria Chairman A. Aziz Ayoob

Mohammad Omar Bawany Director Haroon A. Shakoor Chief Accountant and Company Secretary A. Razak Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Karachi 27 March, 2018



Head Office

"Reliance Insurance House" 181-A, Sindhi Muslim Co-operative Housing Society, Karachi.	PABX Fax E-mail	: : :	34539415-17 34539412 reli-ins@cyber.net.pk. ric-re@cyber.net.pk.
	Web	:	www.relianceins.com

Mr. A. Razak Ahmed
Chief Executive & Managing Director

Direct
Extension

34539413, 34539414

Mr. Haroon A. ShakoorDirect:34539409Chief Accountant &Extension:203Company Secretary

Mr. Syed Rizwan Akhtar
Executive Vice President (Operations)

Direct : 34304067
Extension : 210

Mr. Muhammad Ishaque Azim
Vice President (Underwriting)

Direct : 34304068
Extension : 212

Mr. Sadruddin HussainDirect:34550403Vice President (Claims)Extension:208

Mr. Ghulam Haider
Vice President (Compliance)

Extension: 209

Mr. Najamullah KhanDirect:34557079Head of TakafulExtension:201

Mr. Muhammad Kashif Wadiwala Extension : 216 Sharia Complaince Officer

Mr. Ghulam Mujaddid Extension : 205 Chief Manager (Accounts)

Mr. Abdul Rahim Patni
Deputy Chief Manager (Reinsurance)

Direct : 34539411
Extension : 215

Mr. Muhammad Saleem Memon
Deputy Chief Manager (Investment/shares)

Extension : 214

Mr. Muhammad Masood Ali Extension : 202
Deputy Chief Manager (I.T. Deptt.)

Mr. Muhammad Masood AlamDirect:34539411Manager (Administration)Extension:206

Mr. Mahmood Shuja Baig
Manager (Internal Audit)

Extension : 208

South Zone Offices & Branches

Business Plaza Branch
407, 4th floor, Business Plaza,
Off. I.I.Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

Mr. Muhammad Iqbal Dhedhi
Executive Vice President

Ph (021) 32419581, 32419582
Fax (021) 32421314, 32421317

Tariq Road Branch
Room No. A-2 & A-3,
Ist Floor, Rahat Jo Daro,
Plot No.172/L, Block-2, PECHS,
Main Tariq Road, Karachi.

Mr. Zafar A. Pasha
Executive Vice President
Ph (021) 34527806, 34532427
34525376, 34322642
Fax (021) 34522829

Namco Centre Branch
1-A, 5th Floor, Campbell Street, Karachi.

Mr. Iqbal Umer Bawany Ph (021) 32624504, 32624427 Fax (021) 32624783

Land Mark Plaza Branch
405, 4th Floor, Land Mark Plaza,
Off. I. I. Chundrigar Road,
Karachi.

Mr. Muhammad Reza Rajani
Ph (021) 32628777, 32628778
Fax (021) 32628779

Saccompany Service President
Fax (021) 32628779

M. A. Jinnah Road Branch
101, Japan Plaza, Mr. Rizwan Ahmed Khan Ph (021) 32727076, 32729961
M. A. Jinnah Road, Karachi. Branch Manager Fax (021) 32722601

Hyderabad Branch1st Floor, Al-Falah Chamber,Mr. Abdullah AhmedPh (022) 2615774Tilak Road, Hyderabad.Regional ManagerFax (022) 2623029

Offices

North Zone Offices & Branches

Zanal Office Labore (North Zana)				
Zonal Office, Lahore (North Zone) 4th Floor, Gardee Trust Building. No.2,	Mr. Hassan Sabih	PAB	(042)	37239063, 37353292
Napier Road, Lahore.	Chief Manager	Direc Fax	t (042) (042)	37234255, 37351353 37354689 37312526
Regional Office, Lahore 90-A/3, 1st Floor, Canal Park, Gulberg-II, Lahore.	Mr. Waseem John Branch Manager	Ph	(042)	35761077, 35761078 35763446, 35763447
	Dianeir Wanager	Fax	(042)	35761235
Gulberg Branch House No.17-A, Block-E/1, Gulberg-III, Lahore.	Mr. Muhammad Javeed Ahmed Manager	Ph	(042)	35752245, 35752989 35751971, 35756557
Al-Rehman Branch		Fax	(042)	35756217
2nd Floor, Al-Rehman Building, Regal Cinema Lane, 65, The Mall, Lahore.	Mr. Nisar Ahmed Chughtai Senior Vice President	Ph Fax	(042) (042)	37323113, 37322473 37354848 37247925
Garden Town Branch			(/	
Suit No.17, 1st Floor, Shan Arcade, New Garden Town, Lahore.	Mr. Basit Anwar Butt Executive Vice President	Ph Fax	(042) (042)	35889258, 35889259 35889260
Eden Centre Branch 321, Eden Centre, 43 Ghausal Azam Road, (Jail Road) Lahore.	Mr. Ch. H.S. Asghar Vice President	Ph Fax	(042) (042)	37423613, 37423614 37425649
Empress Tower Branch Room No.18,1st Floor, Empress Tower, 46 Empress Road, Lahore.	Mr. S.Azhar Ali Shah Senior Vice President	Ph Fax	(042) (042)	36297253, 36297254 36297255
Khan Plaza Branch 4th Floor, Khan Plaza, G. T. Road, Gujranwala.	Mr. Sohailuddin Zafar Assistant Vice President	Ph Fax	(055) (055)	4215422, 4216422 4448139
Gujrat Branch Marhaba Tower (Top Floor) Opp. Ram Piary Mahal Near Fawara Chawk,. Gujrat.	Mr. Abdul Sattar Malik Branch Manager	Ph	(053)	3522127
Faisal Complex Branch				
3rd Floor, Faisal Complex, Bilal Road, Civil Lines, Faisalabad.	Mr. A. Majeed Abid Senior Vice President	Ph	(041)	2611938, 2611939 2626480
Taj Plaza Branch		Fax	(041)	2621033
Room No.16, 2nd Floor, Taj Plaza, Kotwali Road, Faisalabad.	Mr. Muhammad Akhlaq Vice President	Ph Fax	(041) (041)	2617277, 2622182 2615922 2412010
United Plaza Branch			(041)	2412010
3,3rd Floor, United Plaza, Shamsabad, Murree Rd. Rawalpindi.	Mr. Abdul Karim Siddiqi Vice President	Ph Fax	(051) (051)	4854200 4935278
Peshawar Branch T-3 & 4, Bilour Shopping Plaza, 3rd Floor, Saddar Road, . Peshawar Cantt.	Mr. Shah Mast Khan Assistant Vice President	Ph Fax	(091) (091)	5274617, 5277328 5284683
Regional Office Multan 1st Floor, 5-Commercial Plaza, Opp. Civil Hospital, Abdali Road, Multan.	Mr. Syed Mohsin Bukhari Assistant Vice President	Ph Fax	(061) (061)	4517349 4510049
Hasilpur Branch 27-B, 1st Floor, Main Bazar, Hasilpur.	Mr. Muhammad Shafi Anjum Senior Vice President	Ph Fax	(062) (062)	2442473 2448073
Sialkot Branch Room No.4 & 5, 1st Floor, Mughal Plaza, Kutchery Road, Sialkot.	Mr. Ghulam Rasool Farrukh Zahidi Branch Manager	Ph Fax	(052) (052)	4296075, 4296076 4296077
Gojra Branch P-132, Post Office Road, Gojra.	Mrs. Shahnaz Akhtar Branch Manager	Ph Fax	(046) (046)	3511917 3513111
Sukkur Minara Road, Sukkur.	Mr. Anees Memon Resident Representative	Ph Cell		5622619 3138090

Proxy Form

I/we	of		
being a Member of Reliance Insurance Company Limit	ed holding	ordin	ary shares, HEREBY
APPOINT of him/her of			
attend and to vote and act for me/us and on my/our b	ehalf at the Annual General Mee	ting of the Company	to be held on
Saturday April 28, 2018 and at any adjournment thereo	of.		
As witness my/our hand(s) this	_ day of 2018.	I	
(Signature of Witness 1)	(Signature of Witness	;2)	Revenue Stamp
Name of Witness:	Name of Witness:		_
CNIC Address:	CNIC Address:		
(Name in Block Letters) Folio No	Signature of Share	holder	

Notes:

- 1. The Member is requested:
 - (a) To affix Revenue stamp at the place indicated above;
 - (b) To sign in the same style of signature as is registered with the company.
 - (c) To write down his/her Folio Number
- For the appointment of the above proxy to be valid this instrument of proxy must be received at the Head office at 181-A, Reliance Insurance House, Sindhi Muslim Cooperative Housing Society Karachi at least 48 hours before the time fixed for the Meeting.
- 3. Any alteration made in this instrument of proxy should be initiated by the person who signs it.
- 4. In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote whether in person or by the proxy will be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and for this purpose seniority will be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.
- 5. The Proxy must be a Member of the Company.

For CDC Account Holders / Corporate Entities

In addition to the above, the following requirements have to be met:

- (i) The proxy form must be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- (ii) Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and of the Proxy must be furnished with the proxy.
- (iii) In case of corporate entities, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney and specimen signature must be submitted (Unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy forms.

) فارم)	ر انسی) .	1. 1.
	ノゾ	مهر	حارا

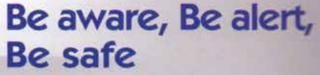
(_{\$\tilde{\pi}\$})	برا <u>ک</u> (زام)		میں انہم
		ںانشورنس کمپنی کمپیٹارموجودہ تھسم	بحيثيتِ شراكت دارر يلائينس
(;;;)	يرا <u>ڪ</u> (زار)	ری کرتا ا کرتی ہوں ا کرتے ہیں	آردُ نری حصص بطور شئیر زتقر
•	بو لنے اور ووٹ دینے کی ، جو بروز ہفتہ، مور نعہ 28 اپریل 2018 کو منعق	ر میری اجازی جانب سرکمپنی کرسالان احلاس میں بشرکت کر – زی بو	مبری ایماری براکسی کرطور
	<u> </u>	, = 1 = 7 0 0 1,	
	بورخه2018	لواہان برطابق^	میرے اہمارے طرف سے گ
(ریونیونکٹ چیپال کرکے اس پرد شخط کریں)	گواه کے د شخط ۲-	<u>-</u>	گواہ کے د شخد
	گواه کانام		گواه کا نام
	شاختی کارڈ نمبر		شاختی کارڈنمبر
	<i>ع</i> يِ		****
	شراکت دارکانام	جلی حروف میں نام	
		<u> فوليونمبر:</u>	
		/ Juni	اهم نکات:
		شراکت دارول سےالتماس ہے کہ: او پر بتائیگئی جگہ پرریو نیوٹکٹ چسپال کریں	_1
		او پر بهایشی جلد برریو یومنٹ پسپال سریں کمپنی میں رجیٹر ڈ کرائے ہوئے دستخطاستعال کریں	
		ا سپلی یں ربسز د تراہے ہوئے د حطا متعال تریں اینافولیونمبر درج کریں	•
الداه بريش اي من ائش	رہ ہو کمپنی کے ہیڈ آفس بمقام 181/Aریلائنس انشورنس ہاؤس سندھی مسلم	•	_۲
واد پر پیدو د سرت و س ن	ره او در ل کور کا در انظام ۱۵۱۱۸ کور کا دور کا	یسک سے ۱۱ سے می پران کا کمیدہ کا مراہ کا طاقت کی اورو ملط علا کراچی میں جمع کراد یاجائے۔	٠,
	, # ₁ \$7	وبین میں ک دادیا جائے۔ کوائف میں کسی بھی قتم کی ترمیم کی صورت میں شراکت دار کے دستخطالا ز	_٣
و الله ین ک مان دیا ہے۔ بیفارممبر یااس کےاٹارنی کی جانب سے جیتے مری طور پراتھارائز ڈکیا گیا ہو، کی جانب سے دستخط کیا جائے ،اگرممبرکوئی کارپوریشن ہےتواس کی عام مہرموجود ہونی چاہیے۔			٠,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	یہ یا بارون باب سے سے سے بات سند براروں مدیرہ ریمبر کواینے /اپنی پراکسی کے طور پر میٹنگ میں شمولیت اور ووٹ دینے کیلئے نام		_0
- 		یب بروند یا مصاب میں میں ایسے خص کو نامز دکر سکتی ہے جو ممبر نہ ہو۔ علاوہ ازیں کارپوریشن ایسے خص کو نامز دکر سکتی ہے جو ممبر نہ ہو۔	
		ا کا ؤنٹ ہولڈرز/ کاربوریٹ ادارے:	CDC211.
		ج ذیل شرا نطا کو پورا کیا جائے:	
	ا پاسپورٹ نمبر فارم پر درج ہوں۔	پراکسی کیلئے وہ لوگوں نے گواہی دی ہوجن کے نام، پیۃ اور شناختی کارڈیا	(i)
	ەنقۇل بھى دى جائىيں _	پرائسی فارم کے ہمراہ مالکان کے شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ	(ii)

(iii) پراکسی کواپنااصل شناختی کارڈیا پاسپورٹ میٹنگ کے وقت دکھانا ہوگا۔

ن . کارپوریٹ ادار کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار داد / پاورآف اٹارنی مع دستخط کے نمو نے پراکسی فارم کے ہمراہ (اگر پہلے جمع نہ کرایا ہو) کمپنی میں جمع کرانی ہوگی۔







Learn about investing at www.jamapunji.pk

Key features:

- Licensed Entities Verification
- Scam meter*
- Jamapunji games*
- ☐ Tax credit calculator*
- Company Verification
- Insurance & Investment Checklist
- ??? FAQs Answered
- Online Quizzes

- Stock trading simulator (based on live feed from KSE)
- Knowledge center
- Risk profiler*
- Financial calculator
- Subscription to Alerts (event notifications, corporate and regulatory actions)
- Jamapunji application for mobile device

jamapunji.pk

@jamapunji_pk



Jama Punji is an Investor Education Initiative of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan

*Mobile apps are also available for download for android and los devices

